

ANALIZA ZGRADBE KRISTALOV

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Analiza zgradbe kristalov
Course title:	Crystal structure analysis
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:
0100345

Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:
K2I02

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: izr. prof. dr. Amalija Golobič

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Osnovni principi zgradbe kristalov: Tipi vezi v kristalih (ionska, kovalentna, kovinska). Molekulska - Van der Waalsova vez, vodikova vez in druge interakcije med molekulami (npr. p...p in p...σ interakcije). Konkretni primeri kristalnih struktur za vsak tip vezi. Strukturni principi (koordinacijski poliedri in števila, elektrostatska jakost vezi, Paulingova pravila).

Teoretične matematično-fizikalne osnove rentgenske strukturne analize: Povezanost položajev in intenzitete uklonov s strukturo urejene trdne snovi – z obliko in velikostjo osnovne celice ter njeno vsebino (položaji atomov v asimetrični enoti ter njihovi odmiki od ravnovesnih leg in simetrije razporeditve atomov). Obnovitev pojmov: direktna in

Content (Syllabus outline):

Basic principles of crystal structure: Types of bonds (ionic, covalent, metal). Intermolecular interactions (Van der Waals, hydrogen bonds, p...p and p...s stacking). Concrete examples of crystal structure for each type of bonding. Structural principles (coordination polyhedron and number, electrostatic bond strength, Pauling rules).

Mathematical and physical fundamentals of X-ray structure analysis. The relationship between the position and intensity of reflections and the crystal structure (unit cell parameters, positional and displacement parameters of atoms in the asymmetric units and space group symmetry). Recapitulation of conceptions: Direct and reciprocal lattice, diffraction angle, indices of reflections. New concepts: Structure

recipročna mreža, uklonski kot in indeksi uklonov, prostorska skupina. Uvedba novih pojmov: strukturni faktor, faza in amplituda uklonov, funkcija elektronske gostote, Lauejeva simetrija. Predstavitev faznega problema v kristalografiji ter njegovo reševanje, predvsem z metodo težkega atoma in direktnimi metodami. Izboljševanje oz. prilaganje strukturnega modela. Interpretacija in analiza strukture.

Predstavitev in uporaba kristalografskih baz anorganskih struktur (ICSD) ter Cambridge Structural database (CSD).

Vaje: Opazovanje in prepoznavanje struktur ter ugotavljanje strukturnih podrobnosti s pomočjo računalniških programov za risanje in vizualizacijo in/ali s pomočjo gradnje tridimenzionalnih modelov. Študenti na osnovi prejetih uklonskih podatkov monokristala s pomočjo računalniških programov rešijo fazni problem, določijo strukturo ter jo narišejo in interpretirajo. S pomočjo ICSD ali CSD preverijo, ali je struktura že znana in poščejo sorodne strukture. V primeru novih struktur lahko pripravijo rezultate za objavo v strokovni reviji.

factor, phase and amplitude of reflections, electron density function, Laue symmetry. A solution of a phase problem in crystallography (method of a heavy atom, direct methods), refinement of structural model, structure interpretation and analysis.

Introduction and application of crystallographic databases: Inorganic crystal structure database (ICSD) and Cambridge structural database (CSD).

Tutorial: Interpretation of crystal structures by using computer programs for drawing and visualization and/or by building of three-dimensional models. Small groups of students (by the help of teacher) perform the project of crystal structure determination and interpretation on the basis of single crystal diffraction data. They search for the same or similar structure in ICSD or CSD. In the case of novel crystal structure they can prepare structural results for the publication.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

1. W. Clegg: Crystal structure analysis: principles and practice. International Union of Crystallography, Oxford, New York : Oxford University Press, 2001, 265 pages.
2. W. Clegg: Crystal Structure Determination, Oxford Chemistry Primers, Oxford University Press, 2002, 87 strani.
3. U. Mueller: Inorganic Structural Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, pp 36-60, 93-115, 146-183 of 264.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Razumevanje zgradbe anorganskih in organskih trdnih snovi ter strukturnih principov, ki jo določajo. Poznavanje principov uklanjanja rentgenskih žarkov na monokristalu.

Kompetence: Določitev ter interpretacija strukture urejene trdne snovi na osnovi računalniške analize uklonskih podatkov monokromatske rentgenske svetlobe na monokristalu.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Knowledge of the structures of inorganic and organic solids and understanding of structural principles. Knowledge of principles of diffraction of X-rays on single crystals.

Competences: Crystal structure determination and interpretation by single crystal X-ray diffraction data.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Razumevanje zgradbe organskih in anorganskih trdnih snovi ter strukturnih principov, ki jo določajo. Študent naj bi tudi razumel, kako je struktura kristala povezana z njegovo uklonsko sliko ter vedel, kako v praksi le-to uporabimo za določanje kristalnih struktur.

Uporaba

Študent pridobi osnovna znanja za strukturno analizo, se usposobi razumeti in interpretirati strukturni članek ter zna uporabljati podatke in orodja

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Knowledge of the structures of inorganic and organic solids and understanding of structural principles. Comprehension of connection between crystal structure and its diffraction image. Crystal structure determination in practice.

Application

Basic knowledge of crystal structure determination. Capability of understanding and interpretation of crystallographic manuscripts.

The application of tools and data from crystallographic structural databases.

<p>kristalografskih, strukturnih baz. Uri se v projektnem in timskem delu.</p> <p>Refleksija</p> <p>Zmožnost določitve in interpretacije eksperimentalne strukture v trdnem stanju pomaga razumeti in nudi možnost primerjave s strukturnimi rezultati drugih spektroskopskih tehnik in teoretičnih kvantno-kemijskih računov oziroma molekularne mehanike.</p> <p>Prenosljive spremnosti</p> <p>Projektno učno delo razvija samoiniciativnost študentov ter njihovo vključevanje v timsko delo. Veliko samostojnega dela z računalniškimi programi pripomore k študentovi spremnosti pri obvladovanju računalnika tudi pri drugih predmetih. Uporaba zbirk podatkov in literature, publiciranje rezultatov.</p>	<p>Training in project and team working.</p> <p>Analysis</p> <p>Capability of determination and interpretation of experimental structure of solids is helpful in understanding of structural results of spectroscopic techniques and quantum-chemical calculations or molecular mechanics.</p> <p>Skill-transference Ability</p> <p>Project work develops self-initiative of students and their comprehension in teamwork.</p> <p>Students get skills in working with computers.</p> <p>The application of databases and publishing of results.</p>
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- predavanja
- praktične vaje v računalniški učilnici
- projektno delo
- individualne naloge

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, tutorials in the computer classroom, project work and individual exercises.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit po uspešno opravljenem praktičnem delu. Ocene: 6-10 (pozitivno) in ocene 1-5: (negativno)

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

Written exam after successfully accomplished tutorials. Grade: 6-10 (positive) and 1-5 (negative)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. GOLOBIČ, Amalija*, ŠKAPIN, Srečo D., SUVOROV, Danilo, MEDEN, Anton. Solving structural problems of ceramic materials. *Croatica chemica acta*, ISSN 0011-1643, 2004, vol. 77, no. 3, str. 435-446.
2. GOLOBIČ, Amalija*, MALEKOVIČ, Martina, ŠEGEDIN, Primož. Catena-poly[disodium [[diformatotricopper(II)]-di-[mu][sub]3-formato-tetra-[mu][sub]2-formato]] : a new mode of bridging between binuclear and mononuclear formate-copper(II) units. *Acta crystallographica. C, Crystal structure communications*, ISSN 0108-2701, 2006, vol. C62, no. 3, str. m102-m104.
3. KASUNIČ, Marta, MEDEN, Anton, ŠKAPIN, Srečo D., SUVOROV, Danilo, GOLOBIČ, Amalija*. Structure of LaTi₂Al₉O₁₉ and reanalysis of the crystal structure of La₃Ti₅Al₁₅O₃₇. *Acta crystallogr., B Struct. sci.*, 2011, vol. B67, no. 6, str. 455-460.

ANORGANSKA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Anorganska kemija
Course title:	Inorganci Chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	1. semester	obvezni
Kemijsko izobraževanje, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	1. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0072213
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	KE211

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	30				75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Iztok Turel
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	obvezni/Mandatory
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.
Dodatnih pogojev ni.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student. There are no additional prerequisites.

Vsebina:

Predavanja: Uvod: soodvisnost strukture in kemijske vezi anorganskih spojin s- in p-elementov, spojin d-elementov, koordinacijskih in organokovinskih spojin.

Vrste in mehanizmi anorganskih reakcij v koordinacijskih spojinah: izmenjava koordiniranih molekul topila, aktivacija molekul z interakcijo s kovinskimi ioni, homogena kataliza.

Kemija elementov s poudarkom na zahtevnejših temah, ki niso bile zajete v Anorganski kemiji na 1. stopnji študija Kemije: kemija elementov 1., 2., 13.—18. skupine in prehodnih elementov.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Lectures: Introduction: the relations between chemical bond and the structure of inorganic compounds of s- and p-elements, compounds of d-elements, coordination and organometallic compounds. Mechanisms of reactions in coordination compounds, exchange of coordinated solvent molecules, activation of molecules by the interaction with metal ions, homogenous catalysis. Chemistry of the elements at advanced level and topics not covered in Inorganic Chemistry course at Bachelor level: Chemistry of the groups 1, 2, 13-18 and transition metals.

Seminar: Določanje mehanizma anorganskih reakcij iz aktivacijske entropije in aktivacijske prostornine, primeri študij izmenjave molekule vode kot liganda v raztopinah ionov prehodnih kovin. Metode za karakterizacijo anorganskih snovi in njihovih površin (elektronska mikroskopija, mikroskopija na atomsko silo, vrstična tunelska mikroskopija, rentgenska spektroskopija, elektronska spektroskopija, termična analiza). Koordinacijske spojine: primeri sinteze in karakterizacije. Možne so tudi predstavitev nekaterih drugih aktualnih tem s področja anorganske kemije.

Seminar: Determination of inorganic reaction mechanisms from activation entropy and activation volume, examples of studies of exchange of water molecule ligands in solutions of transition-metal ions. Methods of characterization of inorganic substances and their surfaces (electron-, atom force-, scanning tunnelling microscopy, X-ray spectroscopy, thermal analysis). Coordination compounds: examples of syntheses and characterization. Presentations of certain other interesting topics from the field of inorganic chemistry are also possible.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- C. E. Housecroft, A. G. Sharpe, Inorganic Chemistry, Second Edition, Pearson Education Limited, Harlow, England, 2005, 949 strani, poglavja 4, 6, 8, 18, 21-23, 25, 26 (skupaj 258 strani, 25%), knjiga dostopna v knjižnici FKKT.

Priporočena dodatna literatura:

- M. L Tobe, J. Burgess, Inorganic Reaction Mechanisms, Longman, Harlow, 1999, 674 strani.
- M. Weller, T. Overton, J. Rourke, and Fraser Armstrong, Inorganic Chemistry, Sixth Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford, UK, 2014, 912 strani.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je nadgraditi znanje iz predmetov Splošna kemija in Anorganska kemija s teoretsko poglobljenim predmetom, ki podaja sintezo, reaktivnost, lastnosti in uporabo anorganskih snovi. *Kompetence:* razumevanje in načrtovanje zatevnejših anorganskih reakcij.

Objectives and competences:

Cilj predmeta je nadgraditi znanje iz predmetov Splošna kemija in Anorganska kemija s teoretsko poglobljenim predmetom, ki podaja sintezo, reaktivnost, lastnosti in uporabo anorganskih snovi. *Kompetence:* razumevanje in načrtovanje zatevnejših anorganskih reakcij.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Predmet predstavlja nadaljevanje predmetov Splošna in anorganska kemija I in II. Študent mora uporabiti znanja, ki jih je dobil pri osnovnih predmetih v prvih treh letnikih, da lahko osvoji vsebino (točka 14) tega predmeta.

Uporaba

Študent dobi poglobljeno teoretsko znanje, ki mu pomaga pri načrtovanju sintez spojin in predvidevanju njihovih lastnosti. Sposoben naj bi bil uporabljati svoje znanje interdisciplinarno in na praktičnih primerih.

Refleksija

Kemija je eksperimentalna veda in osnovni cilj solidnega teoretskega znanja naj bo njegova uporaba. Prenosljive spremnosti

Predmet širi znanje in nakazuje interdisciplinarnost večine raziskovalnih in razvojnih dejavnosti.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Understanding of advanced principles of the properties and reactivity of inorganic compounds Ability to understand and plan the syntheses of inorganic compound.

Application

The students get the theoretical knowledge that help them to plan the synthesis of compounds and predict their properties. The students should be able to solve interdisciplinary problems that involve inorganic chemistry.

Analysis

Chemistry is experimental science and the goal of theoretical knowledge and theoretical research is its practical use.

Skill-transference Ability

The course broadens the knowledge and shows the interdisciplinary nature of most research projects.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predmet se izvaja v obliki predavanj in seminarjev, pri katerih se snov poglobi in se obravnavajo aktualne teme s področja predmeta. Pri predavanjih se

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures and seminars. The seminars covers some experimental methods in inorganic chemistry: the background of the methods is described, the students

občasno uporabljajo tudi nekatere sodobnejše tehnike (študij primerov, uporaba računalniških in video predstavitev, ipd.).

observe the measurement and evaluate raw experimental data.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit: ocene od 6-10 (pozitivno) oz. 5 (negativno).

Delež/Weight

100,00 %

Assessment:

Written exam: 6-10 (pass) and 5 (fail).

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- SERŠEN, Sara, KLJUN, Jakob, KRYEZIU, Kushtrim, PANCHUK, Rostyslav, ALTE, Beatrix, KÖRNER, Wilfried, HEFFETER, Petra, BERGER, Walter, **TUREL, Iztok**. Structure-related mode-of-action differences of anticancer organoruthenium complexes with β -diketonates. *Journal of medicinal chemistry*, ISSN 0022-2623, 2015, vol. 58, iss. 9, str. 3984-3996, ilustr. <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/acs.jmedchem.5b00288>, doi: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.5b00288. [COBISS.SI-ID 1536265667]
- KLJUN, Jakob, BRATSOS, Ioannis, ALESSIO, Enzo, PSOMAS, George, REPNIK, Urška, BUTINAR, Miha, TURK, Boris, **TUREL, Iztok**. New uses for old drugs : attempts to convert quinolone antibacterials into potential anticancer agents containing ruthenium. *Inorganic chemistry*, ISSN 0020-1669, 2013, vol. 52, no. 15, str. 9039-9052, ilustr. <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/ic401220x>, doi: 10.1021/ic401220x. [COBISS.SI-ID 1610287]
- SERŠEN, Sara, KLJUN, Jakob, POŽGAN, Franc, ŠTEFANE, Bogdan, **TUREL, Iztok**. Novel organoruthenium(II) β -diketonates as catalysts for ortho arylation via C-H activation. *Organometallics*, ISSN 0276-7333, 2013, vol. 32, issue 2, str. 609-616. <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/om3011189>, doi: 10.1021/om3011189. [COBISS.SI-ID 36426757]

BIOFIZIKALNA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Biofizikalna kemija
Course title:	Biophysical chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072214
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I21

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	15	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: doc. dr. San Hadži, prof. dr. Jurij Lah

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Biološko pomembne molekule

Proteini, nukleinske kisline, polisaharidi, lipidi, maščobe, surfaktanti. Struktura, funkcija in njihovo okolje v celici .

Proteini, nukleinske kisline in lipidi v vodni raztopini

Voda : Vodikove vezi , struktura ledu in tekoče vode. Hidratacija: Bornov model hidratacije ionov, solvatacija polarnih in nepolarnih topljencev, hidrofobni efekt. Interakcije, ki stabilizirajo strukturo proteinov in nukleinskih kislin. Proteini in nukleinske kisline kot polielektroliti. Topnost in kristalizacija proteinov. Tvorba in funkcija bioloških membran. Termodinamika biomolekularnih sistemov

Content (Syllabus outline):

Biologically important molecules

Proteins, nucleic acids, polysaccharides, fats, lipids, surfactants. Structure, function and their environment in the cell.

Proteins, nucleic acids and lipids in aqueous solution

Water: Hydrogen bonds, structure of crystalline and liquid water. Solvation: The Born model of ion salvation, solvation of polar and non-polar solutes. The hydrophobic effect. Interactions stabilizing protein and nucleic acids structure. Proteins and nucleic acids as polyelectrolytes. Protein solubility and crystallization. Form and function of biological membranes.

Energija, informacije in življenje. Termodinamska analiza fotosinteze, glikolize, cikla citronske kisline, oksidativne fosforilacije in hidrolize ATP, osmoze, dialize, membranskega transporta, stabilnosti proteinov in nukleinskih kislin. Termodinamika medsebojnega prepoznavanja bioloških makromolekul : osnove, uporaba pri načrtovanju zdravil.

Kinetika

Hitrost reakcije in njena odvisnost od temperature. Mehanizmi zvitja in vezanja proteinov in nukleinskih kislin. Napačno zvitje proteinov in s tem povezane bolezni. Tehnike za spremljanje zelo hitrih procesov, relaksacijske metode, izmenjava vodika, površinska plazmonska resonanca.

Thermodynamics of biomolecular systems

Energy, information, and life. Thermodynamic analysis of photosynthesis, glycolysis, and the citric acid cycle, oxidative phosphorylation and ATP hydrolysis, osmosis, dialysis, membrane transport, protein stability and nucleic acids stability.

Thermodynamics of recognition of biological macromolecules: introduction, application in drug design.

Kinetics

Rate of reaction and its temperature dependence. Mechanisms of protein and nucleic acids folding and binding. Protein folding and pathological misfolding. Rapid reaction techniques, relaxation methods, hydrogen exchange, surface plasmon resonance.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- *Principles of Physical Biochemistry*, K.E. van Holde Prentice Hall (1998), 657 str., (30 %)
- *Biophysical Chemistry*, A. Cooper, RSC, Cambridge (2004), 184 str., (50%)

Dopolnilna literatura:

- *Thermodynamics and Kinetics for the Biological Sciences*, G.G. Hammes, J. Wiley & Sons (2000), 158 str.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta: Spoznavanje, razumevanje in obravnavanje fizikalno-kemijskih lastnosti bioloških makromolekul ter zakonitosti, ki te lastnosti določajo in povezujejo. *Predmetno specifične kompetence:* Sposobnost osnovne fizikalno-kemijske karakterizacije raztopin bioloških makromolekul, njihovega vezanja in strukturnih sprememb.

Objectives and competences:

Knowledge and understanding of the basic physico-chemical properties of biological macromolecules in solution and understanding of physical laws that determine these properties and link them together. Ability to accomplish basic physico-chemical interpretation of properties of biological macromolecules in the solution, their binding and structural alterations.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje: Predmet daje študentu teoretično (predavanja, seminar) in praktično (laboratorijske vaje) znanje osnov biofizikalne kemije. Pridobljeno znanje je potrebno za razumevanje bioloških procesov na molekularni ravni.

Uporaba: Pridobljeno teoretično in praktično znanje je potrebno za uspešno poučevanje kemije.

Refleksija: Študent bo pridobil občutek, kako lahko s pomočjo fizikalnih zakonov opišemo relativno zapletene biokemijske procese. S pridobljenim znanjem bo lahko kritično ovrednotil rezultate laboratorijskih vaj in ga uporabil v praksi.

Prenosljive spremnosti: Študent se nauči teoretičnih in eksperimentalnih pristopov, ki so osnova pri načrtovanju, spremljanju in vodenju eksperimentov v kemiji in biokemiji.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension: The subject gives students the theoretical (lectures, seminars) and practical (lab exercises) knowledge of basic biophysical chemistry. The acquired knowledge is necessary to understand basics thermodynamics of biological processes at the molecular level.

Application: Acquired theoretical and practical knowledge is necessary for successful teaching of chemistry. *Analysis:* Students will find out how to use laws of physics in description of relatively complex biochemical processes. With the knowledge gained they will be able to critically evaluate the results of laboratory work and use it in practice.

Skill-transference Ability: Students will learn some of the theoretical and experimental approaches, which set the basis for planning and monitoring experiments in chemistry and biochemistry

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji, laboratorijske vaje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars, laboratory exercises.

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Pisni izpit po uspešno opravljenih laboratorijskih vajah. Ocene: pozitivno (6-10); negativno (5).		Written exam. Tutorials are a prerequisite for taking the exam. Grades: pass (6-10); fail (5).

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- Hadži S., Loris R., Lah J. The sequence–ensemble relationship in fuzzy protein complexes. *PNAS* (2021) 118, 1-9.
- Hadži, S., Kocman, V., Oblak, D., Plavec J., Lah J. Energetic basis of AGCGA-rich DNA folding into a tetrahelical structure. *Angewandte Chemie I.E.* (2019) 58, 2387-2391.
- Bunc M., Hadži S., Graf C., Bončina M., Lah, J. Aggregation time machine : a platform for the prediction and optimization of long-term antibody stability using short-term kinetic analysis. *Journal of medicinal chemistry.* (2022) 65, 2623-2632.
- Hadži S., Lah J. Origin of heat capacity increment in DNA folding : the hydration effect. *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta. General subjects* (2021) 1865, 1-9.
- Šarac B., Hadži S. Analysis of protonation equilibria of amino acids in aqueous solutions using Microsoft Excel. *Journal of chemical education* (2021), 98, 1001-1007.

UTI FEKT

EKSPERIMENTALNA FIZIKALNA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Eksperimentalna fizikalna kemija
Course title:	Experimental physical chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072230
 Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I17

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	20	25 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: izr. prof. dr. Janez Cerar, prof. dr. Jurij Lah, prof. dr. Matija Tomšič

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Izotermna kalorimetrija

Fizikalne osnove signala, merjenje in analiza signala, razredčilna toploplota, titracije, uporabnost pri študiju vezanja molekul.

Diferenčna dinamična kalorimetrija

Fizikalne osnove signala, merjenje in analiza signala, uporabnost pri študiju strukturnih sprememb makromolekul.

Spektropolarimetrija

Polarizirana svetloba, molekularne osnove signala, merjenje in analiza signala, titracije, uporabnost pri študiju (inducirane) asimetrije molekul.

Fluorimetrija

Content (Syllabus outline):

Isothermal calorimetry

Physical basics of the signal, measurement and analysis of the signal, heat of dilution, titrations, usefulness in the study of the molecular binding.

Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC)

Physical basis of the signal, measurement and analysis of the signal, usefulness in the study of structural changes of macromolecules.

CD-spectroscopy

Polarized light, circular dichroism (CD), molecular basis of the signal, measurement and signal analysis, CD - titration usefulness in the study of (induced) asymmetry of the molecules.

Fluorimetry

Molekularne osnove signala, merjenje in analiza signala, uporabnost pri študiju vezanja in strukturnih sprememb molekul.

Osnove metod sisanja

Uvod v statično in dinamično sisanje laserske svetlobe ter ozkokotno rentgensko sisanje, eksperimentalni sistemi, aplikacija, analiza in interpretacija rezultatov sisanja

Osmometrija

določanje molskih mas, osmoznih koeficientov in virialnih koeficientov z raznimi tipi osmometrov

Konduktometrične metode

Fizikalne osnove merjenja prevodnosti in transportnih števil v ionskih raztopinah, uporabnost pri določevanju stopnje vezave protionov na polielektrolit.

Ionoselektivne elektrode

Fizikalne osnove, klasifikacija, priprava elektrod, uporabnost pri študijah koeficientov aktivnosti enostavnih elektrolitov in surfaktantov.

Eksperimentalne osnove merjenja fizikalnih lastnosti tekočin

(gostota, površinska napetost, reološke lastnosti, viskoznost)

Difuzija in dinamika molekul v raztopinah

Koeficient lastne difuzije, koeficient kemijske difuzije. Pomen koeficiente difuzije pri proučevanju transportnih in asociacijskih pojavov v raztopinah. Eksperimentalno določanje koeficientov difuzije. Raziskave dinamike molekul z NMR metodami.

Molecular basis of the signal, measurement and analysis of the signal, usefulness in the study of binding and structural changes of molecules.

Basics of scattering methods

Introduction to static and dynamic laser light scattering and small angle X-ray scattering, experimental systems, applications, data analysis and interpretation of the results.

Osmometry

Determination of molecular weights, osmotic coefficients and virial coefficients using various types of osmometers

Conductometric methods

Physical basics of conductivity and transference number measurements of ionic solutions, usefulness in determining the degree of binding of counterions to the polyelectrolyte.

Ion-selective electrodes

Physical basis, classification, preparation of electrodes, usefulness in studies of activity coefficients of simple electrolytes and surfactants.

Experimental basis of measuring physical properties of liquids

(density, surface tension, rheological properties, viscosity)

Diffusion and dynamics of molecules in solutions

Coefficient of self-diffusion, coefficient of chemical diffusion. The importance of diffusion coefficient when considering transport and association phenomena in solution. Experimental determination of diffusion coefficients. Studies of molecular dynamics NMR methods.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Biocalorimetry, J.E. Ladbury. in B.Z. Choudhry, J. Wiley & Sons (1998), 345 str., (20 %).
- Principles of Physical Biochemistry, K.E. van Holde, Prentice Hall (1998), 657 str., (5 %).
- Biophysical Chemistry, A. Cooper, RSC, Cambridge (2004), 184 str., (10 %).
- Physical chemistry, W.J. Moore, Addison Wesley Longman (1996), 977 str., (5 %).
- Small Angle X-ray Scattering, O. Glatter, O. Kratky, Academic Press (1982), 514 str., (25 %).
- Neutrons, X-rays and Light: Scattering Methods Applied to Soft Condensed Matter, P. Lindner in T. Zemb, Elsevier (2002), 541 str., (15 %).
- Polyelectrolytes, H. Dautzenberg, Hanser Publishers (1994), 343 str., (5%).
- Physical Methods of Chemistry: Electrochemical Methods, urednika B.W. Rossiter in J.F. Hamilton, J. Wiley & Sons (1986), 2. izdaja, 904 str.
- Experiments in Physical Chemistry, C. W. Garland, J. W. Nibler in D. P. Shoemaker, McGraw-Hill (2009), 8. izdaja, 734 str.

Dopolnilna literatura:

- Light Scattering Principles and Development, W. Brown, Clarendon Press (1996), 528 str.
- Scattering in Polymeric and Colloidal Systems, W. Brown, K. Mortensen, Gordon and Breach Science Publishers (2000), 592 str.
- Light Scattering from Polymer Solutions and Nanoparticle Dispersions, Wolfgang Schaertl, Springer Verlag (2010), 205 str.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je študentom predstaviti osnovne koncepte različnih eksperimentalnih metod in instrumentov, ki se uporablajo na področju fizikalne

Objectives and competences:

The aim of the course is to introduce the basic concepts of different experimental methods and instrumentation used in the field of physical

<p>kemije, jih podrobneje seznaniti z eksperimentalnimi veščinami ter aplikacijami teh metod in jih spodbuditi, da pridobljeno znanje in izkušnje s pridom uporabljajo pri svojem bodočem delu. Študentje pri predmetu pridobijo naslednje specifične kompetence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - razumevanje teorijskega ozadja eksperimentalnih metod in inštrumentov, - sposobnost presoje in pravilnega pristopa k uporabi različnih eksperimentalnih metod v fizikalni kemiji, - sistematičnost pristopa pri reševanju projektne naloge, - usposobljenost za samostojno delo na inštrumentih uporabljenih pri projektni nalogi in za izdelavo poročil. 	<p>chemistry, to acquaint students with the experimental skills and applications of these methods and to encourage students to use this knowledge and experience in their future work. Students of the course gain the following specific competencies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Understanding of theoretical background of experimental methods and instrumentation, - Judgment and the proper approach to the use of different experimental methods in physical chemistry, - A systematic approach in solving experimental problems - Ability to work independently with the instruments in the labwork and to write reports.
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Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Osnovno teorijsko in praktično znanje ter razumevanje raznih eksperimentalnih tehnik v fizikalni kemiji: kalorimetrija, spektrometrija, statično in dinamično sisanje, osmometrija, površinska napetost, viskoznost, gostota, prevodnost, mikroskopija, ...

Poznavanje osnov analize in interpretacije rezultatov meritev pri posamezni metodi.

Uporaba

Uporaba kalorimetričnih, spektrometričnih in osmometričnih metod, metod sisanja in drugih fizikalnih metod za določitev fizikalnih lastnosti raznih bioloških in koloidnih sistemov, raznih raztopin ter fizikalnih značilnosti kemijskih reakcij oziroma procesov.

Refleksija

Študent bo pridobil občutek za povezavo med teorijskim ozadjem določene metode, inštrumentom in eksperimentalno izvedbo meritev. S pridobljenim znanjem bo kritično presodil in ovrednotil rezultate eksperimentalnih vaj in projektne vaje.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Sistematičnost pristopa pri reševanju projektne naloge, zbiranje literature, ovrednotenje in poročanje o rezultatih projekta.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Theoretical and practical knowledge and understanding of various experimental techniques in physical chemistry: calorimetry, spectroscopy, static and dynamic scattering, osmometry, surface tension , viscosity, density, conductivity, microscopy. Knowing the basis of analysis and interpretation of measurement results for each method.

Application

Using calorimetric, spectroscopic, osmometric, scattering and other physical methods for determining the physical properties of various biological and colloidal systems, solutions and various physical properties of chemical reactions and processes.

Analysis

Students will gain a feeling for connection between the theoretical background of a particular method, instrument and experimental measurement. The knowledge gained will enable students to critically evaluate the results of experimental work.

Skill-transference Ability

Systematic approach to solving the experimental problems, collecting of literature, evaluating and reporting on the results of the project.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, eksperimentalne praktične vaje, projektna vaja.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars, laboratory exercises.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit po uspešno opravljenih vajah.
Ocene: pozitivno (6-10), negativno (1-5).

Delež/Weight

Written examination after successful completion of laboratory exercises. Grades: (6-10) pass, (1-5) fail.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

LAH, Jurij, POHAR, Ciril, VESNAVER, Gorazd. Calorimetric study of the micellization of alkylpyridinium and alkyltrimethylammonium bromides in water. *J. Phys. Chem., B Mater. surf. interfaces biophys.*, 2000, vol. 104, no. 11, str. 2522-2526.

LAH, Jurij, MAIER, Norbert M., LINDNER, Wolfgang, VESNAVER, Gorazd. Thermodynamics of binding of (R)- and (S)-dinitrobenzoyl leucine to cinchona alkaloids and their tert-butylcarbamate derivatives in methanol : evaluation of enantioselectivity by spectroscopic (CD, UV) and microcalorimetric (ITC) titrations. *J. Phys. Chem., B Mater. surf. interfaces biophys.*, 2001, vol. 105, no. 8, str. 1670-1687.

DROBNAK, Igor, VESNAVER, Gorazd, LAH, Jurij. Model-based thermodynamic analysis of reversible unfolding processes. *J. Phys. Chem., B Condens. mater. surf. interfaces biophys.*, 2010, vol. 114, no. 26, str. 8713-8722.

CERAR, Janez, ŠKERJANC, Jože: Electric transport and ion binding in solutions of fullerenehexamalonic acid Th-C₆₆(COOH)₁₂ and its alkali and calcium salts. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2008, 112, str. 892-895.

CERAR, Janez, URBIČ, Tomaž: Viscosity and electrophoretic mobility of cesium fullerenehexamalonate in aqueous solutions : comparing experiments and theories on nanometer-sized spherical polyelectrolyte. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2008, 112, str. 12240-12248.

ŠKERJANC, Jože, KOGEJ, Ksenija, CERAR, Janez: Equilibrium and transport properties of alkylpyridinium bromides. *Langmuir*, 1999, 15, str. 5023-5028.

TOMŠIČ, Matija, BEŠTER-ROGAČ, Marija, JAMNIK, Andrej, KUNZ, Werner, TOURAUD, Didier, BERGMANN, Alexander, GLATTER, Otto. Nonionic surfactant Brij 35 in water and in various simple alcohols : structural investigations by small-angle x-ray scattering and dynamic light scattering. *J. phys. chem., B Condens. mater. surf. interfaces biophys.*, 2004, vol. 108, no. 22, str. 7021-7032

TOMŠIČ, Matija, JAMNIK, Andrej, FRITZ, Gerhard, GLATTER, Otto, VLČEK, Lukáš. Structural properties of pure simple alcohols from ethanol, propanol, butanol, pentanol, to hexanol : comparing Monte Carlo simulations with experimental SAXS data. *J. phys. chem., B Condens. mater. surf. interfaces biophys.*, 2007, vol. 111, no. 7, str. 1738-1751.

TOMŠIČ, Matija, GLATTER, Otto. From bulk to dispersed hierarchically organized lipid phase systems. V: IGLIČ, Aleš (ur.). *Advances in planar lipid bilayers and liposomes : volume 12, (Advances in planar lipid bilayers and liposomes)*. Amsterdam; Elsevier: Academic Press, cop. 2010, str. 167-200.

ELEKTROKEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Elektrokemija
Course title:	Electrochemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0149484
 Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: KE230

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
50	25				75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: izr. prof. dr. Janez Cerar, prof. dr. Miran Gaberšček

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

ELEKTROKEMIJA RAZTOPIN

Osnovni pojmi

Elektrokemija: raztopine elektrolitov, elektrodi procesi. Električni dvosloj. Voda kot najpomembnejše topilo. Vodikova vez. Sile v raztopinah. Solvatacija ionov. Hidrofobni efekt. Enostavni elektroliti. Polielektroliti. Ionske tekočine.

Termodynamične lastnosti raztopin elektrolitov

Različni nivoji opisa raztopin elektrolitov. Preprosti model raztopine elektrolita. Poisson-Boltzmannova enačba. Debye-Hücklova teorija. Srednji elektrostatski potencial. Prostorske porazdelitvene funkcije. Osmozni tlak in koeficient aktivnosti.

Eksperimentalno določanje termodynamičnih količin. Pitzerjeva teorija. Asociacija ionov. Bjerrumova teorija.

Content (Syllabus outline):

ELECTROCHEMISTRY OF SOLUTIONS

Basic concepts

Electrochemistry: ionics and electrodics. Electric double-layer. Role of water as a solvent. Hydrogen bond. Forces in solutions. Solvation of ions. Hydrophobic effect. Simple electrolytes. Polyelectrolytes. Ionic liquids.

Thermodynamic properties of electrolyte solutions

Different levels of electrolyte solution description. Simple model of electrolyte solution. Poisson-Boltzmann equation. Debye-Hückel theory. Mean electrostatic potential. Spatial distribution functions. Osmotic pressure and activity coefficient. Experimental determination of thermodynamic

Transportne lastnosti raztopin elektrolitov

Prevodnost. Difuzija elektrolitov.

Lastnosti raztopin polielektrolitov

Manningov model nabite premice. Hoffmeistrova vrsta. Osmozni koeficient. Razredčilne topote. Membransko ravnotežje. Topnost polielektrolitov. Raba polielektrolitov. Biopolielektrolit.

ELEKTRODNI PROCESI

Pregled teorije elektrodnih procesov: Električni dvosloj ob elektrodah, kinetika elektrodnih procesov, Butler-Volmerjeva enačba in njene limitne oblike (Taflova relacija, polarizacijska upornost). Transport snovi (difuzija, konvekcija, migracija) in vpliv transporta na hitrost elektrodnih procesov.

Metode za študij elektrodnih procesov in ugotavljanje mehanizma elektrodnih procesov: Potencijostatsko in galvanostatsko merjenje polarizacijskih krivulj, tranzientne tehnike (kronoamperometrija, kronokulometrija, kronopotenciometrija), ciklična voltametrija, impedančna spektroskopija. Simulacija elektrodnih procesov. Mehanizem izločanja vodika (HER) in redukcije kisika (ORR).

Elektrokemija materialov

- Elektrodepozicija, elektrosinteza in tehnike za študij procesov. Samosestavlje monoplasti-SAM, podnapetostno izločanje-UPD, elektrokemijska kvarčna mikrotehntica-EQCB.
- Elektrokemijska korozija: vrste korozije, termodinamski in kinetični vidiki (Pourbaix, Wagner-Traud), korozjski tok in korozjski potencial, Evansovi diagrami, elektrokemijske metode za študij korozjskih procesov, inhibicija korozije, pasivacija in protikorozjska zaščita.
- Elektrokemijski viri energije: elektrokemijski vidiki primarnih in sekundarnih virov energije (ucinkovitost, gostota energije), pregled klasičnih in naprednih sistemov (Zn/MnO_2 , Pb/PbO_2 , Ni/Cd , Ni/MH , Li/Li^+ , gorivne celice), fotovoltaični sistemi.

quantities. Pitzer theory. Ion association. Bjerrum theory.

Transport properties of electrolyte solutions

Conductivity. Diffusion of electrolytes.

Properties of polyelectrolyte solutions

Manning model. Hoffmeister series. Osmotic coefficient. Enthalpies of dilution. Membrane equilibrium. Solubility of polyelectrolytes. Application of polyelectrolytes. Biopolyelectrolytes.

ELECTRODE PROCESSES

Overview of the theory of electrode processes: electrical double layer at electrodes, kinetics of electrode processes, Butler-Volmer equation and the limiting cases (Tafel relation, polarisation resistance). Transport of matter(diffusion, convection, migration) and the influence on the rate of electrode processes. Methods for study of electrode processes and identification of their mechanisms: potentiostatic and galvanostatic measurements of polarisation curves, transient techniques (chronoamperometry, chronocoulometry, chronopotentiometry), cyclic voltammetry, impedance spectroscopy. Simulation of electrode processes. Mechanism of hydrogen (HER) and oxygen (OER) evolution reactions.

Materials electrochemistry: electrodeposition, electrosynthesis and related phenomena. Self assembled monolayers (SAMs) underpotential deposition (UPD), electrochemical quartz crystal microbalance (EQCMB).

-Electrochemical corrosion: types of corrosion, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects (Pourbaix, Wagner-Traud), corrosion current and potential, Evans diagrams, electrochemical methods for investigation of corrosion, corrosion inhibition, passivation and anticorrosion protection.

-Electrochemical energy sources (efficiency, energy density), overview of conventional and advanced systems (Zn/MnO_2 , Pb/PbO_2 , Ni/Cd , Ni/MH , Li/Li^+ , fuel cells), photovoltaic systems.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

Literatura (temeljna):

J. O'M. Bockris in A.K.N. Reddy *Modern Electrochemistry: ionics* (2. izdaja), New York: Plenum Press, 1998, 769 str. (cca 15 %).

J.O' M. Bockris, A.K.N. Reddy, *Modern Electrochemistry, Electrodics in Chemistry, Engineering, Biology, and Environmental Science*, Vol. 2B, 2nd Ed., Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers, New York, 2000.

M. Mandel *Physical Properties of Polyelectrolyte Solutions*, Pisa: Pacini Editore, 1999, 190 strani, (20 %).

Dodatna literatura:

M. R. Wright *An introduction to aqueous electrolyte solutions*, Chichester : J. Wiley, 2007, 574 str.

S. Forster in M. Schmidt, *Physical Properties of Polymers: Polyelectrolytes in Solution*, v *Advances in Polymer Science*, Berlin: Springer-Verlag, 1995.

A.J. Bard, M. Stratmann, Eds., *Encyclopedia of Electrochemistry*, Vol. 2, *Interfacial Kinetics and Mass Transport*, Vol. Ed. E.J. Calvo, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim, 2003.

R. Greef, R. Peat, L.M. Peter, D. Pletcher, J. Robinson, *Instrumental Methods in Electrochemistry*, Ellis Horwood Lim., Chichester, 1985.

Cilji in kompetence:*Cilji:*

Spoznavanje teorijskih pristopov pri obravnavi termodinamičnih in transportnih lastnosti raztopin elektrolitov in polielektrolitov. Poglobljen študij elektrokemijskih zakonitosti, ki so podlaga za raziskave na področju elektroanaliznih tehnik, elektrokemije materialov, korozije in elektrokemijskih virov energije.

Kompetence:

Razumevanje fizikalnih pojavov v raztopinah elektrolitov in polielektrolitov ter elektrokemijskih procesov na elektrodah. Uporaba tega znanja tako pri tehnoloških kot pri bioloških procesih. Pridobljena znanja so usmerjena v razumevanje in usposabljanje za raziskovalno delo na teh področjih.

Objectives and competences:**Objectives:**

To get insight into basic theoretical approaches used in studies of thermodynamic and transport properties of both electrolyte and polyelectrolyte solutions. In-depth study of electrochemical laws which represents the basis for understanding electroanalytical techniques, corrosion, materials electrochemistry and electrochemical energy sources.

Competences:

Understanding of physical phenomena occurring in electrolyte and polyelectrolyte solutions as well as electrochemical processes at electrodes. Application of this knowledge for comprehension of technological and biological processes. Acquired knowledge is the basis for training and applied work either in research or in routine laboratory work in the field of electrochemistry.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:**Znanje in razumevanje**

Študent pridobi temeljna znanja potrebna za razumevanje elektrokemijskih procesov in spozna uporabo elektrokemijskih zakonitosti na različnih področjih. Obvlada instrumentacijo in razume principe elektrokemijskih tehnik potrebnih za študij in raziskave povezanih z elektrokemijo.

Uporaba

Pridobljeno znanje je usmerjeno v aplikacijo elektrokemijskih zakonitosti in pojavov na področjih kot so: korozija, preiskave in razvoj novih materialov, elektrokemijska sinteza in elektrokemijski viri energije, elektroanalizne metode, ipd. Študent se na teh področjih usposobi za samostojno raziskovalno delo in spozna načine prenosa in uporabe teoretskih zakonitosti v praksi.

Refleksija

Pridobljeno teoretično znanje omogoča študentu poglobljen vpogled v osnovne koncepte in zakonitosti na področju elektrokemije. Dodatno študent pridobi večine prenosa osnovnih znanj na izbrane praktične primere. Vsebina in izvedba predmeta predstavlja dobro osnovo za kasnejše aktivno in samostojno udejstvovanje na področju raziskav in uporabe elektrokemijskih znanj v praksi.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Pridobi večine na področju elektrokemije, zna uporabljati znanstveno in strokovno literaturo ter pravilno predstaviti in razlagati merske rezultate. Pridobi znanja potrebna za projektno in timsko delo.

Intended learning outcomes:**Knowledge and Comprehension**

The student acquires base knowledge needed for understanding electrochemical processes and is acquainted with selected applications of electrochemical phenomena in various fields. The student also acquires selected laboratory skills and techniques related to electrochemistry.

Application

Acquired base knowledge is implemented in selected applications such as: corrosion, investigation and development of new materials, electrochemical synthesis, electrochemical energy sources, electroanalytical methods etc. Student becomes qualified for independent research in the field and gets knowledge about transfer of theoretical concepts into practice.

Analysis

Acquired theoretical knowledge enables a profound insight into main concepts and laws in the field of electrochemistry. Additionally, the student acquires the ability to apply knowledge base into selected practical examples. The curriculum represents a solid background for later active and independent research in the fields of basic and applied electrochemistry.

Skill-transference Ability

Student acquires experimental skills in the field of electrochemistry, masters the use of scientific and professional literature and develops the skill of presenting and explaining complex and specific results to wider audience. Competences needed for project and team work are also developed.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Pisni izpit. Pisni izpit je možno opraviti tudi s pozitivno ocenjenima vmesnima pisnima kolokvijema (pozitivna kumulativna ocena).		Written exam. Written exam can be passed also by two written tests during the semester (positive cumulative grade)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. Janez Cerar, Jože Škerjanc: Electric transport and ion binding in solutions of fullerenehexamalonic acid Th-C₆₆(COOH)₁₂ and its alkali and calcium salts. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2008, vol. 112, str. 892-895.
2. Janez Cerar, Jože Škerjanc: Water-soluble fullerenes. 3. Alkali salts of fullerenehexamalonic acid Th-C₆₆(COOH)₁₂. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2003, vol. 107, str. 8255-8259.
3. Janez Cerar, Jože Škerjanc: Water-soluble fullerenes. 2. Sodium fullerexamalonate Th-C₆₆(COONa)₁₂, a highly asymmetric electrolyte. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2000, vol. 104, str. 727-730.
1. HODNIK, Nejc, ZORKO, Milena, JOZINOVIĆ, Barbara, BELE, Marjan, DRAŽIĆ, Goran, HOČEVAR, Stanko, **GABERŠČEK, Miran**. Severe accelerated degradation of PEMFC platinum catalyst : a thin film IL-SEM study. *Electrochim. commun.*, 2013, vol. 30, str. 75-78
2. KHATIB, R., DALVERNY, A. - L., SAUBANÈRE, M., **GABERŠČEK, Miran**, DOUBLET, M. - L. Origin of the voltage hysteresis in the CoP conversion material for Li-ion batteries. *The journal of physical chemistry. C, Nanomaterials and interfaces*, 2013, vol. 117, no. 2, str. 837-849.
3. ATEBAMBA, Jean-Marcel, MOŠKON, Jože, PEJOVNIK, Stane, **GABERŠČEK, Miran**. On the interpretation of measured impedance spectra of insertion cathodes for lithium-ion batteries. *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, 2010, vol. 157, no. 11, str. A1218-A1228
4. DREYER, Wolfgang, JAMNIK, Janko, GUHLKE, Clemens, HUTH, Robert, MOŠKON, Jože, **GABERŠČEK, Miran**. The thermodynamic origin of hysteresis in insertion batteries. *Nature materials*, 2010, vol. 9, str. 448-453,
5. STRMČNIK, Dušan, **GABERŠČEK, Miran**, PIHLAR, Boris, KOČAR, Drago, JAMNIK, Janko. Copper dissolution in ammonia solutions : identification of the mechanism at low overpotentials. *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, 2009, vol. 156, no. 7, str. C222-C229.

FIZIKALNA KEMIJA II

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Fizikalna kemija II
Course title:	Physical Chemistry II
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072216
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: KE214S

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	30				75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Barbara Hribar Lee

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Osnove: Merjenje, časovna odvisnost in časovno povprečje. Zakona statistične termodinamike. Opis mikroskopskega stanja. Kanonična porazdelitev. Povprečja in kolebanja okoli povprečne vrednosti, povezava s termodinamiko. Izolirani sistem. Odprt sistem, kolebanja koncentracije, stisljivost in stabilnost sistema. Drugi (N,p,T) sistemi. Mrežni modeli: Flory-Hugginsova teorija. Neodvisni podsistemi: Einsteinov model kristala. Paramagnetna snov. Fermi-Diracova in Bose-Einsteinova statistika. Boltzmannova statistika: razredčeni plini. Izračun konstante kemijskega ravnotežja. Adsorbcija, Langmuirjeva in B.E.T. izoterma, vezanje ligandov na makromolekulo. Klasična statistična termodinamika: Konfiguracijski integral in povprečja. Parski potencial. Računalniške

Content (Syllabus outline):

Introduction: Time-average of measured quantity. Laws of statistical thermodynamics. Description of microscopic state of a system. Canonical distribution. Averages and fluctuations; the relations with thermodynamics. Isolated system. Open system, concentration fluctuations, compressibility, stability of the system. Other (N,p,T) systems. Lattice models: Flory-Huggins theory. Independent subsystems: Einstein model of crystal. Paramagnetic materials. Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein statistics. Boltzmann statistics: diluted gasses. Evaluation of the chemical equilibrium constant. Adsorption, Langmuir and B.E.T. isotherms, ligand binding to macromolecules.

<p>simulacije, metoda Monte Carlo, molekulska dinamika. Teorije na osnovi parske porazdelitvene funkcije. Računanje termodinamičnih količin (notranja energija, enačbe stanja). Osnove termodinamične perturbacijske teorije.</p>	<p>Classical statistical thermodynamics: Configuration integral and averages. Pair potential. Introduction to computer simulations, Monte Carlo method, molecular dynamics. Evaluation of thermodynamic quantities (internal energy, equation of state). An introduction to thermodynamic perturbation theory.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Friedman, H. L., *A Course in Statistical Mechanics*, New Jersey: Prantice-Hall, 1985, pp 1-109.
- Hill, T. L., *Introduction to Statistical Thermodynamics*, Reading: Addison-Wesley, 1960, pp 124-188.
- V. Vlachy, B. Hribar Lee: Fizikalna kemija II - Uvod v statistično termodinamiko, skripta Dodatna literatura:
- K. A. Dill, S. Bromberg, Molecular Driving Forces, Garland Science, 2011.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Naloga statistične termodinamike je, da iz podatkov o lastnostih atomov in molekul ter sil med njimi izpelje makroskopske lastnosti snovi. Na ta način omogoča molekularno interpretacijo merskih podatkov.

Kompetence: V prvem delu obravnavamo osnove statistične termodinamike, le-te omogočajo globje razumevanje pojavov kot so toplota, entropija, termodinamično povprečje, kolebanje okoli povprečne vrednosti in drugi. Drugi del predmeta je namenjen prikazu posameznih primerov uporabe statistične termodinamike v kemiji in sorodnih vedah.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: The purpose of statistical thermodynamics is to predict macroscopic properties of a given thermodynamic system, using as input the knowledge about constituent atoms (or molecules) and intermolecular forces between them. It makes possible to interpret the experimental data from molecular point of view.

Competences: Profound understanding of thermodynamic quantities, such as heat, entropy, thermodynamic averages, fluctuations, and others. Application to real chemical and physical problems.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Poznavanje osnov statistične termodinamike, ki jih obravnava predmet Fizikalna kemija, omogoča globlje razumevanje pojmov iz fizikalne kemije ter interpretacijo eksperimentalnih podatkov na osnovi lastnosti atomov in molekul.

Uporaba

Pri tem predmetu se spoznamo z modernimi teoretičnimi metodami za študij lastnosti snovi. Metode se uporabljajo v kemiji, farmaciji in biologiji, pa tudi pri načrtovanju različnih tehnoloških procesov kot so, na primer, separacijske metode. Predmet je osnova raziskovalnemu delu na področju kemije.

Refleksija

Znanja, ki jih študent osvoji pri tem predmetu, pomagajo pri kritičnem vrednotenju merskih podatkov, razumevanju lastnosti fizikalnih sistemov in s tem omogočajo kvalitetno in samostojno delo na drugih področjih kemije.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Spremnosti uporabe domače in tujе literature in drugih virov, identifikacija in reševanje problemov, kritična analiza rezultatov, kvantitativno razumevanje drugih (bolj opisnih) predmetov.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

The basic knowledge of statistical thermodynamics that is the subject of this course enables the students a deeper understanding of the physical chemistry concepts, as well as the interpretations of the experimental data in view of the properties of atoms and molecules.

Application

The students get to know the modern theoretical methods used for studying the properties of different substances. The methods are used in chemistry, pharmacy and biology, as well as in planning different technological processes, such as separation methods. The course is providing the bases for the research work in the chemistry field.

Analysis

The knowledge that the students obtain via this course is meant to be used in the critical assessment of measuring data, as well as the understanding the system properties which are needed in different areas of chemistry.

Skill-transference Ability

The ability of using different literature, as well as other resources, identification and problem solving, critical evaluation of the results, quantitative interpretation of knowledge obtained in other courses.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures & Seminars

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni (nadomestita ga lahko dva pozitivno ocenjena kolokvija) in ustni izpit.

Delež/Weight**Assessment:**

Written and oral exam.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. MOHORIČ, Tomaž, HRIBAR-LEE, Barbara, VLACHY, Vojko. Effects of the translational and rotational degrees of freedom on the hydration of simple solutes. *The Journal of chemical physics*, ISSN 0021-9606, 2014, vol. 140, no. 18, art. no. 184510 (str. 1-7).
2. MOHORIČ, Tomaž, URBIČ, Tomaž, HRIBAR-LEE, Barbara. The application of the integral equation theory to study the hydrophobic interaction. *The Journal of chemical physics*, ISSN 0021-9606, 2014, vol. 140, no. 2, art. no. 024502 (6 str.).
3. HRIBAR-LEE, Barbara, LUKŠIČ, Miha, VLACHY, Vojko. Partly-quenched systems containing charges. Structure and dynamics of ions in nanoporous materials. *Annual reports on the progress of chemistry. Sectin C, Physical chemistry*, ISSN 0260-1826, 2011, vol. 107, no. 1, str. 14-46.

FOTOKEMIJA IN RADIKALI

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Fotokemija in radikali
Course title:	Photochemistry and Radicals
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0149483
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	KE231S

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	15	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Jernej Iskra
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	obvezni/Mandatory
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina:	Content (Syllabus outline):
Organska fotokemija. a) Uvod. Interakcija spojin z elektromagnetskim valovanjem, delovanje mikrovalov in ultrazvoka. Absorpcija svetlobe, elektronska stanja in prehodi, lastnosti vzbujenih stanj, Jablonskijev diagram, kvantni izkoristek, prenos energije, dušenje. b) Fotokemične reakcije. Izomerizacije, fragmentacije, adicije, substitucije, eliminacije, premestitve, periciklične reakcije. c) Foto elektron transfer, fotokataliza, kemiluminiscanca, singletni kisik, fotokemija v okolju.	Organic photochemistry a) Introduction: Interaction of compounds and electromagnetic radiation mode of action of microwaves and ultrasound. Absorption of light, electronic states and transitions, properties of excited states, Jablonski diagram, quantum yield, energy transfer, quenching. b) Photochemical reactions: isomerizations, fragmentation, additions, substitutions, eliminations, rearrangements, pericyclic reactions c) Photo electron transfer, photocatalysis, kemiluminescence, singlet oxygen, environmental photochemistry.
Kemija radikalov. a) Uvod. Lastnosti radikalov. Reaktivnost in stabilnost radikalov, delokalizacija in elektronski efekti. Metode za tvorbo radikalov.	Chemistry of radicals

- b) Metode za detekcijo in opazovanje radikalov in vzbujenih stanj (ESR, laserska bliskovna fotoliza)
- c) Reakcije radikalov, značilnosti radikalskih reakcij, verižne reakcije, inhibicija.
- d) Pomembne radikalske reakcije v organski sintezi.

Polimeri

- a) Uvod. Naravni polimeri, vrste polimerov, fizikalne lastnosti polimerov.
- b) Polimerizacija, vrste polimerizacije, reakcije na polimerih (zamreženje, graft polimerizacija), pretvorbe funkcionalnih skupin.
- c) Recikliranje, novi polimerni materiali.

- a) Introduction: Properties of radicals, reactivity and stability, delocalization and electronic effects, formation of radicals.
- b) Methods for detection and observation of radicals (ESR, Laser flash photolysis).
- c) Radical reactions: characteristics of radical processes, chain reactions, inhibition.
- d) Radical reactions in organic synthesis.

Polymers

- a) Introduction. Natural polymers, types of polymers, physical properties of polymers.
- b) Polymerization, types of polymerization, reactions on polymers (crosslinking, graft polymerization), transformation of functional groups.
- c) Recycling, novel polymeric materials.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- *Modern Physical Organic Chemistry*, Eric V. Anslyn e tal., University Science Books, 2006 (izbrana poglavja).

Dodatna literatura:

- *Principles and Applications of Photochemistry*, Brian Wardle, Wiley, 2009.
- *Advanced Free Radical Reactions for Organic Synthesis*, Hideo Togo, Elsevier, 2004.
- *Principles of Polymer Chemistry*, Third Edition, A. Ravve, Springer, 2012.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji predmeta

Študent nadgradi znanja iz področij fotokemije in kemije radikalov in polimerov. Predmet seznamni študente s spremembami organskih molekul pod vplivom svetlobe v plinasti fazi, raztopinah, v prisotnosti vzbujevalcev in v heterogenih sistemih ter s procesi v okolju. Študent spozna osnovne značilnosti in uporabo radikalskih reakcij in se nauči izvajati omenjene pretvorbe v laboratoriju. Spozna osnovne reakcije priprave in modifikacij polimerov ter osnove o lastnostih polimerov.

Objectives and competences:

Learning outcomes

Student acquires a new knowledge about the photochemical and photophysical phenomena and reactions. A student gets insight into the transformations of organic molecules under the influence of light and in the presence of sensitizers. Basic understanding of radicals and their reactions is supplemented by more detailed expertise about the properties of radicals, their behavior, typical radical reactions and synthetic use. Synthesis and properties of polymers, modification of polymer structure and functionality.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Poznavanje narave in uporabe fotokemičnih procesov ter pomen fotokemičnih reakcij v okolju.

Lastnosti radikalov. Značilnosti radikalskih procesov, uporaba radikalskih reakcij v sintezi. Neželeni procesi in preprečevanje.

Osnovne lastnosti in reakcije pridobivanja polimerov, modifikacije in uporaba polimerov v kemiji.

Uporaba

Študent bo znal izbrati, zasnovati in uporabiti fotokemične in radikalske reakcije za sintezo organskih spojin in polimerov.

Poznavanje neželenih radikalskih reakcij in njihovo preprečevanje.

Poznavanje načinov priprave različnih polimernih materialov in njihovih lastnosti ter transformacij.

Refleksija

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Characteristics of photochemical processes, their uses and importance of photochemical reactions in the environment.

Properties of radicals. Characteristics of radical reactions, use in synthesis. Undesired radical processes and their inhibition.

Basics of syntheses of polymers, modification and uses of polymers in chemistry.

Application

Ability to choose, to design and to apply photochemical or radical reactions for the synthesis of organic materials or polymers.

Knowledge about photochemical or oxidative deterioration reactions of organic materials and their inhibition.

<p>Študent bo zнал ugotoviti, kdaj poteka kemijski proces po fotokemični poti in kdaj je neka reakcija radikalnska ozziroma ionska. Z uporabo znanj, dobljenih pri tem predmetu bo zнал voditi proces v želeno smer.</p> <p>Prenosljive spretnosti</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Dostopanje do literarnih virov -Zbiranje, interpretacija in kritično vrednotenje podatkov -Identifikacija in reševanje problemov 	<p>Preparation and modification of polymeric materials to attain desired properties or functionality.</p> <p>Analysis</p> <p>Student will be able to distinguish photochemical and thermal processes, as well as radical and ionic ones.</p> <p>Skill-transference Ability</p> <p>Access to literature sources. Collection, interpretation and critical assessment of scientific information.</p> <p>Problem identification and solving.</p>
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji, laboratorijske vaje

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminar, laboratory work

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit Ustni izpit Pogoj za pristop k izpitu je uspešno opravljeno praktično delo

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

Written exam Oral exam Accomplished practical work is a prerequisite to exam attendance.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- KAWADA, Kosuke, OKANO, Koji, **ISKRA, Jernej**, KRAJNC, Peter, CAHARD, Dominique. Selectfluor^[sup](TM) on a PolyHIPE material as regenerative and reusable polymer-supported electrophilic fluorinating agent. *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*, ISSN 1615-4150. [Print ed.], 2017, vol. 359, no. 4, str. 584-589, doi: [10.1002/adsc.201601312](https://doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201601312). [COBISS.SI-ID [30090791](#)]
- MOŽINA, Štefan, STAVBER, Stojan, **ISKRA, Jernej**. Dual catalysis for the aerobic oxidation of benzyl alcohols - nitric acid and fluorinated alcohol. *European journal of organic chemistry*, ISSN 1434-193X, 2017, vol. 2017, no. 3, str. 448-452, doi: [10.1002/ejoc.201601339](https://doi.org/10.1002/ejoc.201601339). [COBISS.SI-ID [30184487](#)]
- BEDRAČ, Leon, **ISKRA, Jernej**. Iodine(I) reagents in hydrochloric acid-catalyzed oxidative iodination of aromatic compounds by hydrogen peroxide and iodine. *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*, ISSN 1615-4150. [Print ed.], 2013, vol. 355, no. 7, str. 1243-1248, doi: [10.1002/adsc.201300127](https://doi.org/10.1002/adsc.201300127). [COBISS.SI-ID [26709799](#)]

KARAKTERIZACIJA IN STABILNOST MATERIALOV KULTURNE DEDIŠČINE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:
Course title:
Članica nosilka/UL
Member:

Karakterizacija in stabilnost materialov kulturne dediščine
Characterisation and stability of materials from cultural heritage
UL FKKT

Študijski programi in stopnja

Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski
(od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)

Študijska smer

Ni členitve (študijski
program)

Letnik

1. letnik,
2. letnik

Semestri

izbirni

Izbirnost

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:

0100349

K2I15

Predavanja /Lectures

Seminar /Seminar

Vaje /Tutorials

Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials

Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study

Samostojno delo /Individual student work

ECTS

45

30

75

5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:

prof. dr. Irena Kralj Cigic, prof. dr. Matija Strlic

Vrsta predmeta/Course type:

izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:

Predavanja/Lectures:

Angleščina, Slovenščina

Vaje/Tutorial:

Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen
kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Materiali kulturne dediščine – uvod.
Osnove študija materialov kulturne dediščine – razumevanje kompleksnosti nehomogene in nedoločene sestave naravnih in naravno staranih materialov, starosti (metode datiranja) in provenience (arheometrija).

Stabilnost materialov kulturne dediščine.

Termoliza. Termooksidacija. Procesi razgradnje materialov pod vplivom kisika, avtooksidacija, antioksidanti. Fotoliza in fotoooksidacija.

Razgradnja pod vplivom onesnaževal. Vpliv SO₂, ozona, NO_x.

Metode stabilizacije materialov kulturne dediščine.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Cultural heritage materials – introduction.
Fundamentals of cultural heritage material studies – understanding of the complexity of inhomogeneous composition of natural and naturally aged materials, age (methods of dating) and provenience (archaeometry).

Stability of cultural heritage materials.

Thermolysis. Thermooxidation. Degradation processes of materials influenced by oxygen, autoxidation, antioxidants. Photolysis and photodegradation. The influence of pollutants. Influence of SO₂, ozone, NO_x.

Methods of stabilisation of cultural heritage materials.
Studies of durability of cultural heritage materials.

<p>Metode za študij trajnosti materialov kulturne dediščine.</p> <p>Pospošena razgradnja, modelni eksperimenti in eksperimenti v realnem okolju.</p> <p>Analitika in karakterizacija razgradnih produktov, kinetika razgradnje, modeliranje, kontrolirana razgradnja. Modeliranje življenjske dobe.</p> <p>Metode za karakterizacijo materialov kulturne dediščine.</p> <p>Porušne in neporušne metode, definicija.</p> <p>Mikrovzorčevanje, prostorska resolucija in specifičnost. Prenosna instrumentacija.</p> <p>Kolorimetrija, rentgenske metode, spektroskopija infrardeče svetlobe, metode na osnovi laserjev, kromatografske metode.</p> <p>Lasersko oslikovanje (skeniranje) predmetov, stavb, prostorov in izdelava 3D modelov.</p> <p>Monitoring okoljskih parametrov</p> <p>Senzorji za svetlobo, indikatorji (dozimetri) in analizne metode za spremljanje kemijskih onesnaževal.</p>	<p>Methods of accelerated ageing, model experiments and experiments in real environment. Analytical methods and characterisation of degradation products, kinetics of degradation, modelling, controlled degradation. Modelling of lifetime. Methods for cultural heritage material characterisation.</p> <p>Destructive and non-destructive methods – definitions. Microsampling, spatial resolution and specificity. Portable instrumentation.</p> <p>Colourimetry, X-ray methods, IR spectroscopy, laser-based analytical methods, chromatographic methods. Laser scanning of objects, buildings and spaces and 3D imaging.</p> <p>Monitoring of environmental parameters.</p> <p>Light sensors, indicators (dosimeters) and analytical methods for analysis of indoor and outdoor pollutants.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- M. Schreiner, M. Strlič: Handbook on the use of lasers in conservation and conservation science, COST, 2006. (elektronski vir)
- E. Ciliberto, G. Spoto, Modern analytical methods in art and archaeology. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 2000, 755 str. (25 %)

Dodatna literatura:

- Norman S. Allen, M. Edge, Fundamentals of Polymer Degradation and Stabilisation, Springer, 2001.
- Članki iz znanstvenih in strokovnih revij.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Študent se pri predmetu usposobi za raziskovalno delo na področju študija materialov kulturne dediščine, z upoštevanjem konteksta uporabe materiala in naravnih razgradnih procesov.

Kompetence: Obravnavna in uporaba specifičnih metod vzorčenja, analiznih metod in metod študija trajnosti materialov je povezana z obravnavano problematiko (case-studies) in nadgrajuje študentova predhodna znanja.

Objectives and competences:

Learning outcomes:

To gain knowledge of cultural heritage materials and fundamental analytical techniques in use for their characterisation. The student gains knowledge of environmental parameters affecting the lifetime expectancy of heritage materials and about the typical degradation processes.

Competences:

The course builds on case-studies and will provide an overview of sampling techniques, analytical methods and durability studies and thus builds on previous knowledge of chemistry and material science.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje
Študent bo razumel osnovne zakonitosti materialov kulturne dediščine - pojem trajnosti, razgradnje, življenjske dobe, zakonitosti razgradnih procesov in proceser postopke razvoja procesov stabilizacije. Poznal bo osnovne postopke karakterizacije in evaluacije analiznih rezultatov.
Uporaba

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension
To gain understanding of basic principles of cultural heritage materials- terms of durability, degradation, lifetime, principles of degradation processes and procedures for development of conservation procedures.

Application

<p>Študent bo zнал uporabiti principe oz. zakonitosti na primerih, ter zнал poiskati povezave s prakso. Zнал bo utemeljiti razvoj novih postopkov stabilizacije.</p> <p>Refleksija</p> <p>Zнал bo kritično ovrednotiti skladnosti med prakso in teorijo, neskladnosti bo zнал evaluirati.</p> <p>Prenosljive spremnosti</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sintetično, analitično, ustvarjalno mišljenje in reševanje problemov analitike in karakterizacije kulturne dediščine - uporaba znanja v praksi - iniciativnost/ ambicioznost, - osebna odgovornost in odgovornost do skupine, - vrednota stalnega osebnega strokovnega napredovanja 	<p>To gain application of principle on real cases and to find connections with practical use. To validate development of new conservation procedures.</p> <p>Analysis</p> <p>To critically evaluate consistency between theory and practice and to evaluate differences</p> <p>Skill-transference Ability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - synthetic, analytical, creative thinking and solving analytical problems and characterisation of cultural heritage -application of knowledge in practice -initiative / ambition -personal responsibility and group responsibility -values of permanent personal and professional progression
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, ki vključujejo strokovne ekskurzije v raziskovalne inštitucije.

Seminar: skupinsko in individualno projektno delo na izbrano tematiko, pisanje seminarske naloge, ustna predstavitev.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures including visits of research institutions.

Seminar: team and individual project work on selected theme, writing of seminar, oral presentation.

Načini ocenjevanja:

	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Seminar	40,00 %	Seminar
Pisni izpit	60,00 %	Written exam
Ocenjevanje: 6-10 (pozitivno), 1-5 (negativno)		Grading scale: 6-10 (positive), 1-5 (negative)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- M. Strlič, I. Kralj Cigić, J. Kolar, G. De Bruin, B. Pihlar. Non-destructive evaluation of historical paper based on pH estimation from VOC emissions. Sensors, 7 (2007) 3136-3145.
- M. Strlič, J. Thomas, T. Trafela, L. Csefalvayova, I. Kralj Cigić, J. Kolar, M. Cassar. Material degradomics : on the smell of old books. Analytical chemistry, 81 (2009) 8617-8622.
- K. L. Rasmussen, J. Gunneweg, J. Van Der Plicht, I. Kralj Cigić, A. D. Bond, B. Svensmark, M. Balla, M. Strlič, G. L. Doudna. On the age and content of Jar-35: a sealed and intact storage jar found on the southern plateau of Qumran. Archaeometry, 53 (2011) 791-808.
- DURAN-CASABLANCAS, Cristina, GRAU-BOVÉ, Josep, FEARN, Tom, STRLIČ, Matija. Accumulation of wear and tear in archival and library collections. Part 2, An epidemiological study. Heritage science, ISSN 2050-7445, Mar. 2019, vol. 7, str. 1-14, doi: 10.1186/s40494-019-0253-2.
- LIU, Yun, KRALJ CIGIĆ, Irena, STRLIČ, Matija. Kinetics of accelerated degradation of historic iron gall ink-containing paper. Polymer degradation and stability, ISSN 0141-3910, Aug. 2017, vol. 142, str. 255-262, doi: 10.1016/j.polymdegradstab.2017.07.010.
- MAHGOUB, Hend, BARDON, Tiphaine Blandine, LICHTBLAU, Dirk Andreas, FEARN, Tom, STRLIČ, Matija. Material properties of Islamic paper. Heritage science, ISSN 2050-7445, Nov. 2016, vol. 4, str. 1-14, ilustr. doi: 10.1186/s40494-016-0103-4.
- ORIOLA, Marta, MOŽIR, Alenka, GARSIDE, Paul, CAMPO, Gema, NUÑALART-TORROJA, Anna, CIVIL, Irene, ODLYHA, Marianne, CASSAR, May, STRLIČ, Matija. Looking beneath Dalí's paint : non-destructive canvas analysis. Analytical methods, ISSN 1759-9660, 2014, vol. 6, iss. 1, str. 86-96. doi: 10.1039/C3AY41094C.
- MOŽIR, Alenka, KRALJ CIGIĆ, Irena, MARINŠEK, Marjan, STRLIČ, Matija. Material properties of historic parchment : a reference collection survey. Studies in conservation : the journal of the International Institute for Conservation of Historic and Artistic Works, ISSN 0039-3630, May 2014, vol. 59, no. 3, str. 136-149. doi: 10.1179/2047058413Y.0000000100.

KATALIZA IN SODOBNA ORGANSKA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Kataliza in sodobna organska kemija
Course title:	Catalysis and Modern Organic Chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik	1. semester	izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0549174
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I23

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
15	15	45 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Marjan Jereb

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

- Temelji katalize (primerjava s klasično kemijo, bistvene razlike)
- Uvod in pomen katalize v organski kemiji (prednosti katalitskih reakcij v primerjavi s stehiometrijskimi)
- Pregled nekaterih katalitskih pretvorb:
-oksidacije (uporaba manj nevarnih oksidantov)
-redukcije (uporaba vodika in heterogenih katalizatorjev)
-kislinsko in bazno katalizirane reakcije (različni zeoliti kot katalizatorji v kemiji)
- Kataliza v neklasičnih medijih (kataliza faznega prenosa, v ionskih tekočinah, perfluoro topilih,...)
- Netipična aktivacija reaktantov (mehanokemija in pretvorbe pri visokih tlakih)

Content (Syllabus outline):

- Fundamentals of catalysis (comparison with classical chemistry, essential differences)
- Introduction and meaning of catalysis in organic chemistry (advantages of catalytic reactions in comparison with stoichiometric reactions)
- Survey of some of catalytic transformation:
-oxidation (application of less hazardous oxidants)
-reduction (use of hydrogen and heterogeneous catalysts)
-acid- and base-catalyzed reactions (various zeolites as catalysts in chemistry)
- Catalysis in non-classical media (phase-transfer catalysis, in ionic liquids, perfluorinated solvents,...)
- Non-typical activation of reactants (mechanochemistry and transformations under high pressure)

6. Kemikalije iz obnovljivih virov (pregled nekaterih kemikalij iz obnovljivih virov)

6. Chemicals from renewable sources (survey of some chemicals from renewable sources)

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- I. Arends, R. Sheldon, U. Hanefeld: *Green Chemistry and Catalysis*, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim 2007 (250 pages)
- Eco-Friendly Synthesis of Fine Chemicals, Roberto Ballini, Ed. RSC, 2009 (selected topics)
- Inovations in Green Chemistry and Green Engineering, P. T. Anastas, J. B. Zimmerman, Eds., Springer, 2012
(selected topics)

Cilji in kompetence:

- zavedanje globalnega problema onesnaženosti okolja in potencialnih rešitev, ki jih lahko ponudi kataliza
- pomen katalitskih reakcij v primerjavi s stehiometrijskimi pretvorbami
- poznavanje tipičnih oksidacij z uporabo manj nevarnih oksidantov in katalizatorjev
- tipične okolju prijazne redukcije z vodikom in heterogenimi katalizatorji
- poznavanje kislih in bazičnih zeolitov, ki se uporabljajo v katalizi
- poznavanje katalize v alternativnih reakcijskih medijih kot npr. kataliza faznega prenosa, katalitske reakcije v ionskih tekočinah in v perfluoriranih topilih
- poznavanje netipične aktivacije pri visokih tlakih in pri mehanokemijskih pogojih
- poznavanje alternativnih, obnovljivih surovin in njihovih pretvorb za sintezo nekaterih pomembnih kemikalij

Objectives and competences:

- awareness of the global issue of pollution of environment and potential solutions offered by catalysis
- importance of catalytic reactions in comparison with stoichiometric transformations
- knowledge of typical oxidations using less hazardous oxidants and catalysts
- typical environmentally friendly reductions utilizing hydrogen and heterogeneous catalysts
- knowledge of acidic and basic zeolites in catalysis
- knowledge of catalysis in alternative reaction media such as e.g. phase transfer catalysis, catalytic reactions in ionic liquids and in perfluorinated solvents
- knowledge of atypical activation at high pressures and under mechanochemical conditions
- knowledge of alternative, renewable raw materials and their transformations in synthesis of some of important chemicals

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

- poznavanje alternativnih sinteznih procesov
- poznavanje katalitskih pretvor
- sposobnost analize klasičnih pretvor in razvoj nadgradnje v okolju bolj prijazen proces
- znanje za načrtovanje novih, katalitskih, okolju bolj prijaznih transformacij
- sposobnost vrednotenja relevantnosti posameznih alternativnih procesov

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

- knowledge of alternative synthetic processes
- knowledge of catalytic transformations
- ability to analyse classic transformations and develop upgrades in an environmentally friendly process
- knowledge of designing of new, catalytic and environmentally friendly transformations
- ability to evaluate the relevance of individual alternative processes

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanje, seminarji, laboratorijske vaje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars and practical laboratory work.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

Pisni izpit, ki ga lahko nadomesti ustni izpit.	50,00 %	Written exam that can be replaced by oral exam.
Opravljene laboratorijske vaje.	50,00 %	Accomplished practical laboratory work.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- M. Jereb, M. Zupan, S. Stavber: Effective and selective iodofunctionalisation of organic molecules in water using the iodine-hydrogen peroxide tandem; *Chem. Commun.* 2004, 2614–2615.

-M. Jereb: Highly atom-economic, catalyst- and solvent-free oxidation of sulfides into sulfones using 30% aqueous H₂O₂; *Green Chem.*, 2012, **14**, 3047–3052.

-M. Jereb: Highly atom economical uncatalysed and I₂-catalysed silylation of phenols, alcohols and carbohydrates, using HDMS under solvent-free reaction conditions (SFRC); *Tetrahedron* 2012, **68**, 3861–3867.

-M. Jereb, D. Vražič: Iodine-catalyzed disproportionation of aryl-substituted ethers under solvent-free reaction conditions; *Org. Biomol. Chem.* 2013, **11**, 1978–1999.

-M. Jereb, L. Hribernik: Conversion of thiols into sulfonyl halogenides under aerobic and metal-free conditions; *Green Chem.* 2017, **19**, 2286–2295.



KEMOMETRIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Kemometrija
Course title:	Chemometrics
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0072217
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	K2I11S

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	15	15 SV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Matevž Pompe
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina:

Definicija merskega prostora (skalarji, vektorji, razdalje)
 Predstavili bomo definicije merskega prostora ter opisov populacije ter vzorca.
Osnove napovedne statistike
 Študenti se bodo spoznali z osnovnimi porazdelitvami, ki jih srečamo pri statističnih testih. Prav tako bodo dobili vpogled v predpostavke na katerih temeljijo obravnavani test. Detekcija izvenležečih točk.
Kalibracijska premica, meja zaznavnosti
 Obravnavali bomo kalibracijsko premico na primeru enakih ali neenakih varianc v merskem prostoru. Poudarek bo na kasnejšem testiranju modela ter izračunu merske negotovosti ob upoštevanju enačbe premice.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Definition of the measurement space (scalar , vector , distance)
 We will present the definition of the measurement area and descriptions of the population and the sample.
Basics of predictive statistics
 Students will learn the basic distributions encountered in statistical tests. They will also get an insight into the assumptions underlying the present test.
 Detection of outliers.
The calibration line , the limit of detection
 The procedure to obtain calibration line will be explained in the case of equal or unequal variances in metric space. The focus will be on model validation and measurement uncertainty calculation taking into account the calibration line equation.

Izdelava modelov (linearni, nelinearni) V okviru tega poglavja bodo študenti spoznali osnove večkratne linearne regresije, PLS, PCR kot primeri linearne regresije, med nelinearnimi tehnikami pa bomo predstavili različne umetne nevronske mreže.	Modeling (linear and nonlinear) In this chapter, students will learn the basics of multiple linear regression , PLS, PCR as examples of the linear regression. As example of the non-linear techniques various artificial neural networks will be presented.
Transformacije merskega prostora Predstavili bomo nekatere pogoste transformacije merskega prostora (npr. PCA,...), ki jih uporabljamo za boljšo predstavitev več dimenzionalnih merskih prostorov.	Transformation of the measurement space Some common measurement space transformation will be presented (eg PCA , ...), which are used to enable the graphical presentation of the multi-dimensional metric spaces .
Optimizacija (genetski algoritem) ter eksperimentalni načrt Študenti bodo spoznali oba navedena postopka optimizacije v večdimenzionalnem merskem sistemu, kot tudi postopke večnivojskega načrtovanja eksperimentov z namenom zmanjšanja potrebnega števila meritev.	6 Filtering of noise Students will learn simple procedures for noise filtrations in the experimental measurements.
Grupiranje Predstavili bomo enostavne postopke grupiranja podatkov v večdimenzionalnem merskem prostoru, kot tudi uporabo umetnih nevronskeih mrež v temenamene.	Optimization (genetic algorithm) and experimental design Students will learn about both procedures for optimization in multi-dimensional measurement system. They will gain knowledge on multi-level experimental design in order to reduce the number of required experiments.
Vrednotenje modelov Spoznali bomo osnovne postopke za delitev podatkov v več setov potrebnih za učenje in testiranje modela. Prav tako bomo obravnavali metode, ki jih uporabljamo pri testiranju različnih modelov.	Clustering We will present a simple procedure for clustering of data in a multidimensional space of measurements, as well as the use of artificial neural networks for the same purpose.
Matematične reprezentacije kemijskih struktur Spoznali bomo nekatere enostavne reprezentacije kemijskih struktur, ki jih lahko uporabljamo pri modeliranju povezav med kemijsko strukturo in lastnostmi molekul (QSAR, QSPR). Osnove topoloških indeksov-	Model validation We will learn the basic procedures for dividing data in different sets needed for model validation (learning and testing set). We will also discuss the methods used in various model validation.
Razlike med različnimi tipi QSAR modelov Modeli za odkrivanje novih zdravil, modeli za regulativo novih zdravil, modeli za regulativo	Mathematical representation of chemical structures Some simple representations of chemical structures that can be used in modeling the relationship between chemical structure and properties of molecules (QSAR , QSPR) will be discussed. Basic concepts of topological indices. Differences between various types of QSAR models. Models used for drug discovery, models for regulatory purposes

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- D.L. Massart, B.G.M. Vandeginste, L.C.C. Buydens, S. De Yong, P.J. Lewi, J. Smeyers-Verbeke: handbook of Chemometrics and Qualimetrics, Elsevier, 2003 (700 strani, 30%).

Dodatno

ZUPAN, Jure. Kemometrija in obdelava eksperimentalnih podatkov. Ljubljana: Kemijski inštitut: Inštitut Nove revije, Zavod za humanistiko, 2009. 368 str., ilustr. ISBN 978-961-92463-3-7.

Cilji in kompetence:

- Cilji:* a) Seznaniti študente s teorijo in uporabo kemomentričnih metod za:
- Pripravo eksperimentov
 - Predobdelavo merskih podatkov
 - Vrednotenje podatkov in rezultatov dobljenih pri eksperimentih z večjim številom spremenljivk

Objectives and competences:

- Objectives**
- a) To acquaint students with the theory and applications of chemometric procedures for:
- Preparation of experiments
 - Pretreatment of experimental data

<p>b) Podati osnove modeliranja, iskanja inverznih modelov ter vrednotenja statistične zanesljivosti dobljenih modelov.</p> <p>c) Omogočiti študentom neposredni dostop do računalnikov ter ustrezne programske opreme za izvedbo naštetih testov.</p> <p><i>Kompetence:</i> Študent bo usposobljen kritično ovrednotiti eksperimentalne podatke, poiskati vzorce v večdimenzionalnih merskih prostorih ter izdelati nekatere enostavne modele, ki povezujejo merski prostor z določeno lastnostjo opazovanega sistema.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of data and results obtained from experiments with a large number of variables b) Provide the basics of modeling, search for inverse models and the statistical evaluation of the obtained models. c) To allow students direct access to computers and relevant software for carrying out the above tests. <p>Competences</p> <p>Student will be able to critically evaluate experimental data to find patterns in multi-dimensional metric spaces, and create some simple models to use measurement space in order to explain some characteristics of the observed system.</p>
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Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje Študent se bo naučil kritično uporabljati kemometrične metode. Razumeti bo moral njihovo delovanje. Pri predmetu bo spoznal njihove bistvene prednosti ter omejitve.	Uporaba Znanja bodo uporabljena v analiznih laboratorijih za zagotavljanje kakovosti rezultatov. Prav tako se bodo znanja uporabljala pri raziskavah v okolju ter analizi živil za razpoznavanje vzorcev ter izdelavi napovednih modelov.	Refleksija Študent bo sposoben samostojno obdelovati eksperimentalne podatke v večdimenzionalnem vektorskem prostoru, v njih poiskati skrite vzorce ter izdelati in validirati enostavne linearne modele.	Prenosljive spretnosti Študenti se naučijo kritično podajati in interpretirati eksperimentalne rezultate in izdelati ter validirati enostavne modele.
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Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension The students will learn to critically apply chemometric methods. They will understand their operation as well as their main advantages and limitations.	Application Knowledge will be used in analytical laboratories to ensure the quality of the results. The obtained knowledge will be used in the environmental and food research for pattern recognition and the creation of predictive models.	Analysis Students will be able to independently process the experimental data in multi-dimensional vector space and find the hidden patterns and to establish and validate a simple linear models.	Skill-transference Ability Students learn to critically present and interpret experimental results and to create and validate simple models.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja s seminarji.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures and seminar work.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni in ustni izpit. ocene od 6-10 (pozitivno) oz. 1-5 (negativno).

Delež/Weight Assessment:

Written and oral exam Grades: positive 6-10; negative 1-5.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. **POMPE, Matevž**, DAVIS, Joe M., SAMUEL, Clint D. Prediction of thermodynamic parameters in gas chromatography from molecular structure : hydrocarbons. *J. chem. inf. comput. sci.*, 2004, vol. 44, no. 2, str. 399-409.
2. **POMPE, Matevž**. Variable connectivity index as a tool for solving the 'anti-connectivity' problem. *Chem. Phys. Lett.*. [Print ed.], 2005, vol. 404, no. 4/6, str. 296-299.
3. KOLAR, Jana, ŠTOLFA, Andrej, STRLIČ, Matija, **POMPE, Matevž**, PIHLAR, Boris, BUDNAR, Miloš, SIMČIČ, Jurij, REISSLAND, Birgit. Historical iron gall ink containing documents - properties affecting their condition. *Anal. chim. acta*. [Print ed.], 2006, vol. 555, str. 167-174.

KOORDINACIJSKA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Koordinacijska kemija
Course title:	Coordination chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0100346
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	K2I01

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Franc Perdih
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:	Prerequisites:
Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:	Content (Syllabus outline):
<p>Vsebina predmeta Koordinacijska kemija predstavlja nadaljevanje vsebine predmetov s področja anorganske kemije s prve bolonjske stopnje (Anorganska kemija) z bolj samostojno praktično uporabo sintezičnih metod in osnovne karakterizacije, praviloma pri koordinacijskih spojinah. Natančna karakterizacija spojin temelji na povezavi podatkov iz struktурne analize in analize realnega vzorca s poudarkom na:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ugotavljanju čistosti in istovetnosti snovi z znano spojino. - Ugotavljanju vrste kemijskih vezi in povezovanja v spojini. Poudarek je na kovina ligand $M \cdots L$ (N, O, Cl) donor/akceptor splošni koordinacijski vezi in $M \cdots C$ organokovinski vezi 	<p>A content of the Coordination Chemistry subject represents a continuation of the other inorganic chemistry field subjects from the first cycle study programs (Inorganic Chemistry) with more independent practical applicaton of the synthetic methods along with the basic characterization, typically of the coordination compounds. A detailed characterization of compounds is based on structural and real samples analysis data correlation focussing on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Purity and identity determination of a material with the known compound. - A type of the chemical bond analysis within the compound. Focus onto metal ligand $M \cdots L$ (N, O, Cl) donor/acceptor general coordination bond and $M \cdots C$ organometallic bond.

<p>- opisu sfere ligandov okrog kovinskega iona z najpogostejšimi N, O, Cl in C donorskimi atomi.</p> <p>- Primerjavi strukturnih in analiznih podatkov s podatki kemijsko sorodnih spojin.</p> <p>Splošne vsebine se predela na predavanjih in seminarjih, praktične na vajah v laboratoriju.</p> <p>Vsebina vaj: Sinteza koordinacijskih spojin na osnovi znanih literaturnih podatkov. Temu sledi natančna karakterizacija spojin s spektroskopskimi metodami, merjenjem magnetnih lastnosti ter prevodnosti. Vaje obsegajo uporabo metod IR in UV-Vis spektroskopije, magnetne susceptibilnosti ter električne prevodnosti.</p> <p>Metode karakterizacije ter primeri spojin so izbrani tako, da študentom omogočajo celovit in zaokrožen opis sintetiziranih spojin.</p> <p>Eksperimentalne vaje potekajo v skupinah z dvema do štirimi študenti ob mentorstvu učitelja ali asistenta.</p>	<p>- The coordination sphere of the metal ion description with the most common N, O, Cl in C donor atoms.</p> <p>- A comparison of structural and analytical data of the chemically related compounds</p> <p>General contents will be accessed by lectures and seminars, practical work in the laboratory.</p> <p>Content of lab work: Synthesis of coordination compounds based on known literature data, followed by their detailed characterization with the spectroscopic, the magnetic susceptibility and the electrical conductivity methods.</p> <p>Practical methods include applying of IR and UV-Vis spectroscopy, magnetic susceptibility and electrical conductivity methods. Characterization methods and synthesized compound examples are selected to be completely and thoroughly described by the students.</p> <p>Experiments are conducted in groups of two to four students with the assistance of a teacher or an assistant.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Chapman and Hall, 5. Izd. 1996, 7., 32. poglavje.
- M. Bochmann, Organometallics 1. Complexes with transition metal-carbon σ -bonds, Oxford University Press, 1994.
- M. Bochmann, Organometallics. 2, Complexes with transition metal-carbon π -bonds, Oxford University Press, 2009.
- Dopolnilna literatura / additional readings:
- A. K. Brisdon, Inorganic Spectroscopic Methods, Oxford Univ. Press, 1993.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Načrtovanje projekta, ki obsega iskanje literature za sintezni postopek, sintezo spojine, njihovo analizo ter vrednotenje rezultatov s preverjanjem ujemanja rezultatov s podatki, navedenimi v objavljeni literaturi

- Podrobnejša uporaba metod, primernih za karakterizacijo koordinacijskih spojin

Kompetence: Študenti bi začrtane naloge opravili z večjo mero samostojnosti, kar predstavlja realni prehod med opravljanjem in reševanjem preprostejših napisanih izzivov, s katerimi se srečajo na osnovnem nivoju študija ter višjo samostojnostjo, ki se na ustreznom delovnem mestu pričakuje od osebe z izobrazbo druge bolonjske stopnje.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Planning of the project comprising searching via literature for the synthesis procedure, the synthesis of compounds, their results analysis and evaluation by comparing them with the literature data.

- A detailed methods application, suitable for the characterization of the coordination compounds

Competences: Students shall outlined tasks perform by the highest possible autonomy, revealing actual transition from the performance and solving of simple written challenges, facing on a basic study level and higher independence, which is at a specific working place expected for a person with a second cycle degree.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Študenti so sposobni samostojno načrtovati sintezno shemo spojine, jo potem izpeljati in sintetizirano koordinacijsko spojino natančno okarakterizirati. Imajo pregled nad dosegljivimi metodami in znajo oceniti njihovo uporabnost.

Uporaba

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Students are independently able to design the coordination compounds synthesis scheme, perform that synthesis and accurately characterize the synthesized coordination compound. Show an overview of the accessible methods and know how to evaluate their applicability.

Application

Načrtovanje izvedbe projekta je namenjeno predvsem reševanju zahtevnejših nalog, s katerimi se kemik pogosto sreča pri nadaljevanju študija ali pri delu. Potek od namena po izolaciji spojine in uporabe postopkov za njen opis proti morebitni oceni njene praktične uporabnosti je pogosto zahteven in dolgotrajen. Metode, ki jih študentje srečajo in uporabljo pri tem predmetu, so lahko dostopne in omogočajo razne analize, od preprostih do bolj zapletenih.

Refleksija

Pridobljena znanja bodo študentu omogočila analizo izzivov pri reševanju nalog, s katerimi se bo srečeval v laboratoriju. Uporabil bo lahko primerno metodo, jo samostojno izpeljal ali vodil skupino ljudi pri določenem delovnem procesu.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Po končanem študiju bo izpeljava začrtane naloge na osnovi lastnega načrtovanja izvedbe tista bistvena sposobnost, ki se od strokovno usposobljene osebe pričakuje. Skupaj z znanjem, potrebnim za iskanje primernih virov informacij, nujnih pri izvedbi delovnih postopkov na določenem delovnem mestu, bo to morda največja prednost takšne osebe.

A plan for a project execution is structurized primarily to complex tasks solving, a chemist often meets at advanced studies or professional careers. The procedure from an intention for a compound isolation and its characterization towards assessment of its potential practical application is often difficult and time consuming. The methods students meet and apply in this course are easily accessible enabling various analyses, from routine to more specific. Analysis

The acquired knowledge will enable students to analyse the challenges at addressed tasks, encountering in the laboratory. The appropriate method will be chosen, carried out independently or even as a group leader in a particular working process.

Skill-transference Ability

A practical application of an own planned task, will be the essential from the professionally qualified person. Along with the knowledge needed to find appropriate information sources, being necessary at the work processes execution at the specific working place, this may be the most important advantage of such a person.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- predavanja,
- seminarji,
- praktične vaje v laboratoriju.

Learning and teaching methods:

- lectures,
- seminars,
- practical exercises in the lab.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit po uspešno opravljenem praktičnem delu. Ocene: pozitivno 6-10

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

Written exam after practical work successfully completed. Positive grades 6-10

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. D. Sanna, J. Palomba, G. Lubinu, P. Buglyó, S. Nagy, **F. Perdih**, E. Garribba: Role of ligands in the uptake and reduction of V(V) complexes in red blood cells. *J. Med. Chem.* **2019**, 62, 654–664.
2. T. Koleša Dobravc, K. Maejima, Y. Yoshikawa, A. Meden, H. Yasui, **F. Perdih**: Bis(picolinato) complexes of vanadium and zinc as potential antidiabetic agents: synthesis, structural elucidation and in vitro insulin-mimetic activity study. *New J. Chem.* **2018**, 42, 3619–3632.
3. T. Koleša Dobravc, E. Lodyga-Chruscinska, M. Symonowicz, D. Sanna, A. Meden, **F. Perdih**, E. Garribba: Synthesis and characterization of VIVO complexes of picolinate and pyrazine derivatives. Behavior in the solid state and aqueous solution and biotransformation in the presence of blood plasma proteins. *Inorg. Chem.* **2014**, 53, 7960–7976.

MAGISTRSKO DELO

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Magistrsko delo
Course title:	Master's Thesis
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Kemija (smer)	2. letnik	Celoletni	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0149486
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	KE223

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
				750	750	50

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:

Vrsta predmeta/Course type:

Jeziki/Languages:

Predavanja/Lectures:	
Vaje/Tutorial:	

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Magistrsko delo se opravlja na področju kemije. Vsebina in naslov se določata v soglasju z izbranim mentorjem – nosilcem ene izmed vsebin v programu.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Master's thesis is performed in one of the areas of chemistry. Contents and Master's thesis title are agreed upon with the mentor.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

Knjige in članki, ki so povezani z vsebino magistrskega dela.
Books and journal articles related to the research topic.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj: Dokončno oblikovanje pričakovanega lika magistranta. Študent bo ob izdelavi magistrske naloge pokazal sposobnosti iskanja in zaznavanja kemijskih problemov in zнал poiskati rešitev za tak problem.
Kompetence: Pri delu bo pokazal, da je pridobil večino kompetenc navedenih v programu študija.

Objectives and competences:

Final formation of the competences of a master's degree candidate; Through carrying out research for the master's thesis students should be able to demonstrate the skills for autonomous identification of a problem and finding solutions, thus proving that specific competences from other courses have been acquired.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Pri izdelavi magistrskega dela bo slušatelj pridobil:

- sposobnosti formuliranja problema,
- sposobnosti samostojnega iskanja ustrezne literature,
- sposobnosti obravnavanja problema v praksi,
- sposobnosti iskanja kvantitativnih rešitev in utemeljevanja ustreznosti rešitev,
- sposobnosti predstavitev rezultatov svojega dela.

Uporaba

Znanje in pridobljene veščine bo magistrant lahko uporabil pri opravljanju poklica.

Refleksija

Povezovanje vseh pridobljenih teoretičnih znanj z reševanjem problemov na področju kemije ter kritični pogled na uporabnost teh znanj.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Pri delu bo magistrant pridobil znanja o metodah reševanja kompleksnih problemov, o načinu prezentacije teh znanj v pisani in govorjeni obliki, povezani z ostalimi metodami posredovanja raziskav, ugotovitev itd.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Ability to formulate the problem and research literature independently; Ability of independent problem managing in practice; Ability of independent quantitative problem solving and argumentation of the solution; Ability of presenting results of research work.

Application

Acquired skills are necessary for professional work.

Analysis

Integration of knowledge from different topics from chmistry and supporting sciences; Development of a critical view on the knowledge applicability.

Skill-transference Ability

Ability of solving complex problems using different methods; Ability of presenting research results in a written and oral form.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Individualno delo mentorja in samostojno študijsko in raziskovalno delo.

Learning and teaching methods:

Independent research work supervised by the mentor.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Ocenjuje se magistrsko delo (50 %) in zagovor magistrskega dela (50 %).

Komisijo sestavlja predsednik, mentor in član. Lestvica ocen vsakega dela je od 1 do 10. Ocene 1 do 5 so negativne, ocene 6do 10 pa pozitivne in sicer: 6-⊓-zadostno, 7-⊓- dobro, 8 in 9-⊓-prav dobro, 10-⊓-odlično

Delež/Weight**Assessment:**

Master's thesis and its presentation are graded separately by a three-member commission (chairman, mentor, additional member) against the grading scale from 1-10 (grades from 6 – 10 are positive and 1 -5 negative (6-pass, 7-fair, 8 and 9-very good, 10-excellent).

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

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MATEMATIKA II

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Matematika II
Course title:	Mathematics II
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	1. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072218
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2123

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30 SV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: Matjaž Konvalinka

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Integrali: integrali s parametrom, funkciji gama in beta, dvojni in trojni integrali, računanje integralov v kartezičnih, polarnih, cilindričnih in sferičnih koordinatah, parametrizacije krivulj in ploskev, krivuljni in ploskovni integrali skalarnih in vektorskih polj, dolžine krivulj, površine ploskev in prostornine teles, delo in pretok vektorskega polja, konservativna polja, Greenova formula, Stokesov In Gaussov izrek. Fourierove vrste: periodične funkcije, Fourierovi koeficienti, sinusna in kosinusna vrsta, reševanje diferencialnih enačb s pomočjo Fourierovega razvoja, valovna enačba.

Verjetnost in statistika: osnovni kombinatorični problemi, osnovni pojmi o dogodkih, neodvisni dogodki, pogojna verjetnost, Bayesov obrazec, slučajne spremenljivke (zvezne in diskretne),

Content (Syllabus outline):

Integrals: integrals with a parameter, gamma and beta functions, double and triple integral, Cartesian, polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates, parametrization of curves and surfaces, line and surface integrals of scalar and vector fields, length, area and volume, flux and work, conservative fields, Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem, divergence theorem.

Fourier series: periodic functions, Fourier coefficients, sine and cosine series, solving differential equations using Fourier expansion, wave equation.

Probability and statistics: basic combinatorial problems, basic notions about events, independent events, conditional probability, Bayes' formula, discrete and continuous random variables, probability distribution function, expected value, variance,

porazdelitvene funkcije, matematično upanje, varianca, standardna deviacija, kovarianca in korelacija, centralni limitni izrek.	standard deviation, covariance, correlation, central limit theorem.
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

1. Josip Globevnik in Miha Brojan: Analiza II, FMF, 2012 (Poglavlje dvojni in trojni integral).
2. Anton Suhadolc: Metrični prostor, Hilbertov prostor, Fourierova analiza, Laplaceova transformacija, DMFA 1998 (poglavlji Fourierove vrste in Fourierova transformacija).
3. Milan Hladnik: Verjetnost in statistika, Založba FE in FRI, 2002 (poglavlje Verjetnost in statistika)

Dopolnilna literatura:

1. P. Mizori-Oblak: Matematika za študente tehnike in naravoslovja, 2. Del FS, 1997.
2. H. P. Greenspan, D.J. Benney / J.E. Turner: Calculus: an introduction to applied mathematics, McGraw-Hill, Toronto, 1986
3. Rajko Jamnik: Matematika, DMFA Slovenije, 1994.
4. Bojan Magajna, <http://www.fmf.uni-lj.si/~magajna/Matematika2KEM/osnovna.htm>

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta: Seznaniti študente z nekaterimi pojmi in metodami matematične analize in verjetnostnega računa, ki jih naravoslovec pogosto potrebuje pri svojem delu in omogočajo bolše razumevanje drugih strokovnih predmetov.

Predmetno specifične kompetence: Pridobljeno znanje bo študentu omogočilo globlje razumevanje nekaterih področij kemije. Na primer, dobrega razumevanja strukture atomov in molekul (ali pa določenih tehnoških procesov) si ni mogoče zamisliti brez ustreznega znanja matematike, ki vključuje celotno vsebino predmeta.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: students are acquainted with notions and methods of mathematical analysis and probability theory that are often used by scientists and help in understanding other subjects.

Competences: better understanding of some topics in chemistry, for example the structure of the atoms cannot be well understood without basics in Hilbert space techniques.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Razširiti znanje in poglobiti razumevanje pridobljeno pri predmetih matematika 1 in matematika 2 ter spoznati nove matematične metode, uporabne v drugih znanostih.

Uporaba

V naravoslovju (npr. verjetnosti v kinetični teoriji plinov, Fourierove transformacije v kvantni fiziki in kemiji...)

Refleksija

Kljub abstraktnejši naravi, je tematika predmeta zelo uporabna pri konkretnih problemih iz kemije ali fizike, tako da je na mnogih univerzah to obvezni del programa študija kemije.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Znanje, ki ga nudi predmet, je osnova za bolše razumevanje vsebin nekaterih drugih predmetov in (na primer) za uspešno uporabo računalniških modelov v znanosti in tehnologiji.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Extending knowledge and widening comprehension of mathematics acquired in the courses Mathematics I and II, learning new methods that are applicable to chemistry.

Application

Probability is used in the theory of gasses, Fourier transform in quantum physics and chemistry and so on.

Analysis

The mathematics contained in the proposed course is useful in studying problems in chemistry and physics.

Skill-transference Ability

The acquired knowledge is basic for a better understanding of other courses and application of computer modelling in science and technology.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, vaje, sodelovalno učenje /poučevanje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, tutorial, homework, consultations

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight Assessment:

(a) kolokviji, pisni izpiti, ustni izpiti. (b) domače seminarne naloge, če se bo to pokazalo za potrebno in koristno. Od 6-10 (pozitivno) oz. 1-5 (negativno) oz. opravil/ ni opravil; ob upoštevanju Statuta UL in fakultetnih pravil.		(a) Written examination, oral examination (b) Seminar if necessary Grading: 6 – 10 (positive), 1 -5 (negative)
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Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

BEHREND, Roger E., FISCHER, Ilse, KONVALINKA, Matjaž. Diagonally and antidiagonally symmetric alternating sign matrices of odd order. *Advances in mathematics*. July 2017, vol. 315, str. 324-365. ISSN 0001-8708. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aim.2017.05.014>, DOI: [10.1016/j.aim.2017.05.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aim.2017.05.014). [COBISS.SI-ID 18594137]

KONVALINKA, Matjaž. The role of residue and quotient tables in the theory of k-Schur functions. *Journal of combinatorial theory. Series A*. 2015, vol. 136, str. 1-38. ISSN 0097-3165.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcta.2015.06.003>. [COBISS.SI-ID 17339993]

KONVALINKA, Matjaž, PAK, Igor. Triangulations of Cayley and Tutte polytopes. *Advances in mathematics*. 2013, vol. 245, str. 1-33. ISSN 0001-8708. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aim.2013.06.012>. [COBISS.SI-ID 16706905]

METODE SIPANJA ZA DOLOČANJE STRUKTURE IN DINAMIKE V NANOSISTEMIH

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet: Course title:	Metode sisanja za določanje strukture in dinamike v nanosistemih METHODS OF SCATTERING FOR DETERMINING STRUCTURE AND DYNAMICS IN NANOSYSTEMS
Članica nosilka/UL Member:	UL FKKT

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0100350
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	K2I20

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Andrej Jamnik, prof. dr. Matija Tomšič
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina Angleščina, Slovenščina
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Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	Prerequisites: The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina:	Content (Syllabus outline):
Uvod v metode sisanja Svetloba. Interakcija svetlobe s snovjo. Lorentzov model. Lorentzova limita in limita sisanja. Interferenca.	Introduction to scattering methods Light. Interaction of light with matter. Lorentz model. Lorentz limit and scattering limit. Interference.
Statično sisanje laserske svetlobe (metoda SLS) Rayleighovo sisanje, RDG področje. Teorija fluktuacij za razredčene sisteme. Zimmov diagram. Monodisperzni in polidisperzni sistemi. Eksperimentalni sistem.	Static light scattering (SLS method) Rayleigh scattering. RDG domain. Fluctuation theory for dilute systems. Zimm plot. Monodisperse and polydisperse systems. Experimental setup.
Ozkokotno rentgensko sisanje (metoda SAXS) Rayleigh-Debye-Gansova (RDG) teorija. Sisanje in inverzni problem sisanja. Razredčeni monodisperzni sistemi. Radij giracije, molska masa. Indirektna	Small-angle X-ray scattering (SAXS method) Rayleigh Debye Gans (RDG) theory. Scattering problem and inverse scattering problem. Dilute monodisperse systems. Radius of gyration, molar mass. Indirect Fourier transformation (ITP method).

<p>Fourierova transformacija - metoda IFT. Parska porazdelitvena funkcija razdalj. Notranja struktura delcev. Koncentrirani sistemi. Pospoljena indirektna Fourierova transformacija – metoda GIFT.</p> <p>Eksperimentalni sistem. Aplikacije metode SAXS. Osnove ozkokotnega nevronskoga sisanja: kontrast in variacija kontrasta, selektivno devteriranje.</p> <p>Ozkokotno in širokokotno sisanje rentgenske svetlobe (SWAXS). Računanje rentgenskega sisanja modelnih sistemov z računalniškimi simulacijami. Metoda dopolnjenega sistema.</p> <p>Dinamično sisanje laserske svetlobe (metoda DLS)</p> <p>Difuzija in hidrodinamski radij delcev.</p> <p>Avtokorelacijska funkcija. Koncentracijski efekti.</p> <p>Inverzna Laplaceova transformacija avtokorelacijske funkcije. Rotacijski difuzijski koeficient. Ergodijski in neergodijski sistemi. Različne inačice tehnike DLS: 3D-DLS, 'multispeckle DLS' in 'echo DLS'.</p> <p>Laboratorijske vaje</p> <p>Projektne vaje: Strukturne raziskave izbranih nanostrukturiranih sistemov z metodami SAXS, SLS in DLS – izvedba eksperimentov ter analiza in interpretacija meritev sisanja.</p>	<p>Pair distance distribution function. Internal structure of particles. Concentrated systems. Generalized indirect Fourier transformation (GIFT method). Experimental setup. Applications of SAXS method. Basic of small-angle neutron scattering (SANS method). Contrast variation. Selective deuteration. Small- and wide-angle X-ray scattering (SWAXS). Calculation of the x-ray scattering by computer simulations.</p> <p>Complemented system approach method. Dynamic light scattering (DLS method)</p> <p>Diffusion coefficient and hydrodynamic radius of particles. Autocorrelation function. Concentration effects. Inverse Laplace transformation of autocorrelation function. Rotation diffusion coefficient. Ergodic and non-ergodic (arrested) systems. Variants of DLS technique: 3D-DLS, multispeckle DLS, and echo DLS.</p> <p>Project works</p> <p>Structural investigation of chosen nano-systems by SAXS, SLS and DLS – performing experiments and analysis and interpretation of experimental data</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- O. Glatter, Scattering Methods and their Application in Colloid and Interface Science, Elsevier, (2018), 40 % od 404 str., ISBN 978-0-12-813580-8
- O. Glatter in O. Kratky, Small Angle X-Ray Scattering, Academic Press, 2. izdaja (1983), 30 % od 510 str., ISBN 0-12-286280-5
- B. J. Berne in R. Pecora, Dynamic Light Scattering: With Application to Chemistry, Biology, and Physics, Dover Publications (2000), 20 % od 372 str., ISBN 978-0-486-41155-2

Dopolnilna literatura

- P. Lindner in T. Zemb, Neutrons, X-rays and Light: Scattering Methods Applied to Soft Condensed Matter, Elsevier (2002), 541 str., ISBN 0-444-51122-9
- R. J. Roe, Methods of X-Ray and Neutron Scattering in Polymer Science, Oxford University Press (2000), 315 str., ISBN 978-0-19-511321-1
- A. Jamnik, Metode sisanja za določanje strukture in dinamike v nanosistemih, zapiski predavanj.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je spoznavanje različnih eksperimentalnih metod, ki temeljijo na sisanju rentgenskih žarkov in nevronov pod majhnimi koti ter sisanju laserske svetlobe. Te metode se uporabljajo za določevanje strukturnih in dinamičnih značilnosti nanosistemov.

Študenti si pri predmetu pridobijo naslednje specifične kompetence:

- razumevanje teorijskega ozadja sisanja svetlobe
- pridobitev eksperimentalnih veščin za merjenje ozkokotnega rentgenskega sisanja ter statičnega in dinamičnega sisanja laserske svetlobe
- sistematičnost pristopa pri reševanju projektne naloge
- uporaba računalniške programske opreme za analizo meritev sisanja

Objectives and competences:

The aim of the course is to learn the different experimental methods, which are based on the small-angle scattering of X-rays and neutrons, and laser light scattering. These methods are used to determine the structural and dynamic characteristics of nanosystems.

Students of the course gain the following specific competences:

- Understanding the theoretical background of light scattering
- The acquisition of skills for the experimental measurement of small-angle scattering and static and dynamic laser light scattering
- A systematic approach to dealing with project tasks
- The use of computer software for the analysis of experimental data

- usposobljenost za samostojno reševanje projektnih nalog in za izdelavo poročil	- Ability to independently solve project tasks and to write scientific reports
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Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Osnovno teorijsko znanje o interakciji elektromagnetnega valovanja (vidna svetloba, rentgenski žarki) s snovjo. Razumevanje pojava sipanja na posameznih sipalnih centrih ter interference sekundarnih valov. Razumevanje pojmov, ki se uporabljajo pri teorijskih obravnavah sipanja, in zakonitosti, ki sledijo iz teh obravnav. Poznavanje eksperimentalnih sistemov za merjenje rentgenskega in laserskega sipanja. Poznavanje numeričnih metod za obdelavo in interpretacijo meritev sipanja ter možnih zaključkov o strukturnih parametrih, ki sledijo iz te analize.

Uporaba

Uporaba metod sipanja za določitev struktturnih in dinamičnih lastnosti zelo različnih sistemov, pri katerih gre za notranjo strukturiranost v koloidnem (nano) območju dimenziij (biološki sistemi - proteini, nukleinske kisline, membrane, makromolekule, polimeri, surfaktanti, mikroemulzije).

Refleksija

Občutek za povezavo med splošno teorijo in modelnimi izračuni sipanja, ki iz te sledijo, ter eksperimentalni rezultati. Kritično ovrednotenje rezultatov, ki sledijo iz numerične analize meritev sipanja.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Zbiranje in uporaba znanstvenih člankov pri projektnem (raziskovalnem) delu. Poročanje o predelani literaturi, predstavitev rezultatov projektnih vaj, ter pisanje poročila v obliki znanstvenega članka.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Basic theoretical knowledge of the interaction of electromagnetic radiation (visible light, X-rays) with the matter. Understanding the phenomenon of scattering on the individual scattering centres and the interference of secondary waves. Understanding of the concepts used in theoretical treatments of scattering, and of general laws, which follow from these treatments. Knowledge of the experimental system for measuring the X-ray and laser scattering. Knowledge of numerical methods for the data treatment and interpretation of experimental data, and of possible conclusions about the structural parameters that follow from this analysis.

Application

The use of scattering methods to determine the structural and dynamic properties of very different systems which show internal structure of colloidal (nano) dimensions (biological systems - proteins, nucleic acids, membranes, macromolecules, polymers, surfactants, microemulsions).

Analysis

Connection between the general scattering theory and model calculations that follow from this theory, and the experimental results. Critical evaluation of the results arising from the numerical analysis of experimental scattering data.

Skill-transference Ability

Collection and use of scientific articles in the project research work. Reporting on the used literature, presentation of the results of project work and report writing in the form of a scientific article.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji, projektne laboratorijske vaje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars, and laboratory practice.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

- Pisni izpit	50,00 %	Written examination
- Predstavitev rezultatov projektnih vaj	50,00 %	Presentation of the results of project practical work
Ocenjevanje: 6-10 (pozitivno); 1-5 (negativno).		Marks: 6-10 (positive); 1-5 (negative).

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- J. Orehek, I. Dogša, M. Tomšič, A. Jamnik, D. Kočar, D. Stopar, Structural investigation of carboxymethyl cellulose biodeterioration by *Bacillus subtilis* subsp. *subtilis* NCIB 3610, Int. Biodeterioration & Biodegradation 77, 2013, 10-17.
- A. Vrhovšek, O. Gereben, A. Jamnik, L. Puszta, Hydrogen bonding and molecular aggregates in liquid methanol, ethanol, and 1-propanol, J. Phys. Chem. B 115, 2011, 13473-13488.
- A. Lajovic, M. Tomšič, G. Fritz-Popovski, L. Vlček, A. Jamnik, Exploring the structural properties of simple aldehydes: A Monte Carlo and small-angle x-ray scattering study, J. Phys. Chem. B 113, 2009, 9429-9435.

J. Cerar, A. Jamnik, I. Pethes, L. Temleitner, L. Pusztai, M. Tomšič, Structural, rheological and dynamic aspects of hydrogen-bonding molecular liquids : aqueous solutions of hydrotropic tert-butyl alcohol, *Journal of colloid and interface science*, 560, 2020, 730-742.

M. Tomšič, J. Cerar, A. Jamnik, Supramolecular structure vs. rheological properties : 1,4-butanediol at room and elevated temperatures, *Journal of colloid and interface science*, 557, 2019, 328-335.

I. Dogsa, J. Cerar, A. Jamnik, M. Tomšič, Supramolecular structure of methyl cellulose and lambda- and kappa-carrageenan in water: SAXS study using the string-of-beads model, *Carbohydrate polymers*, 172, 2017, 184-196.

E. Benigar, A. Zupančič-Valant, I. Dogša, S. Sretenović, D. Stopar, A. Jamnik, M. Tomšič, Structure and dynamics of a model polymer mixture mimicking a levan-based bacterial biofilm of *Bacillus subtilis*. *Langmuir*, 32, 2016, 8182-8194.

A. Lajovic, M. Tomšič, A. Jamnik, The complemented system approach: a novel method for calculating the x-ray scattering from computer simulation, *The journal of chemical physics*, 333, 2010, 174123.

M. Tomšič, A. Jamnik, G. Fritz, O. Glatter, L. Vlček, Structural properties of pure simple alcohols from ethanol, propanol, butanol, pentanol, to hexanol: comparing Monte Carlo simulations with experimental SAXS data, *The journal of physical chemistry B*, 111, 2007, 1738-1751.

MODELIRANJE KEMIJSKIH SISTEMOV

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Modeliranje kemijskih sistemov
Course title:	Modelling of chemical systems
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072236
 Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I22

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30		45 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Tomaž Urbič

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Ponovitev osnov o programskeh jezikih (fortran, c, python, java), ki se bodo predvidoma uporabljali za praktično delo na računalniku. Statistične metode in pristopi pri obdelavi eksperimentalnih podatkov. Modeliranje podatkov (aproksimacija z nelinearnimi funkcijami). Filtriranje signalov in interpretacija (IR, NMR, masnih) spektrov (Fourierova transformacija in Fourierova analiza). Izračun časovnega poteka kemijskih reakcij (kemijska kinetika). Modeliranje dvoelektronskih sistemov v Hartree-Fockovem približku, primer helijevega atoma in vodikove molekule. Predstavitev in reševanje difuzijskih problemov, pretakanja tekočin in toplotnih sistemov (numerično reševanje parcialnih diferencialnih enačb). Lattice Boltzmannova metoda. Določanje strukture

Content (Syllabus outline):

Introduction in basics of computer programming (fortran, c, python, java) which will be used in practical work on computers. Statistical methods for representation of experimental data. Modelling of data (fitting with non-linear functions). Filtering of signals and interpretation of (IR, NMR, mass) spectra (Fourier transform and Fourier analysis). Time dependence of chemical reactions (chemical kinetics). Modelling of two-electron systems with Hartree-Fock approximation (helium atom and hydrogen molecule). Numerical approximations for solving of partial differential equations (diffusion problems, flow of fluids and flow of heat). Lattice Boltzmann method. Calculation of structure of fluids and solutions by integral equation theory. Modelling of coincidental events.

tekočin in raztopin s pomočjo reševanja integralskih enačb. Modeliranje slučanih procesov. Numerično integriranje s pomočjo Monte Carlo metode in Monte Carlo simulacije preprostih tekočin (Metropolisov algoritmom). Molekulska dinamika preprostih kemijskih sistemov.	Numerical integration with Monte Carlo method and Monte Carlo simulation of simple fluids (Metropolis algorithm). Molecular dynamics of simple chemical systems.
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in Fortran, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994. (20%)
- D. Frenkel, B. Smit, Understanding Molecular Simulation, Academic Press, San Diego, 1996. (10%)
- Priročniki za programske jezike.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je študentom predstaviti metode za numerično reševanje matematičnih problemov, na katere lahko naleti pri vsakdanjem delu na področju znanosti, tehnike.

Kompetence: Pri predmetu naj bi dobil študent teoretično podlago in praktične izkušnje za samostojno reševanje matematičnih problemov, na katere naleti pri vsakodnevniem delu na različnih področjih znanosti in tehnike s posebnim poudarkom na kemiji.

Objectives and competences:

Goal: To understand basic numerical methods for solving of mathematical problems which scientists can find in everyday work in science and technology. Competence: Students will get theoretical and practical experience to independently solve mathematical problems which can be found at everyday work in different field of science and technology with emphasis on chemistry.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Predmet je namenjen seznanjanju z osnovnimi metodami za reševanje numeričnih problemov v naravoslovju in tehniki s posebnim poudarkom na kemiji. Študent se nauči identificirati problem, ga razčleniti in potem rešiti s pomočjo računalniškega programa.

Uporaba

Uporabnost pridobljenega znanja je zelo široka in nikakor ni omejena samo na fizikalno kemijo oziroma kemijo. Študent se je sposoben spoprijeti skoraj z vsakim numeričnim problemom, na katerega naleti med študijem ali pozneje, neodvisno od področja znanosti.

Refleksija

Študent pridobi občutek, da se je sposoben lotiti poljubnega problema in si pri tem pomagati z računalniškimi programi.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Spretnosti in znanje, ki si ga študent pridobi pri predmetu, so v največji meri splošne in prenosljive, uporabne na vseh področjih znanosti in tehnike, kjer si lahko pri reševanju problemov pomaga z računalnikom.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Goal of the subject is to acquaint students with basic methods for solving numerical problems in science and technology with emphases on chemistry. Student will learn how to identify problem, examine it and later solve it with help of computer program.

Application

Usefulness of gained knowledge is very general and goes beyond physical chemistry and chemistry. Student gets knowledge that he can use to solve any kind of numerical problem he might find during the study and later in any kind of field of science.

Analysis

Student gets the feeling that he is capable of solving any kind of problem with help of computer programming.

Skill-transference Ability

Knowledge and experience are general and can be used in all areas of science and technology, where one can find problems that can be solved with help of computer.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji, praktične vaje na računalniku.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars and practical work on computers.

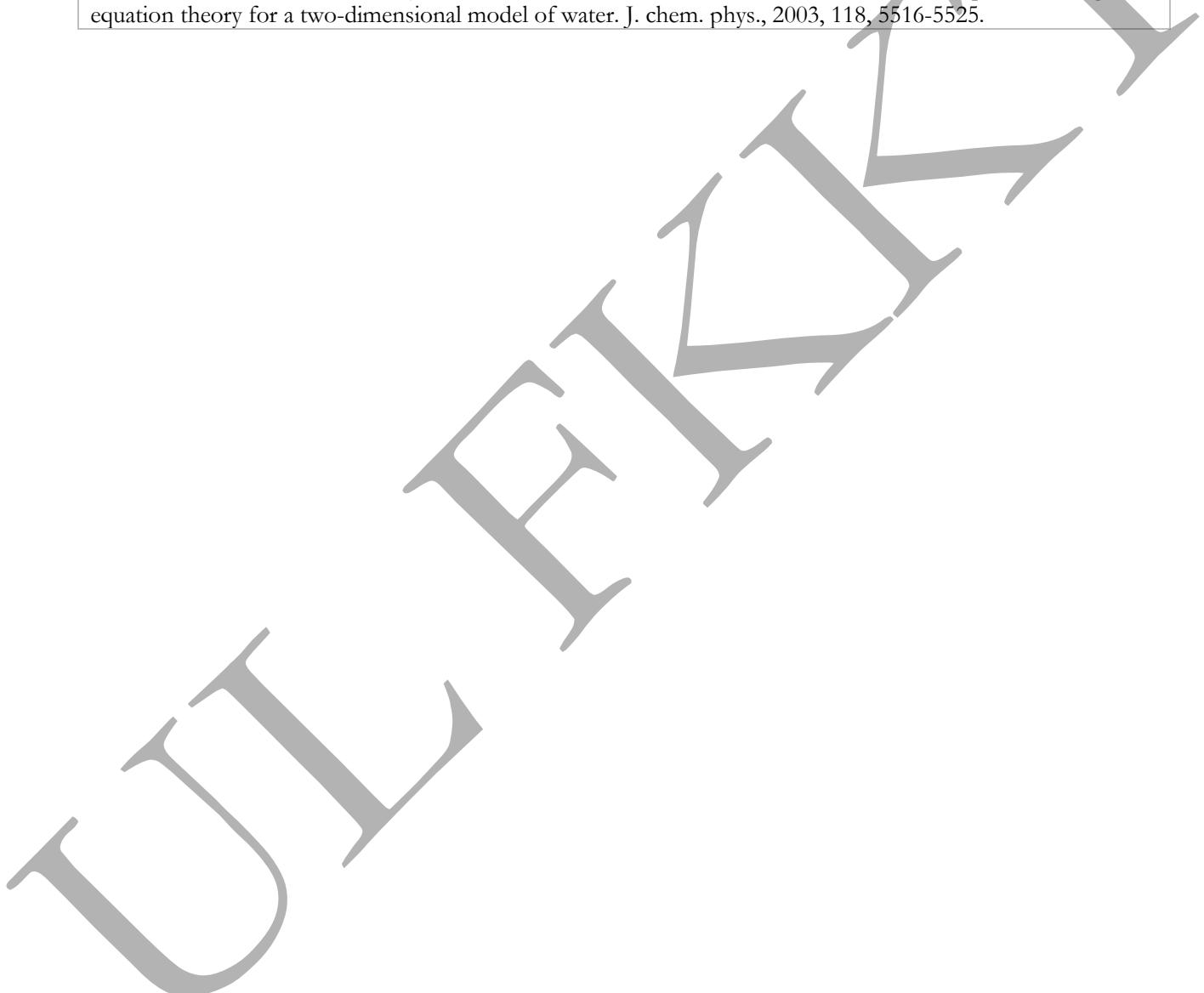
Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight Assessment:

- projekt	50,00 %	- final project
- seminarske in domače naloge	50,00 %	- seminars and homeworks
Ocene: 6-10 (pozitivno), 1-5 (negativno) ob upoštevanju Statuta UL in fakultetnih pravil.		Grades: 6-10 (positive), 1-5 (negative)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- URBIČ, Tomaž, VLACHY, Vojko, KALYUZHNYI, Yu. V., SOUTHALL, N. T., DILL, K. A. A two dimensional model of water : theory and computer simulations. *J. chem. phys.*, February 2000, vol. 112, no. 6, str. 2843-2848.
- URBIČ, Tomaž, BEŠTER-ROGAČ, Marija, JAMNIK, Andrej, STARE, Jernej. Small-angle x-ray scattering functions of rodlike polyelectrolytes in aqueous solutions. *Acta chim. slov.. [Tiskana izd.]*, September 2001, vol. 48, 343-352.
- URBIČ, Tomaž, VLACHY, Vojko, KALYUZHNYI, Yu. V., DILL, K. A. Orientation-dependent integral equation theory for a two-dimensional model of water. *J. chem. phys.*, 2003, 118, 5516-5525.



MODERNE METODE ORGANSKE SINTEZE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Moderne metode organske sinteze
Course title:	Modern methods in organic synthesis
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072220
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I09

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
15	30	30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Uroš Grošelj

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial: Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Uvod: Moderni trendi v organski sintezi. Klasična organska sinteza: kratek pregled, zmožnosti, omejitve in metode povečanja učinkovitosti.

Reagenti v organski sintezi. Tvorba C–C, C–H, C–X, C=C in C=X vezi v organski sintezi: pregled reagentov v metodah alkiliranja, olefiniranja, ariliranja, aciliranja, halogeniranja, hidroksiliranja, aminiranja, oksidacije in redukcije. Organo-S,Si,P,B reagenti. Organokovinski reagenti.

Načrtovanje organskih sintez. Retrosintezna analiza. Sintoni in sintezni ekvivalenti.

Kemoselektivnost in regioselektivnost. Pregled značilnih pravokotnih setov s primeri najpogosteje uporabljenih zaščitnih skupin.

Stereoselektivnost. Osnovni principi stereoselektivne in asimetrične sinteze.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Introduction: Modern trends in organic synthesis. Classical organic synthesis: survey, scope and limitations, methods for efficacy improvement.

Reagents in organic synthesis. Formation of C–C, C–H, C–X, C=C, and C=X bond in organic synthesis: survey on reagents for alkylation, olefination, arylation, acylation, halogenation, hydroxylation, amination, oxidations, and reductions. Organo-S,Si,P,B reagents. Organometallic reagents.

Planning organic syntheses. Retrosynthetic analysis. Synthons and synthetic equivalents.

Chemoselectivity and regioselectivity. Survey on typical orthogonal sets with examples of the most commonly used protecting groups.

Stereoselectivity: Basic principles of stereoselective and asymmetric synthesis. Stereoselective non-

<p>Stereoselektivne nekatalitske reakcije. Asimetrične katalitske reakcije in asimetrična organokataliza.</p> <p>Večkomponentne in tandemse (domino, kaskadne) reakcije.</p> <p>Principi kombinatorne sinteze. Kombinatorna sinteza na polimernih nosilcih. Tipični polimerni nosilci, distančniki in vezniki. Kombinatorna sinteza v raztopini. Reagenti in izolacijske tehnike pri kombinatorni sintezi v raztopini.</p> <p>Avtomatizacija laboratorijskih tehnik v organski sintezi. Izvedba in spremljanje</p>	<p>catalytic reactions. Asymmetric catalytic reactions, asymmetric organocatalysis.</p> <p>Multicomponent and tandem (domino, cascade) reactions.</p> <p>Principles of combinatorial synthesis: Solid-phase combinatorial synthesis. Typical polymer supports, linkers, and spacers. Solution-phase combinatorial synthesis. Reagents and isolation techniques in solution-phase combinatorial synthesis.</p> <p>Automation of laboratory techniques in organic synthesis. Reaction performing and monitoring. Isolation techniques. Compound characterisation.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

J. Clayden, N. Graves, S. Warren: *Organic Chemistry*, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2012, 1264 strani; ca. 15% (ca. 170 pages) and selected topics from synthetic organic chemistry (23, 24, 28, 32, 33, 41, 43).

Dodatna literatura / Supplementary Readings:

J.-H. Führhop, G. Li, *Organic Synthesis Concepts and Methods*, 3rd, completely revised and enlarged Edition, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim, 2003, 517 pages (selected topics).

W. Carruthers, I. Coldham, *Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2004, 506 pages (selected topics).

Review articles covering selected topics on synthetic chemistry (recent papers published in the last decade).

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta:

- poznavanje modernih pristopov k sintezi organskih spojin in sodobnih trendov na tem področju
- poznavanje principov stereoselektivne, asimetrične in kombinatorne sinteze
- poznavanje večkomponentnih in tandemskih reakcij ter 'klik' kemije in njihove uporabe v moderni organski sintezi
- poznavanje modernih eksperimentalnih metod, tehnik in reagentov v organski sintezi

Predmetno specifične kompetence:

- načrtovanje organskih sintez: kreiranje nabora možnih sinteznih poti in racionalna izbira najprimernejše poti,
- izbira ustreznih sinteznih metod in tehnik in izbira reagentov,
- načrtovanje in izvedba usmerjene oz. ciljne sinteze,
- načrtovanje in sinteza kombinatornih knjižnic

Objectives and competences:

Objectives:

- Knowledge on modern approaches in organic chemistry.
- Knowledge on principles of stereoselective, asymmetric, and combinatorial chemistry
- Knowledge on multicomponent and tandem reactions and 'click' chemistry and their application in modern organic synthesis
- Knowledge on modern experimental methods, techniques, and reagents in organic synthesis

Competences:

- Planning of organic syntheses: elaboration of possible synthetic routes and rational choice of the most suitable synthetic approach
- Choice of suitable synthetic methods, techniques, and reagents
- Planning directed and target syntheses
- Planning and synthesis of combinatorial libraries

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Znanje:

- klasične in moderne metode v organski sintezi
- načrtovanje in izvedba sintez organskih spojin

Razumevanje:

- splošnih principov moderne organske sinteze
- principov stereoselektivne, asimetrične in kombinatorne sinteze

Uporaba

Racionalno načrtovanje in praktična izvedba organskih sintez (usmerjene in ciljne sinteze organskih spojin in sinteze kombinatornih knjižnic).

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Knowledge:

- classical and modern methods in organic synthesis
- planning and performance of the syntheses of organic compounds

Comprehension:

- general principles of modern organic synthesis
- principles of stereoselective, asymmetric, and combinatorial synthesis

Application

Rational planning and practical performance of organic syntheses (directed and target synthesis of

<p>Refleksija Študent bo na osnovi pridobljenega znanja sposoben načrtovati sintezo enostavnih in komplikiranih organskih spojin in nato primerjati in kritično ovrednotiti možne sintezne poti. Na podlagi pridobljenega znanja se bo spodoben odločiti za najbolj racionalno sintezno pot in jo tudi preizkusiti v praksi.</p> <p>Prenosljive spremnosti</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Dostopanje do literaturnih virov -Zbiranje, interpretacija in kritično vrednotenje podatkov -Identifikacija in reševanje problemov -Poročanje (pisno in ustno) -Kritična analiza, sinteza 	<p>organic compounds and the synthesis of combinatorial libraries)</p> <p>Analysis On the basis of the acquired knowledge, the student is able to plan the synthesis of simple and complex organic compounds and to critically evaluate possible synthetic pathways. The student is able to choose and practically evaluate the most suitable (rational) synthetic approach.</p> <p>Skill-transference Ability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - access to and the use of literature sources - collection, interpretation, and critical data evaluation - identification and solving the problems - reporting and presentation of the results (oral and written) - critical analysis and synthesis
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji in vaje

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars, seminar projects, and laboratory trainings

Načini ocenjevanja:

	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Seminarska naloga	30,00 %	Seminar work
ustni izpit	70,00 %	oral exam
Ocene: 6-10 (pozitivno), 1-5 (negativno)		Grades: 6-10 (positive), 1-5 (negative)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- Ciber, Luka, Ričko, Sebastijan, Gregorc, Jure, Požgan, Franc, Svetec, Jurij, Brodnik Žugelj, Helena, Štefane, Bogdan, **Grošelj, Uroš**. Mechanistic insights into annulation of arylidene-Δ2-pyrrolin-4-ones by cinchona squaramide-based organocatalysts. *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*. 2022, vol. 364, iss. 5, str. 980-993.
- Ciber, Luka, Gorenc, Ana, Hozjan, Mišel, Požgan, Franc, Svetec, Jurij, Brodnik Žugelj, Helena, Štefane, Bogdan, **Grošelj, Uroš**. Enantioselective organocatalyzed functionalization of tetramic and tetronic acids. *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*. 2022, vol. 364, iss. 22, str. 3840-3855.
- Ričko, Sebastijan, Meden, Anže, Ciber, Luka, Štefane, Bogdan, Požgan, Franc, Svetec, Jurij, **Grošelj, Uroš**. Construction of vicinal tetrasubstituted stereogenic centers via a Mannich-type organocatalyzed addition of Δ2-pyrrolin-4-ones to isatine imines. *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*, 2018, vol. 360, iss. 6, str. 1072-1076.

MODERNE NMR METODE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Moderne NMR metode
Course title:	Modern NMR methods
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072221
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I10

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30		45 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Janez Plavec

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial: Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Uvod. Osnove NMR eksperimenta, kemijski premik, sklopite, integrali, običajno merjeni nuklidi, klasične in pulzne tehnike.

Magnetne lastnosti jader. Jedro v magnetnem polju, Energetski nivoji, relaksacijski časi, vektorski opis vzorca, laboratorijski in rotirajoč koordinatni sistem, pulz.

Sklopitvena konstanta. Spektri prvega in drugega reda, kemijska in magnetna ekvivalenca jader, predznak in velikost sklopitvene konstante, sklopitev preko ene, dveh, treh in več vezi.

Povezava strukture spojine in kemijskih premikov. Vplivi na kemijske premike ^1H in ^{13}C , programska oprema za napoved kemijskih premikov.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Basics of NMR experiment, chemical shift, coupling, integral, frequently measured nuclei, classical pulse sequences.

Magnetic properties of nuclei. A nucleus in magnetic field, energy levels, relaxation times, vector description of a sample, laboratory and rotating frame coordinate system, pulse.

Coupling constant. First and higher order spectra, chemical and magnetic equivalence, sign and magnitude of coupling constant, one-, two, or more-bond coupling.

Relation between structure and chemical shifts.

Chemical shift dependence on molecular structure, NMR spectral prediction software.

Acquisition of NMR spectra. Magnet,

<p>Merjenje NMR spektra. Magnet, CW in pulzni način, zajemanje podatkov, FID, Fouriejeva transformacija, matematične manipulacije FID, Študij dinamičnih procesov z NMR.</p> <p>Moderne pulzne NMR tehnike. Manipulacija magnetizacije, spin-echo pulzna sekvenca in njene posledice; prenos polarizacije in editiranje spektrov; nuklearni Overhauserjev efekt; uvod v dvo- in večdimensionalne NMR eksperimente.</p> <p>Dvodimensionalne NMR tehnike. Pregled principov in uporabe dvodimensionalnih NMR metod pri določanju kemijske strukture in konformacije molekul v raztopini COSY, TOCSY, HMQC, HMBC, gs-COSY, gs-HMQC, gs-HMBC, NOESY.</p> <p>Vaje Priprava vzorca in inštrumenta; 1D eksperimenti (^1H, ^{13}C, X); 2D eksperimenti (COSY, TOCSY, HMQC, HMBC, gs-COSY, gs-HMQC, gs-HMBC).</p>	<p>Continuous wave and pulse mode, data acquisition, FID, Fourier transformation mathematical manipulation of FID.</p> <p>Study of Dynamic processes by NMR.</p> <p>Modern pulse NMR. Manipulation of magnetization, spin-echo pulse sequence, polarization transfer and spectral editing, nuclear Overhauser effect, introduction to two- and more-dimensional NMR experiments.</p> <p>Two-dimensional NMR techniques. Overview of principles and application of 2D NMR methods in structure elucidation and conformational studies in solution, COSY, TOCSY, HMQC, HMBC, gs-COSY, gs-HMQC, gs-HMBC, NOESY.</p> <p>Practical spectroscopy: sample preparation, basic instrumental procedures, one-dimensional experiments (^1H, ^{13}C, X), two-dimensional experiments (COSY, TOCSY, HMQC, HMBC, gs-COSY, gs-HMQC, gs-HMBC).</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- James Keeler Understanding NMR Spectroscopy, ISBN: 0-470-01787-2, oktober 2005
- Thomas C. Pochapsky & Susan Sondej Pochapsky, NMR for Physical and Biological Scientists, ISBN: 0 8153 4103 2, 2007
- Neil E. Jacobsen, NMR Spectroscopy Explained, ISBN: 978-0-471-73096-5, John Wiley & Sons, 2007

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Študent pridobi znanja, ki so potrebna za razumevanje modernih NMR tehnik, načrtovanje in izvedbo eksperimentov njihovo uporabo in interpretacijo rezultatov.

Kompetence: Pridobljeno znanje študentu omogoča samostojno načrtovanje NMR eksperimentov, njihovo praktično izvedbo in interpretacijo rezultatov

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: To teach students theory and practice of modern NMR methods necessary to understand modern MMR techniques, planning and performing experiments and interpretation of the results.

Competences: Ability to design, perform, and interpret NMR experiments for the determination of structure and conformation of compounds in solution.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Poznavanje principov in praktične izvedbe modernih NMR eksperimentov za določanje strukture in konformacije spojin v raztopini.

Uporaba

Študent uporabi pridobljeno znanje NMR spektroskopskih tehnik pri reševanju raziskovalnih problemov.

Refleksija

Zavedanje, da z NMR tehnikami pridobimo pomembne informacije o strukturi in konformaciji molekul v raztopini in da so NMR tehnike najpomembnejša analitska metoda v organski kemiji.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Pri predmetu se študenti se izurijo v načrtovanju in izvedbi eksperimentov ter kritični interpretaciji rezultatov.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Understanding the basic principles and practical knowledge about NMR experiments.

Application

Student utilizes the acquired knowledge in solving research problems

Analysis

Student applies the acquired NMR spectroscopy knowledge and skills in solving research problems.

Skill-transference Ability

Student is trained in planning and utilization of NMR spectroscopic methods, analytical thinking and using literature sources.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Learning and teaching methods:

Načini ocenjevanja:**Delež/Weight Assessment:**

Ustni izpit in praktični preskus. 10 (odlično),
9 in 8 (prav dobro), 7 (dobro), 6 (zadostno),
5-1 (nezadostno)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- Li, Q., Trajkovski, M., Fan, C., Chen, J., Zhou, Y., Lu, K., Li, H., Su, X., Xi, Z., **Plavec, J.** et al. (2022) 4'-SCF3-Labeling Constitutes a Sensitive 19F NMR Probe for Characterization of Interactions in the Minor Groove of DNA. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **61**, e202201848.
- Ghosh, A., Trajkovski, M., Teulade-Fichou, M.-P., Gabelica, V. and **Plavec, J.** (2022) Phen-DC3 Induces Refolding of Human Telomeric DNA into a Chair-Type Antiparallel G-Quadruplex through Ligand Intercalation. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **61**, e202207384.
- Takahashi, S., Kotar, A., Tateishi-Karimata, H., Bhowmik, S., Wang, Z.-F., Chang, T.-C., Sato, S., Takenaka, S., **Plavec, J.** and Sugimoto, N. (2021) Chemical Modulation of DNA Replication along G-Quadruplex Based on Topology-Dependent Ligand Binding. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **143**, 16458-16469.

MOLEKULSKO MODELIRANJE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Molekulsko modeliranje
Course title:	Molecular modelling
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Kemija (smer)	2. letnik	1. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072239
 Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: KE221

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45		30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: doc. dr. Črtomir Podlipnik, prof. dr. Barbara Hribar Lee

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial: Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Osnovni pojmi v molekulskega modeliranju. Zapis molekul. Molekulska grafika, Molekulske površine. Kvantnomehanski modeli. Schrödingerjeva enačba. Večelektronski sistemi. Variacijska metoda – Hartree-Fockov sistem enačb. Roothaan-Hallove in Pople-Nesbetove enačbe. Bazne funkcije in bazni seti. Korelacijska energija – konfiguracija interakcij in Møller-Plessetova perturbacijska teorija. Semiempirične metode. Teorija gostotnega funkcionala. Molekulske lastnosti, dobljene iz valovne funkcije. Mehanski modeli – empirična polja sil. Vezne interakcije. Nevezne interakcije. Reducirana reprezentacija. Modeli za opis vode. Ovrednotenje rezultatov molekulske mehanike. Energijska minimizacija.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Useful concepts in molecular modelling. Molecular file formats. Molecular graphics. Molecular surfaces. Quantum mechanical models. Schrödinger equation. Polyelectronic systems. Variation method - Hartree-Fock equations. Roothaan-Hall and Pople-Nesbet equations. Basis functions and basis sets. Correlation energy – configuration interaction and Møller – Plesset perturbation theory. Semi-empirical methods. Density functional theory. Calculating molecular properties from the wave function. Molecular mechanics – empirical force field models. Bonded interactions. Non-bonded interactions. Reduced representation. Force field models for water. Calculating systems properties from molecular mechanics. Energy minimisation.

Računalniške simulacije. Zasnova računalniških simulacij. Računalniška simulacija Monte Carlo. Računalniška simulacija molekulske dinamike. Simulirano ohlajanje. Konformacijska analiza. Vaje: uporaba različnih metod molekulskega modeliranja na praktičnih primerih.	Computer simulations. Basic elements of computer simulations. Monte Carlo computer simulation. Molecular dynamics computer simulation. Simulated annealing. Conformational analysis. Lab work: applying the methods of molecular modelling to practical examples.
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

B. Hribar-Lee, Č. Podlipnik, Molekulsko modeliranje, UL FKKT, 2019.

Dodatna literatura:

F. Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, Wiley, Hoboken, 2007.

A. Szabo, N. S. Ostlund, Modern Quantum Chemistry, Introduction to Advanced Electronic Structure Theory, Dover, New York, 1996. (10%)

A. R. Leach, Molecular Modelling, Principles and Applications, Addison Wesley Longman, London, 1998.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji modeliranja: poznavanje elektronske strukture in geometrije molekul (iz osnovnih podatkov), napoved lastnosti molekul in njihova povezava s strukturo, podobnost molekul, možnost načrtovanja molekul z vnaprej določenimi želenimi lastnostmi.

Kompetence: razumevanje in obvladovanje vloge računalniške grafike pri molekulskega modeliranju. Pregled najbolj znanih računalniških programov za uporabo pri modeliranju (Gaussian, Spartan, HyperChem ...), prikaz praktičnega dela na osebnem računalniku, delovni postaji in velikem računalniku (preko računalniške mreže). Sistematični pregled celotne snovi.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives:

The knowledge (prediction) of molecular geometry and molecular electronic structure. The use of molecular modeling and quantum mechanical methods for prediction of molecular properties. Qualitative and quantitative structure-property relationships. Structure based design of molecules with certain properties.

Competences:

Overview of well-known programs for molecular modeling and quantum chemical computations as such as Gaussian, Spartan, HyperChem, Schrodinger Suite with hands on sessions on personal comuterm working station and big cluster (using web interface).

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Predmet je namenjen nadgradnji znanja kvantne kemije in njeni praktični uporabi. Študente seznaní s pojmom molekulskega modeliranja, ki je že dalj časa močno orodje za pomoč eksperimentalistom, saj omogoča vpogled na nekatera eksperimentom nedostopna področja znanosti. Ob koncu so sposobni formulirati problem, izbrati primerno metodo modeliranja in kritično ovrednotiti dobljene rezultate. Pomembno je potem tudi iskanje korespondence med dobljenimi teoretičnimi in v literaturi poiskanimi rezultati.

Uporaba

Slušatelj je sposoben uporabiti znanje kvantne kemije za modeliranje danega kemijskega ali biokemijskega problema, komercialne računalniške programske sisteme s tega področja mu ni več potrebno uporabljati kot "black box", zaradi česar lahko tudi mnogo bolj kompetentno razlaga dobljene rezultate.

Refleksija

Študent si pridobi občutek, da se lahko v primeru nepremostljivih eksperimentalnih težav še vedno

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

This course is designed to upgrade the knowledge of quantum chemistry and its practical application. During this course the students will be introduced with molecular modeling methods and principles. Molecular modeling became an excellent toll that serve as support to experimentalist for better understanding fundamental and applicative science. At the end of the course students will be able to formulate problem, to select and to set up a proper molecular modeling method, and also to evaluate obtained results critically. They will be also able to compare the experimental data either from literature and/or laboratory with the data resulted from computational chemistry approach.

Application

The student is able to use quantum chemistry knowledge for modeling of certain chemistry or biochemistry problem. The background that the student obtains in the course transforms her/him into an advanced user of computational chemistry

zateče k računu, kjer so problemi drugačni in navadno drugje, kar pogosto privede do zadovoljive razjasnitve problema.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Pri predmetu se študenti naučijo prepoznavati problem, ga prevesti v matematično obliko, rešiti in na koncu interpretirati rezultate. Poseben poudarek je na kritičnem ovrednotenju dobljenih rezultatov. Naučijo se uporabe domače in tujne literature ter podajanja zaključenega dela v pisni obliki.

software. They are able to competently interpret computational chemistry results.

Analysis

The information from the computational experiment are often complementary than those obtained from laboratory experiment. The proper combination of laboratory and computational work often leads to more relevant description of the problem.

Skill-transference Ability

In this course the students are able to recognize a problem, to transform it to mathematical form, to solve the problem and at the end to interpret results. The critical evaluation of the results is one of the most important skills that students learn during the course. At the end of the course the students learn how to write a scientific report and to perform scientific presentation.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja
- Seminar (računske naloge iz predelane snovi)
- Praktične vaje na računalniku

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Seminars
- Laboratory Lessons (Using computer)

Načini ocenjevanja:

	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Pisni izpit	50,00 %	Written exam
Seminarska naloga	50,00 %	Seminar
Ocene: 6 – 10 (pozitivno)		

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

prof. dr. Barbara Hribar Lee:

- M. Luksic, T. Urbic, B. Hribar-Lee, K. A. Dill, Simple Model of Hydrophobic Hydration, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2012, 116 (21), 6177– 6186.
- B. Hribar-Lee, K. A. Dill, V. Vlachy, Receptacle Model of Salting- In by Tetramethylammonium Ions, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2010, 114 (46), pp 15085–15091.
- K. A. Dill, T. M. Truskett, V. Vlachy, B. Hribar-Lee, Modeling water, the hydrophobic effect, and ion solvation, *Annu Rev Biophys Biomol Struct*, 2005, 34, 173-199.

doc. dr. Črtomir Podlipnik:

- SKRT, Mihaela, BENEDIK, Evgen, PODLIPNIK, Črtomir, POKLAR ULRIH, Nataša. Interactions of different polyphenols with bovine serum albumin using fluorescence quenching and molecular docking. *Food chem.*. [Print ed.], 2012, vol. 135, str. 2418-2424, doi: 10.1016/j.foodchem.2012.06.114. [COBISS.SI-ID 4113784]
- MARUŠIČ, Jaka, PODLIPNIK, Črtomir, JEVŠEVAR, Simona, KUZMAN, Drago, VESNAVER, Gorazd, LAH, Jurij. Recognition of human tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α) by therapeutic antibody fragment : energetics and structural features. *J Biol Chem*, 2012, vol. 287, no. 11, str. 8613-8620, doi: 10.1074/jbc.M111.318451. [COBISS.SI-ID 35833349]
- PODLIPNIK, Črtomir, TUTINO, Federico, BERNARDI, Anna, SENEKI, Pierfausto. DFG-in and DFG-out homology models of TrkB kinase receptor : induced-fit and ensemble docking. *J. mol. graph. model.*. [Print ed.], 2010, vol. 29, no. 3, str. 309-320, doi: 10.1016/j.jmgm.2010.09.008. [COBISS.SI-ID 34621701]

NAPREDNE INŠTRUMENTALNE ANALIZNE TEHNIKE

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Napredne inštrumentalne analizne tehnike
Course title:	Advanced methods of instrumental analysis
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	1. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072222
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: KE216

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45	15	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Helena Prosen, prof. dr. Matevž Pompe, prof. dr. Matija Strlič

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina	Vaje/Tutorial: Slovenščina
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Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Kemometrični pristopi v instrumentalni analizi, npr. ANOVA, PCA.
Kvantitativna IR spektroskopija, ATR, DR.
Ramanska spektroskopija.
Sodobne eno in večdimenzionalne kromatografske separacije. Kapilarna elektroforeza. Skloplitve kromatografskih in spektroskopskih tehnik.
Pregled sodobne molekulske masne spektrometrije in sklopljenih tehnik. Ionizacijske tehnike, masni analizatorji, tandemna masna spektrometrija.
Aplikacije MS.
Elementna masna spektrometrija in sklopljene tehnike.
Osnove tehnik za karakterizacijo površin: elektronska spektroskopija in elektronska mikroskopija.
Analitika ultrasledov: nevronika aktivacijska analiza.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Chemometric approaches in instrumental analysis, e.g. ANOVA, PCA.
Quantitative IR spectroscopy, ATR, DR. Raman spectroscopy.
Modern one- and multidimensional chromatographic separations. Capillary electrophoresis. Hyphenations of chromatographic and spectroscopic techniques.
Overview of modern molecular mass spectrometry and hyphenated techniques. Ionization techniques, mass analyzers, tandem mass spectrometry.
Applications of MS.
Elemental mass spectrometry and hyphenated techniques.
Basics of techniques for surface characterization: electron spectroscopy and electron microscopy.

Avtomatizirana analiza, robotizirana analiza, miniaturni sistemi. Senzorji: elektrokemijski, optični, imunski, drugi tipi. Seminarji in vaje projektnega tipa: teoretična obdelava literaturnih rešitev za praktične analizne probleme z uporabo analiznih tehnik, predstavljenih na predavanjih. Demonstracijske vaje.	Analytics of ultra-trace components: neutron activation analysis. Automated analysis, robotic analysis, miniaturized systems. Sensors: electrochemical, optical, immunosensors, other. Seminars and laboratory work projects: theoretical discussion of literature solutions for practical analytical problems by the use of discussed analytical techniques. Demonstrative laboratory work.
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Analytical Chemistry A Modern Approach to Analytical Science, Ed. by R. J.- Mermet, M. Otto, M. Valcarcel, Founding Editors: R. Kellner, H.M. Widmer, Wiley - VCH, Weinheim, 2004, izbrana poglavja, ca. 300 strani

Dodatna literatura:

- F. Rouessac, A. Rouessac, Chemical Analysis, Modern Instrumentation Methods and Techniques, J. Wiley & Sons, Ltd, Chichester, 2000.
- pregledni znanstveni članki iz posameznih področij / scientific review articles from different fields

Cilji in kompetence:

Študenti se seznanijo s kemometričnimi in numeričnimi pristopi v analizni praksi, spoznajo napredne metode za analizo in kontrolo bioloških učinkovin in snovi ter karakterizacijo in analizo anorganskih in organskih materialov. Seznanijo se z analitiko sledov, ugotavljanjem kemijskih zvrsti in avtomatizacijo analiznih metod in postopkov.

Objectives and competences:

Students are informed of chemometric and numerical approaches in the analytics; they learn about the advanced analytical methods for biological active components control and for characterization and analysis of inorganic and organic materials. They are introduced to trace analysis, chemical speciation and automation of analytical methods and procedures.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje
Obvladovanje kemometričnih pristopov, numeričnih postopkov optimizacije, modeliranja in statistične obravnave podatkov. Razumevanje principov, delovanja in omejitev posameznih analiznih tehnik za analizo materialov in bioloških sistemov ter poznvanje in razumevanje pristopov za avtomatizacijo analiznih metod.

Uporaba
Študent pridobi znanja za uporabo na področju kemijskih raziskav ter na področju raziskav materialov in bioloških snovi.

Refleksija
Poveže konkretno uporabo določene kemijsko-fizikalne zakonitosti z rezultati, ki jih pridobi z meritvami.

Prenosljive spremnosti
Osvoji metodologijo in raziskovalne pristope, obvlada problemsko orientirane raziskave, zna uporabljati strokovno in znanstveno literaturo in obvlada večine poročanja in obravnave podatkov.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension
Mastering of chemometric approaches, numerical optimization methods, modelling and statistical data evaluation. Understanding of the concepts, working principles and limitations of certain analytical techniques for the analysis of materials and biological systems; knowledge and understanding of the approaches to analytical method automation.

Application
Student acquires practical knowledge to use in chemical research and research of materials and biological samples.

Analysis
Student connects the application of a certain physico-chemical principle with the results obtained by the measurement.

Skill-transference Ability
Student masters the methodology and research approaches, as well as problem-oriented research; knows how to use professional and scientific literature; masters the skill of data evaluation and presentation.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Learning and teaching methods:

Predavanja in seminarska dela iz aktualne tematike,
demonstracijske vaje

Lectures, seminar coursework on realistic problems,
demonstrative laboratory work

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Pisni izpit: ocene od 6-10 (poz.) oz. 5 (neg.).	60,00 %	Written exam: grades 6-10 (pass) or 5 (fail).
Seminarska naloga.	30,00 %	Seminar coursework.
Laboratorijske vaje.	10,00 %	Laboratory work.
Opravljene vaje in seminarska naloga so pogoj za pristop k izpitu.		Finished laboratory and seminar work are prerequisites for the exam.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- A. Čirić, **H. Prosen**, M. Jelikić Stankov, P. Đurđević. Evaluation of matrix effect in determination of some bioflavonoids in food samples by LC-MS/MS method. *Talanta* 2012, 99, 780-790.
- **H. Prosen**, M. Kokalj, D. Janeš, S. Kreft. Comparison of isolation methods for the determination of buckwheat volatile compounds. *Food Chem.* 2010, 121, 298-306.
- I. Kralj Cigić, **H. Prosen**. An overview of conventional and emerging analytical methods for the determination of mycotoxins. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* 2009, 10, 62-115.
- S. Kose, S. Koral, B. Tufan, **M. Pompe**, A. Ščavnica, D. Kočar. Biogenic amine contents of commercially processed traditional fish products originating from European countries and Turkey. *European Food Research and Technology*. A, Zeitschrift für Lebensmittel-Untersuchung und -Forschung. 2012, 235, 669-683.
- G. Arh, L. Klasinc, M. Veber, **M. Pompe**. Calibration of mass selective detector in non-target analysis of volatile organic compounds in the air. *J. chromatogr. A* 2011, 1218, 1538-1543.
- J. Cerar, **M. Pompe**, M. Guček, J. Cerkovnik, J. Skerjanc. Analysis of sample of highly water-soluble T₁₂-symmetric fullerenehexamalic acid C₆₀(COOH)₁₂ by ion-chromatography and capillary electrophoresis. *J. chromatogr. A* 2007, 1169, 86-94.
- R. Brigham, J. Grau-Bové, A. Rudnicka, M. Cassar, **M. Strlič**: "Crowd-sourcing as an analytical method: Metrology of smartphone measurements in heritage science", *Angew. Chem.*, 57 (2018) 7423-7427, DOI: 10.1002/anie.201801743.
- L. Cséfalvayová, **M. Strlič**, H. Karjalainen: "Quantitative NIR chemical imaging in heritage science", *Anal. Chem.*, 83 (2011), 5101-5106.
- T. Trafela, **M. Strlič**, J. Kolar, D.A. Lichtblau, M. Anders, D. Pucko Mencigar, B. Pihlar: "Non-destructive analysis and dating of historical paper based on IR spectroscopy and chemometric data evaluation", *Anal. Chem.*, 79 (2007) 6319-6323.

ORGANSKA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Organska kemija
Course title:	Organic Chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL Member:	UL FKKT

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni
Kemijsko izobraževanje, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:

0072223

Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:

KE213

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
45		30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:

prof. dr. Bogdan Štefane

Vrsta predmeta/Course type:

obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:

Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.
Dodatnih pogojev ni.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.
There are no additional prerequisites.

Vsebina:

- Mehanizem kemijske reakcije.** Definicija, elementarne in stopenjske reakcije, tvorba in cepitev vezi, nekovalentne interakcije, molekularnost, formuliranje mehanizma.
- Kinetika in termodinamika organskih reakcij.** Konstanta, sprememba proste energije, entalpije in entropije, kisline, baze, pH, pKa, uporaba podatkov o pKa pri ravnotežih in reakcijah. Reakcijska hitrost, red reakcije, uporaba podatkov o reakcijski kinetiki pri predlaganju mehanizma reakcije, Arrheniusova enčba, aktivacijska energija, primarni kinetski izotopski vpliv.

Content (Syllabus outline):

- Mechanism of a chemical reaction:** definitions, elementary and stepwise reactions, bond making and bond breaking, noncovalent interactions, molecularity, formulating mechanisms.
- Kinetics and thermodynamics of organic reactions:** Equilibrium and rate constants, acids, bases, pKa, pH, kinetic order, application of kinetic data in formulating the mechanism, the dependence of rate of reaction on temperature, primary kinetic isotopic effect.
- The transition state:** transition state theory, early- and late transition states, Hammond postulate,

<p>3. Prehodno stanje. Prehodno stanje, teorija prehodnega stanja, zgodnje in pozno prehodno stanje, Hammondov postulat, vpliv topila na ravnotežje in reakcijsko hitrost, empirične skale polarnosti topil, elektronski vplivi funkcionalnih skupin, Hammettovе korelaciјe (LFER), sigma (σ) in (σ') vrednosti, sklepanje na mehanizem na osnovi Hammettovih korelaciј, sterični vplivi, stereokemiјa reakcij, kinetska in termodinamska kontrola reakcij, kataliza (splošna ter specifična kislinska in bazna kataliza, vpliv topila).</p> <p>4. Intermediati pri kemijskih reakcijah. Nastanek, struktura, detekcija, reakcije. Anioni in nukleofilne reakcije. Kationi in elektrofilne reakcije. Radikali in karbeni.</p> <p>5. Mehanistični aspekti fotokatalize. Fizikalne osnove optičnih lastnosti organskih spojin. Svetloba kot vir energije za pretvorbe organskih spojin. Osnovni mehanizmi fotokataliziranih reakcij.</p>	<p>solvent effects, electronic effects, linear free energy relationship (LFER; Hammett correlations), application of LFER in postulating the mechanism, steric effects, stereochemistry, kinetic and thermodynamic control, catalysis.</p> <p>4. Intermediates in organic reactions: structure, detection, reactivity, anions and nucleophilic reactions, cations and electrophilic reactions, radicals, carbenes, and nitrenes.</p> <p>5. Mechanistic aspects of photocatalysis: Physical basis of optical properties of organic compounds. Light as a source of energy for conversions of organic compounds. Basic mechanisms of photocatalyzed reactions.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Paul H. Scudder: *Electron flow in organic chemistry*. (2nd Ed. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2013);
- R. A. Jackson, *Mechanisms in Organic Chemistry*, The Royal Society of Chemistry, 2004 (199 pages).

Dodatna literatura / Additional reading: J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, P. Wothers, *Organic Chemistry*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.

A. Petrič, *Organska kemija* (internо študijsko gradivo), UL FKKT, Ljubljana, 2014 (197 str.).

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Študent se na primerih enostavnijih kemijskih reakcij, ki jih je spoznal med študijem na prvi stopnji, nauči metod in principov določanja poteka reakcije – reakcijskega mehanizma.

Kompetence: Pridobljeno znanje študentu omogoča samostojen pristop k določanju mehanizma kemijskih reakcij, predvidevanje vplivov na potek kemijske reakcije in s tem možnost kvalificirano odločanje o spremembah reakcijskih pogojev za doseganje želenega cilja.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Using selected standard transformations of organic compounds learned during the first cycle as examples the methods and principles of reaction mechanism / reaction path postulating is explained.

Competences: Ability to design, interpret, and analyze appropriate experiments required for postulating a reaction mechanism for a given organic reaction. Ability to make qualified decisions about the required changes in reaction conditions to achieve the desired effect on the reaction in question.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Poznavanje poteka osnovnih organskih reakcij in metod za študij oziroma dokazovanje reakcijskih mehanizmov. Razumevanje in poznavanje vplivov na potek kemijskih reakcij.

Uporaba

Razvita sposobnost študenta, da pridobljeno znanje uporabi za raziskavo mehanizma neznane reakcije.

Refleksija

Zavedanje, da kemijske reakcije v praksi nikoli popolnoma ne sledijo osnovnim mejnim mehanizmom ter da je za popolno razjasnitve poteka reakcije potreben natančen študij vsake reakcije posebej.

Prenosljive spretnosti

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Understanding the principles and methods of postulating the reaction mechanism of an organic reaction. Understanding the influence of different parameters on reaction course.

Application

Student will be able to apply the acquired knowledge in reaction mechanism investigation.

Analysis

Being aware that chemical reactions never follow exclusively one elementary mechanism and that for complete analysis every reaction requires thorough investigation.

Skill-transference Ability

Pri predmetu se študenti z reševanjem znanih in neznanih problemov izurijo v uporabi znanja, analitičnega mišljenja in uporabe literturnih virov.

Using known and unknown examples the student is trained in utilization of knowledge, analytical thinking and using literature sources.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja in vaje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures and practical laboratory work.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit.

Delež/Weight

100,00 %

Assessment:

Written exam.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. ŠTEFANE, Bogdan. Selective addition of organolithium reagents to BF₂-chelates of -- ketoesters. *Organic letters*, ISSN 1523-7060, 2010, vol. 12, no. 13, str. 2900-2903, doi: 10.1021/ol100620j. [COBISS.SI-ID 34162181]
2. WANG, Jingxin, ŠTEFANE, Bogdan, JABER, Deana, SMITH, Jacqueline A. I., VICKERY, Christopher, DIOP, Mouhamed, SINTIM, Herman O. Remote C-H functionalization : using the N-O moiety as a atom-economical tether to obtain 1,5- and the rare 1,7-C-H insertions. *Angewandte Chemie*, ISSN 1433-7851. [Print ed.], 2010, vol. 49, no. 23, str. 3964-3968, doi: 10.1002/anie.201000160. [COBISS.SI-ID 34061573]
3. NAKAYAMA, Shizuka, KELSEY, Ilana, WANG, Jingxin, ROELOFS, Kevin, ŠTEFANE, Bogdan, LUO, Yiling, LEE, Vincent T., SINTIM, Herman O. Thiazole orange-induced c-di-GMP quadruplex formation facilitates a simple fluorescent detection of this ubiquitous biofilm regulating molecule. *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, ISSN 0002-7863, 2011, vol. 133, no. 13, str. 4856-4864, doi: 10.1021/ja1091062. [COBISS.SI-ID 34845957]

PODGETNIŠTVO

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet: Course title: Članica nosilka/UL Member:	Podjetništvo ENTREPRENEURSHIP UL FKKT
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Študijski programi in stopnja Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Študijska smer Ni členitve (študijski program)	Letnik 1. letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost izbirni
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Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	0100351 SI102
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Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30		45 SV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	doc. dr. Blaž Zupan
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni splošni/Elective General
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina Slovenščina
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Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina: Študenti bodo v okviru predmeta spoznali: - pomen podjetništva v gospodarstvu in temeljne pojme podjetništva - prepoznavanje poslovnih priložnosti - dinamična podjetja in razvoj novih izdelkov in storitev v obdobju globalizacije - pet korakov razvoja novih izdelkov in storitev – opazovanje, brainstorming, hitro prototipiranje, izboljšanje prototipov in implementacija rešitve. - dizajnerski način razmišljanja – tehnični, poslovni, človeški vidik - kreativnost in inovativnost v poslovнем in privatnem življenju - tehnike spodbujanja kreativnosti - praktična aplikacija metode razvoja novih izdelkov in dizajnerskega procesa	Content (Syllabus outline): Students will learn: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Entrepreneurship and its role in the socio-economic development• Developing entrepreneurial opportunities• Dynamic companies and development of new products in a globalized world• Five steps of product development process: observation, brainstorming, rapid prototyping, testing and refinement and implementation• Design thinking – desirability, feasibility, viability of new solutions• Creativity and innovativeness in personal and business life• Techniques of developing creativity• Practical application of new product development methodologies and design thinking
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- okolje podjetja in njegova analiza
- različne oblike družb z oceno njihovih prednosti in slabosti
- osnove računovodstva in financiranja
- poslovno načrtovanje, vsebino in način izdelave poslovnega načrta
- politiko spodbujanja podjetništva države
- pomen in vsebino marketinške/prodajne funkcije v podjetju
- metode raziskovanja trga, porabnikov, konkurence
- temeljna znanja iz projektnega menedžmenta
- poslovno komunikacijo
- primere uspešnih slovenskih izdelkov, podjetij, podjetnikov

- Business environment and its analysis
- Different form of enterprise and their differences
- Basics of accounting and financing
- Business planning, contents and the development of a business plan
- Governmental policies on supporting entrepreneurship
- Role definition of marketing and sales
- Methods of customer, competition and market analysis
- Basic project management skills
- Business communication
- Examples of successful Slovenian products, companies, entrepreneurs

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Vahčič, A., Prodan, I., in ostali: D.SCHOOL RAZVOJ NOVIH PRODUKTOV IN STORITEV - Od interdisciplinarnosti in dizajnerskega način razmišljanja do uspeha na trgu, 2008
- Kelley, T.: The Ten Faces of Innovation: IDEO's Strategies for Defeating the Devil's Advocate and Driving Creativity Throughout Your Organization
- Kelley, T. et al: The Art of Innovation: Lessons in Creativity from IDEO, America's Leading Design Firm
- dodatna aktualna gradiva, objavljena na spletni strani predmeta

Dopolnilna literatura:

- Antončič, B., Hisrich, R., Petrin, T., Vahčič, A., Podjetništvo, Založba GV, Ljubljana, 2002, 485 str.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je študentom razviti sposobnost timskega dela, prevzemanja odgovornosti in samoiniciativnega delovanja pri reševanju človeških, tehničnih in ekonomskih problemov povezanih z razvojem novih produktov in storitev. Študentje z uporabo dizajnerskega pristopa in hitrega prototipiranja izdelajo delujoč prototip rešitve problema. Poleg tega predmet razvija sposobnost dizajnerskega in holističnega razmišljanja kot sodobne tehnike za reševanje problemov. Študentje osvojijo tudi zmožnosti za presojo poslovanja v podjetjih, sposobnosti za presojo poslovnih priložnosti in pridobijo kompetence za samostojno vodenje. Študentje si pri predmetu pridobijo naslednje **specifične kompetence**:

- prepoznavanje in izkoriščanje podjetniške priložnosti
- metode raziskav trga, kupcev, konkurence
- kreativno in inovativno reševanje problemov
- uporaba sodobnih multimedijskih in telekomunikacijskih orodij
- funkcionalno poslovno pismenost in osnove poslovnih predstavitev
- usposobljenost za vodenje projektov, prenos znanja v prakso, analizo poslovanja podjetij

Objectives and competences:

The aim of the course is to develop the ability of teamwork, responsibility, taking the initiative, and the ability to solve any societal, technical or business problem associated with developing new products and services. Students will be using Design Thinking and rapid prototyping to produce a working prototype of a solution to a given problem. In addition, the subject develops design thinking and holistic thinking as modern techniques for problem solving. Students acquire the ability to assess the operation of enterprises, the ability to assess business opportunities and gain skills for managing a small business.

Students obtain the following specific competencies:

- Identification and exploitation of business opportunities
- Methods of market research (including customers and competition)
- Creative and innovative problem solving
- The use of modern media and telecommunication tools
- Functional business literacy and basics of business presentations
- Ability to manage projects, transfer of knowledge into practice, analysis of businesses

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje
Študent bo spoznal in razumel:

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension
The student will recognise and understand:

- pojme s področja podjetništva in gospodarstva, organizacije dela, vodenja projektov, marketinga
- osnovne zakonitosti kreativnega razvoja novih izdelkov in storitev ter podjetniške dejavnosti s poudarkom na primerih iz prakse kakor tudi iz študentovih življenjskih potreb ter izkušenj

Uporaba

Predmet je usmerjen v praktično uporabo najnaprednejših metod razvoja novih izdelkov in storitev. Skozi dizajnerski način razmišljanja in s pomočjo d.school metodologije študent reši konkreten poslovni ali življenjski problem in osvoji znanje, ki ga lahko replicira v profesionalnem in osebnem življenu. Prepoznavanje podjetniških priložnosti, analiza podatkov in informacij za sprejemanje poslovnih odločitev, izdelava prototipov, antropološke in etnografske metode spremeljanja potrošnikov, izpeljava rešitve problema.

Dokumentacija procesa z multimedijijskimi metodami, samostojna priprava finančnih in poslovnih analiz (trženskih, prodajnih ipd.).

Refleksija

Študent bo interpretiral ter pred kolegi analiziral lastno razumevanje vsebine aktualnih člankov in razpoznavanja trendov. V skupinskem delu študentje analizirajo delo svoje in ostalih skupin in podajajo konstruktivno kritiko.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Pri predmetu bo študent pridobil sposobnosti razumevanja podjetništva, razpoznavanja poslovnih priložnosti, analize trgov, potrošnikov, konkurence. Uporaba replikativne metodologije reševanja problemov in udejanjanja poslovnih priložnosti. Poslovna komunikacija. Pridobljene spremnosti bodo študentje znali uporabljati v osebnem in profesionalnem življenu, v delu v gospodarstvu ali javnem sektorju.

Sposobnost 'gradnje' boljših modelov namesto izbiranja med obstoječimi modeli.

- Concepts in the field of entrepreneurship and economy as a whole, management, project management, marketing

- The basic principles of creative development of new products and services, and entrepreneurial activities with an emphasis on case studies as well as from the student's needs and life experiences

Application

The course is focused on the practical application of advanced methods of developing new products and services. Through design thinking methodology students solve a specific business or societal problem and acquire knowledge that can be replicated in professional and personal life.

Identifying business opportunities, analysis of data and information for business decision-making, prototyping, anthropological and ethnographic methods of customer analysis, implementing solutions to a specific problem. The documentation of the process with multimedia, independent preparation of financial and business analyses (marketing, sales, etc.).

Analysis

The student will interpret and in front of colleagues analyse her understanding of articles on current topics and show recognition of trends. In group work, students analyse their own work and work of other groups and give constructive feedback.

Skill-transference Ability

In this course the student will acquire the ability to understand entrepreneurship, identify business opportunities, analyse markets, consumers, competition. Use of a replicative methodology of problem solving and realizing business opportunities. Business communication. Students will be able to use the acquired skills in their personal and professional life, either in business or in the public sector.

The ability to develop better models instead of selecting between existing models.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja s pomočjo različnih AV sredstev. Študentom podamo uvod v obravnavano snov, jih napotimo na obravnavo člankov v medijih, na spletnih straneh, na obravnavo primerov iz vsakdanje prakse – tudi s pomočjo strokovnjakov iz prakse. Delo na konkretnem projektu, aktualnem problemu. Predstavitev sprotnega dela, poročilo in komentarji s strani mentorjev in študentov.

Uporaba multimedije tehnologije za spremeljanje napredka, Internet, video

Aktivno mentorstvo s strani pedagogov, asistentov, praktikov - podjetnikov

Terensko delo – analiza trga, potrošnikov, testiranje prototipov, uporaba rešitve problema, praktične vaje d.school metodologije

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures using audio-visual technology. We give students an introduction to specific topics, assign them to read articles in the media, on websites. Students will deal with cases from everyday practice - with the help of experts from practice.

Work on a specific project in form of a real business or societal problem.

Ongoing work will be regularly presented and comments will be given by tutors and students.

The use of multimedia (Internet, video, etc.) for monitoring progress.

Active mentoring will be available by teachers, assistants, practitioners – entrepreneurs.

Fieldwork - market analysis, prototype testing, implementing the solution, practical exercises of the design thinking methodology

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Redna poročila o napredku	20,00 %	Regular progress reports
Končno poročilo in predstavitev o rešitvi problema	40,00 %	Final report and presentation on the solution of the problem
Domače naloge, sodelovanje na srečanjih	20,00 %	Homeworks and active participation in session
Izpit pisni in/ali ustni. Ocene: 6-10 pozitivno	20,00 %	Written and / or oral exam. Grades 6-10

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- ZUPAN, Blaž**, CANKAR, Franc, SETNIKAR-CANKAR, Stanka. (2018) The development of an entrepreneurial mindset in primary education. *European journal of education*, vol. 53, iss. 3, str. 427-439.
- ZUPAN, Blaž**, STRITAR, Rok, SLAVEC GOMEZEL, Alenka. (2017) Unlocking latent creativity with rapid prototyping. *Traditiones : zbornik Inštituta za slovensko narodopisje*, letn. 46, št. 1/2, str. 171-188.
- LIKAR, Borut, CANKAR, Franc, **ZUPAN, Blaž**. (2015) Educational model for promoting creativity and innovation in primary schools. *Systems research and behavioral science : the official journal of the International Federation for Systems Research*, vol. 32, iss. 2, str. 205-213.
- ZUPAN, Blaž**, SVETINA NABERGOJ, Anja. (2014) Razvoj podjetniških kompetenc s pomočjo dizajnerskega pristopa. *Economic and business review*, vol. 16, posebna št., str. 49-74.
- CANKAR, Franc, DEUTSCH, Tomi, **ZUPAN, Blaž**, SETNIKAR-CANKAR, Stanka. (2013) Schools and promotion of innovation = Škole i promicanje inovacije. *Hrvatski časopis za odgoj i obrazovanje: [CJE]*, vol. 15, sp. ed. no. 2, str. 179-211.
- VADNJAL, Jaka, **ZUPAN, Blaž**. (2011) Family business as a career opportunity for women. *South East European journal of economics and business*, vol. 6, no. 2, str. 27-36.
- VADNJAL, Jaka, **ZUPAN, Blaž**. (2009) The role of women in family businesses. *Economic and business review*, vol. 11, no. 2, str. 159-177.

SODOBNI ANORGANSKI MATERIALI IN KATALIZATORJI

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Sodobni anorganski materiali in katalizatorji
Course title:	Modern Inorganic Materials and Catalysts
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	2. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072225
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I03S

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	30	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Anton Meden, prof. dr. Romana Cerc Korošec

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: obvezni/Mandatory

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures: Slovenščina	Vaje/Tutorial: Slovenščina
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Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

Kemijsa materialov:

- uvod: različni tipi materialov in njihova uporaba;
- vplivi kemijske sestave, molekularne in kristalne (ali amorfne) strukture ter mikrostrukture materialov na njihovo funkcijo, polimorfizem;
- primeri različnih oblik materialov: monoliti, volumenski materiali, monodisperzni delci, tanki filmi, nano delci;
- kemijske osnove in pregled nekaterih postopkov priprave različnih materialov na primer: reakcije v trdnem, hidrotermalna sinteza, sol-gel metoda, sinteza z uporabo mikrovalov, zgorevalna sinteza, koprecipitacija, priprava monodisperznih delcev, tankih filmov, nanodelcev;
- električne, magnetne in optične lastnosti materialov;

Content (Syllabus outline):

Materials chemistry:

- introduction: different types of materials and their application;
- the influence of chemical composition, molecular and crystal (or amorphous) structure and microstructure of materials on their function, polymorphism;
- examples of different forms of materials: monoliths, bulk materials, monodispersed particles, thin films, nano-particles.
- chemical basis and overview of some preparation procedures of different materials – for instance: solid-state reactions, hydrothermal synthesis, sol-gel method, microwave synthesis, combustion synthesis, co-precipitation, preparation of uniform particles, thin films, nanoparticles;

- osnove heterogene katalize (mehanizem in kinetika reakcij na površini).

Pregled različnih vrst materialov, njihove priprave, strukture in lastnosti:

- molekule v trdninah, samourejanje ob kristalizaciji, vpliv oblike molekul na kristalno strukturo;
- anorganski, inkovinsko – organski polimeri ter kompoziti;
- stekla in keramike, fazni diagrami;
- oksidi in nitridi, polprevodniki (dopirani);
- kovine in zlitine, napake v kristalih in njihove posledice;
- tekoči kristali;

Primeri materialov in njihove uporabe:

- porozni zeolitni in zeolitom podobni katalizatorji;
- materiali za shranjevanje in proizvajanje energije – komponente gorivnih celic, baterij in akumulatorjev, trdni ionski prevodniki in fotoelektrokemijske celice;
- fotokatalizatorji;
- luminiscentni materiali;
- kromogeni materiali (elektrokromni, gasokromni, fotokromni, termokromni).
- različni nanomateriali.

Vaje: Skupinska izvedba projekta priprave in karakterizacije materiala po podatkih iz literature.

- electrical, magnetic and optical properties of materials;
- the basis of heterogeneous catalysis (mechanism and kinetics of surface reactions).

Overview of different materials, their preparation, structure and properties:

- molecules in solids, self-assembling during crystallization, the influence of molecule's shape on crystal structure;
- inorganic and metal-organic polymers and composites;
- glasses and ceramic materials, phase diagrams;
- oxides and nitrides, semiconductors (doped);
- metals and alloys, crystal defects and their consequences;
- liquid crystals;

Case-studies of materials and their application:

- porous zeolites and zeolitelike catalysts;
- materials for energy storage and its production – components of fuel cells, batteries, solid ionic conductors, photoelectrochemical cells,
- photocatalysts,
- luminescent materials;
- chromogenic materials (electrochromic, gasochromic, photochromic, thermochromic)
- various nanomaterials.

Practical lab: Student team performs project from preparation to characterization of materials according to data obtained from the literature.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Introduction to Materials Chemistry, H.A. Allcock, Wiley, 2008, 460 strani (30%).
- Inorganic Materials Chemistry, M.T. Weller, Oxford University Press, 2005, 92 strani (50%).
- Synthesis of Inorganic Materials, U. Schubert and N. Hüsing, Wiley, 2. Izdaja, 2005, 409 strani (25 %).
- The Basis and Application of Heterogeneous Catalysis, M. Bowker, Oxford University Press, 1998, 90 strani (70%).

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Poglobljeno spoznavanje določenih tipov sodobnih anorganskih materialov in katalizatorjev, sinteznih tehnik in raznivrstnih metod za njihovo karakterizacijo.

Kompetence: Izpeljava celotnega projekta: sinteza in karakterizacije tako katalizatorja kot anorganskega materiala, vključno z literaturnim pregledom in načrtovanjem.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Acquiring in-depth knowledge of certain modern inorganic materials, preparation techniques and characterization methods.

Competences: Students acquire competences to carry out a project involving synthesis and characterization, both for the catalyst or inorganic material, including a literature survey and planning.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje
Podrobno poznavanje izbranih vrst anorganskih materialov ter katalizatorjev in lastnosti, ki so povezane s strukturo, morfologijo in obliko posameznega materiala. Poznavanje različnih

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension
In-depth knowledge of selected types of inorganic materials and catalysts and their properties, which originate from the structure, morphology and shape of the material. Knowledge of different preparation

preparativnih tehnik za njihovo pripravo in raznovrstnih metod karakterizacije. Povezava teoretičnega in praktilnega znanja z izvedbo dveh različnih projektnih nalog: sinteza in karakterizacija novega materiala ter sinteza in karakterizacija katalizatorja.

Uporaba

Pridobljeno znanje zna povezati in s pomočjo dosegljive literature načrtovati modificirane sintezne postopke priprave novega materiala oz. katalizatorja. Poznavanje metod karakterizacije, njihovo komplementarnost in dopolnjevanje vodijo v razumevanje vsebine znanstvenih člankov s odročja materialov.

Refleksija

Študent razume in utrdi razumevanje povezave med lastnostmi in sestavo ter zgradbo snovi na teoretičnem nivoju, na dveh konkretnih, samostojno izvedenih primerih pa je sposoben novo znanje uporabiti v praksi, kar vodi v samostojno načrtovanje in karakterizacijo novih materialov oz. katalizatorjev.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Študent zna uporabljati zbirke podatkov, izbrati najbolj primerne sintezne postopke za pripravo novega materiala oz. katalizatorja in ve, katere metode karakterizacije bo potreboval. Ker vseh metod karakterizacije ni mogoče individualni izvesti, se sooči s »timskim« delom. Rezultate karakterizacije zna kritično ovrednotiti in z njihovo pomočjo optimirati sintezi postopek, da bo dobljeni material izboljšal. Pisno in ustno zna poročati o rezultatih projektne naloge in jih komentirati.

techniques and characterization methods. Connection between theoretical and practical knowledge through performing two different projects: synthesis and characterisation of a new material and synthesis and characterisation of a catalyst.

Application

Integration of acquired knowledge and planning modifying synthesis routes for the preparation of a new material or catalyst with the aid of available literature. The knowledge of characterisation methods and the ways they complement one another leads to the understanding of the contents of research articles in the field of materials chemistry.

Analysis

The student solidifies the understanding of the connections between properties, composition and structure of material on a theoretical level. Acquired knowledge is then transferred to the practical level and applied to two specific cases. This enables independent planning and characterisation of new materials and catalysts.

Skill-transference Ability

The student is able to use databases, chooses the most appropriate synthesis routes for the preparation of a new material or catalyst and knows which characterisation methods are required. Since not all characterisation methods can be performed individually, group work is required. The student is able to critically evaluate the results obtained from characterisation and uses them as a basis for the optimisation of the synthesis procedures in order to obtain materials with the best properties. The student can report and comment on the results of the project in both written and oral form.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- predavanja
- seminar
- izpeljava projektne naloge

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Seminars
- Execution of one project

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pogoj za pristop k izpitu je oddano poročilo o projektu (zaključene vaje). Pisni izpit lahko nadomestita dva kolokvija. Drugega kolokvija se lahko udeležijo študenti, ki so na prvem kolokviju zbrali najmanj 40 % točk. Za pozitivno oceno je treba zbrati najmanj 50 % točk na oba kolokvija skupaj. Ocene 6-10: pozitivno, ocena 5: negativno.

Delež/Weight Assessment:

The condition for taking the exam is submitted project report (completed exercises). The written exam can be replaced by two colloquia. The second colloquium can be attended by students who have collected at least 40% of points in the first colloquium. For a positive grade, at least 50% of the points in both colloquia must be collected together. Grades 6-10: positive, grade 5: negative.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

Romana Cerc Korošec:

1. P. Galer, R. Cerc Korošec, M. Vidmar, B. Šket. Crystal structures and emission properties of the BF2 complex 1-phenyl-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-propane-1,3-dione : multiple chromisms, aggregation- or

crystallization-induced emission, and the self-assembly effect. *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, 136 (20), 7383-7394, 2014.

2. M. Sluban, N. Rozman, M. Pregelj, C. Bittencourt, R. Cerc Korošec, A. Sever Škapin, A. Mrzel, S. D. Škapin, P. Umek. Transformation of hydrogen titanate nanoribbons to TiO₂ nanoribbons and the influence of the transformation strategies on the photocatalytic performance. *Beilstein journal of nanotechnology*, 6, 831-844, 2015.

3. R. Cerc Korošec, P. Bukovec. Optimisation of the thermal-treatment of chemically prepared electrochromic nickel oxide thin films, their electrochromic properties and structural investigations. V: P.R. SOMANI(ur.). Chromic materials, phenomena and their technological applications, (Multifunctional materials and devices). Pune: Applied Science Innovations Private Limited, str. 241-282, 2010.

Anton Meden:

1. M. Vidmar, A. Golobič, A. Meden, D. Suvorov, S. D. Škapin. Sub-solidus phase relations and a structure determination of new phases in the CaO-La₂O₃-TiO₂ system. *Journal of the European ceramic society*, 35, 2801-2814, 2015.

2. Y. Sadikin, K. Stare, P. Schouwink, M. B. Ley, T. Jensen, A. Meden, R. Černy. Alkali metal - yttrium borohydrides : the link between coordination of small and large rare-earth. *Journal of solid state chemistry*, 225, 231-239, 2015.

3. F. Zupanič, B. Markoli, I. Naglič, T. Weingaertner, A. Meden, T. Bončina. Phases in the Al-corner of the Al-Mn-Be system. *Microscopy and microanalysis*, 19(5), 1308-1316, 2013.

SPEKTROKEMIJSKA ANALIZA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Spektrokemijska analiza
Course title:	SPECTROCHEMICAL ANALYSIS
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski (od študijskega leta 2023/2024 dalje)	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0100348
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	K2I12

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	30	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	izr. prof. dr. Drago Kočar
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina:	Content (Syllabus outline):
Teoretske osnove optične spektroskopije Vrste prehodov (Zasedenost stanj in verjetnost prehodov), Vplivi na širino spektralnih črt in njihovo intenziteto. Spektrokemijske meritve; obravnava razmerja signal/šum, pristopi optimiranja.	Theoretical basis of optical spectroscopy Electronic states of atoms, spectral line profiles, spectral lines intensities. Spectrochemical measurements; signal-to noise considerations in spectroscopy, optimization approaches.
Uvajanje vzorcev v atomski spektroskopiji (tekočine, trdne snovi, plini) konvencionalni in sodobni pristopi (razpršilniki, elektrotermično odparevanje, laserska ablacija), hidridne tehnike.	Sample introduction to atomic spectrometry (liquids, solids and gases); conventional and modern approaches (aerosol formation, electrothermal vaporization and laser ablation), hydride techniques.
Pretočni sistemi v atomski spektroskopiji Teoretski in praktični vidiki; Separacijski in koncentracijski pristopi v pretočni spektroskopski analizi.	Flow injection analysis in atomic spectroscopy; theoretical aspects and its role in separation and preconcentration procedures.
	New concepts of atomic absorption spectrometry; high resolution continuum source AAS.

<p>Novejši vidiki atomske aborpcijske spektrometrije- večelementna atomska absorpcijska spektrometrija.</p> <p>Značilnosti visokotemperurnih izvorov v spektrometriji – induktivno sklopljena plazma (ICP), mikrovalovna plazma (MP), iskra, »glow discharge« (elektronska gostota, vertikalni profili, mehanizmi vzbujanja in ionizacije...).</p> <p>Optična emisijska in elementna masna spektrometrija z induktivno sklopljeno plazmo; spektralne in nespektralne motnje, njihova kontrola in zmanjševanje, optimizacija instrumentalnih pogojev, pomen interne standarizacije.</p> <p>Rentgenska spektrometrija s totalnim odbojem; značilnosti, instrumentacija, praktična uporaba.</p> <p>Spektroskopske tehnike za karakterizacijo površin</p> <p>Analizne aplikacije spektroskopskih tehnik; semikvantitativna analiza, kvantitativna analiza, analiza trdnih vzorcev, speciacijska analitika s poudarkom na uporabi ICP-MS in povezavi s kromatografskimi tehnikami, izotopska analiza, analiza površin.</p>	<p>Characteristics of high temperature sources in spectrometry - inductively coupled plasma (ICO), microwave plasma (MP), spark source, glow discharge (temperature, electronic density, vertical profile, mechanisms of excitation...).</p> <p>ICP atomic emission and elemental mass spectrometry; spectral and nonspectral interferences, selection of analytical spectral lines, optimization of instrumental parameters, importance of internal standardisation.</p> <p>Total reflection X-ray spectrometry; characteristics, instrumentation, practical application.</p> <p>Spectroscopic techniques for characterization of surfaces.</p> <p>Analytical applications of spectroscopic techniques: semiquantitative and quantitative analysis, analysis of solid samples, speciation analysis with focus on the use of inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry coupled with chromatographic techniques, isotope analysis, surface analysis.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- J. Ingle, S.R. Crouch, Spectrochemical Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc., 1992
- A. Montaser, D.W. Golightly: Induced Coupled Plasma in Analytical Spectrometry, VCH Publishers
- J. Sneddon: Sample introduction in Atomic Spectroscopy, Elsevier 1990.
- E. P. Bertin: Introduction to X-ray Spectrometric Analysis, Plenum Press, N.Y.
- J. L. Burguerra: Flow Injection Atomic Spectroscopy, Marcel Dekker

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Študenti spoznajo teoretske osnove sodobnih spektroskopskih metod.

Kompetence: Pridobijo nekatere praktične izkušnje za delo z zahtevno instrumentacijo.

Objectives and competences:

Students will acquire theoretical knowledge of modern spectroscopic methods.

Competences: They will get some practical skills using of demanding instrumentation.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

V teoretskem delu pridobijo študenti potrebna teoretska znanja, ki so osnova za reševanje različnih praktičnih problemov.

Uporaba

Pridobljeno znanje je osnova za uspešno opravljanje razvojno raziskovalnega dela na področju zahtevne analitike v različnih okoljih (okoljski laboratoriji, zahtevnejše tehnologije, biomedicinske aplikacije).

Refleksija

Študentje pridobijo znanja za kritično vrednotenje in interpretacijo spektroskopskih podatkov ter vlogo teh metod pri karakterizaciji sodobnih materialov, vzorcev iz okolja in bioloških vzorcev.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Študentje se naučijo iskati in uporabljati primarno literaturo. Naučijo se kritične analize literature,

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Students will gain theoretical knowledge which is the basis for solution analytical problems using spectroscopic methods.

Application

The obtained knowledge is basis to perform spectroscopic measurements in different research areas (environmental laboratories, modern technologies, biomedical applications).

Analysis

Students will gain knowledge and experiences for critical evaluation and interpretation of spectroscopic data and the role of these methods for characterization of new materials and for analysis of environmental and biological samples.

Skill-transference Ability

sinteze podatkov, pisanja kritičnih preglednih pisnih izdelkov, ustnega poročanja.	Students will be able to find select and use relevant literature, they will be trained to write scientific reviews and to present scientific reports.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji, laboratorijske vaje.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars and laboratory work.

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež/Weight	Assessment:
Pisni seminar s predstavljivijo,	40,00 %	Written seminar project with oral presentation in front of the students,
Pisno poročilo o eksperimentalnem delu,	10,00 %	Report on practical work,
Ustni izpit	50,00 %	Oral examination

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. ŠTEFANE, Bogdan, GROŠELJ, Uroš, SVETE, Jurij, POŽGAN, Franc, **KOČAR, Drago**, BRODNIK ŽUGELJ, Helena. The influence of the quinoline moiety on direct Pd-catalyzed arylation of five-membered heterocycles. European journal of organic chemistry. 23 Jan. 2019, vol. 2019, iss. 2/3, str. 432-441, ilustr. ISSN 1434-193X. [COBISS.SI-ID 1537958339]
2. ŠČAVNIČAR, Andrej, ROGELJ, Irena, **KOČAR, Drago**, KÖSE, Sevim, POMPE, Matevž. Determination of biogenic amines in cheese by ion chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry detection. Journal of AOAC International. 2018, vol. 101, no. 5, str. 1542-1547, ilustr. ISSN 1060-3271. [COBISS.SI-ID 1537748419]
3. LAVRIČ, Simona, **KOČAR, Drago**, MIHELIČ, Igor, BRAYBROOK, Carl. Accurate mass determination of melamine-formaldehyde synthetic polymers after separation on preparative HPLC. Progress in organic coatings. [Print ed.]. 2015, vol. 81, no. 1, str. 27-34. ISSN 0300-9440. [COBISS.SI-ID 1536399043]

TERMIČNA ANALIZA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Termična analiza
Course title:	Thermal analysis
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0072226
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code: K2I05

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
15	15	45 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Romana Cerc Korošec

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional

Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.

Prerequisites:

The course has to be assigned to the student.

Vsebina:

- Definicija pojma termična analiza. Termogravimetrija (TG), diferenčna termična analiza (DTA) in diferenčna dinamična kalorimetrija (DSC) – princip merjenja. Komplementarnost TG in DSC metode (termični razpad/fazni prehod).
- Teoretske osnove termičnega razpada trdnih snovi; bazna linija pri TG in DSC krivulji.
- Temperaturna kalibracija termoanalizatorja, kalibracija DSC instrumenta; fleksibilna kalibracija.
- Analiza eksperimentalnih podatkov izmerjenih TG in DSC krivulj vzorcev z znano sestavo, primerjava z objavljenimi TG krivuljami; kvalitativna in kvantitativna analiza preprostih in kompleksnejših zmesi.

Content (Syllabus outline):

- Definition of the concept “thermal analysis”. Thermogravimetry (TG); differential thermal analysis (DTA) and dynamic scanning calorimetry (DSC). TG and DSC as complementary methods (thermal decomposition/phase transition).
- Thermal decomposition of solids (theoretical principles), baseline of TG and DSC curve.
- Temperature calibration thermoanalyser, calibration of a DSC instrument, flexible calibration.
- Analysis of experimental data from TG and DSC curves, obtained from the compounds with a known composition; comparison with the published curves. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of simple and more complex mixtures.

5. Termična analiza polimernih materialov - steklast prehod, hladna kristalizacija, spremljanje polikondenzacije duroplastnih materialov z visokotlačno DSC, termična stabilnost polimerov.
6. Termična analiza tankih plasti – posebnosti in priprava vzorca za merjenje.
7. Termična analiza kot orodje za študij materialov in optimiranje njihove toplotne obdelave; analiza farmacevtskih substanc, eksplozivnih snovi, kompozitnih materialov; primeri optimiranja toplotne obdelave materialov.
8. Pulzna termična analiza .
9. Osnove termomehanske analize in dinamične mehanske analize.
10. Analiza sproščenih plinov s sklopitvijo termogravimetrija – masna spektrometrija in termogravimetrija-infrardeča spektroskopija.

Študentje se najprej seznanijo s teoretskimi osnovami termične analize in nato vsebino preverijo na eksperimentalnih vajah v obliki projektnega dela, ki se nanaša na vsebino študentove usmeritve.

5. Thermal analysis of polymeric materials (glass transition, cold crystallisation, following the condensation reaction of thermosets using high pressure DSC, thermal stability of polymers).
6. Thermal analysis of thin films – peculiarities and sample preparation.
7. Thermal analysis as a tool for studying materials and optimisation of their thermal treatment. Analysis of different types of materials including pharmaceutical substances, explosives and composites. Optimization of thermal treatment of materials (examples).
8. Pulse Thermal analysis.
9. Principles of thermomechanical and dynamic mechanical analysis.
10. Evolved gas analysis using coupled thermogravimetry-mass spectrometry and thermogravimetry-infrared spectroscopy techniques.

At the beginning of the course, the students are introduced to the theoretical principles of thermal analysis. These are then explored during experimental practice in the form of project work, which is related to the student's specialisation.

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Handbook of Thermal Analysis and Calorimetry, Vol. 1 (Principles and Practice), M. E: Brown (urednik), Elsevier, Amsterdam 1998.
- Thermal methods; analytical chemistry by open learning, J. W. Dodd, K. H. Tonge, Chichester 1987.
- T. Leskelä: Thermoanalytical techniques in the study of inorganic materials, Dissertation, Helsinki 1996.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Spozna teoretske osnove termične analize in njeni uporabo na raznovrstnih področjih znanosti in tehnologije.

Kompetence: Obvlada principe v termične analize in jih zna uporabljati v praksi.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Understanding of the basic theoretical principles of thermal analysis and the ability to use this method in different fields of science and technology.

Competences: Mastering the principles of thermal analysis and the ability to use them in practice.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Študent osvoji in zna uporabljati osnovne principe termične analize (izvesti meritev, prebrati in komentirati rezultat). S pomočjo literature se nauči termično analizo uporabiti za reševanje kompleksnih problemov.

Uporaba

Pridobljeno znanje zna povezati in uporabiti pri reševanju določenih problemov pri anorganskih in polimernih materialih ter farmacevtskih substancah, pri načrtovanju in optimiranju procesov v proizvodnji, ki so povezani s termično obdelavo in kontrolo kakovosti v industriji. Dobljene rezultate je sposoben kritično ovrednotiti.

Refleksija

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

Applying the acquired knowledge, the student can use basic principles of thermal analysis (performing measurement, interpret and comment a result). Thermal analysis can be used for solving more complex issues with the aid of references.

Application

Ability to merge the acquired knowledge and skills in order to solve certain issues in the field of inorganic and polymeric materials, pharmaceutical substances, for planning and optimising industrial processes connected with thermal treatment or quality control. Ability to critically evaluate the results obtained.

Analysis

Študent je sposoben uporabiti metode termične analize v praksi. Na osnovi pridobljenega znanja je sposoben kritično ovrednotiti izmerjene rezultate in jih primerjati z literturnimi podatki.

Prenosljive spremnosti

Študent zna uporabljati literaturne podatke, načrtovati izvedbo meritev za reševanje določenega problema in povezovati teorijo s prakso. Kadar je potrebno, zna za reševanje problema v kombinaciji s termično analizo uporabiti dodatne metode

npr. spektroskopske in rentgensko difrakcijo. Na ta način spozna povezanost različnih področij. Ustno in pisno zna poročati o rezultatih meritev, jih kritično analizirati, primerjati z literturnimi podatki ter komentirati morebitna odstopanja.

Use the methods of thermal analysis in practice. On the basis of the knowledge acquired, the student is able to evaluate measured results and compare them with literature data.

Skill-transference Ability

Ability to use literature data, plan the execution of measurements to solve specific problems, and link theory with practice. Combining thermal methods with additional ones, i.e. spectroscopic and x-ray diffraction, when required. Thus, the student becomes acquainted with the interconnectedness of different fields.

The student can report on the results of measurements in oral and written form, critically analyse them, compare them with literature data and comment on possible deviations.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanje
- problemsko delo na seminarjih
- laboratorijske vaje: meritve
- Priprava, izvedba in predstavitev projekta

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures
- Coursework during seminars
- Laboratory practice: measurements
- Project preparation and presentation

Načini ocenjevanja:

-pisni izpit
ocena kolokvija iz vaj (50 %); v primeru izvajanja projektnih nalog pa se bo 50 % delež ocene iz vaj razdelil na 20 % ocene projektnega dela in 30 % ocene iz kolokvija.

Delež/Weight

50,00 %

50,00 %

Assessment:

-written examination

- colloquium (20 % project work, 30 % colloquium)

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- R. Cerc Korošec, P. Bukovec, B. Pihlar, J. Padežnik Gomilšek: The role of thermal analysis in optimization of the electrochromic effect of nickel oxide thin films, prepared by the sol-gel method. Part 1. - *Thermochim. acta* **2003**, *402*, 57-67.
- R. Cerc Korošec, P. Bukovec: The role of thermal analysis in optimization of the electrochromic effect of nickel oxide thin films, prepared by the sol-gel method. Part 2. - *Thermochim. acta* **2004**, *410*, 65-71.
- R. Cerc Korošec, P. Kajtič, P. Bukovec: Determination of water, ammonium nitrate and sodium nitrate content in »water-in-oil« emulsions using thermogravimetry and dynamic scanning calorimetry. - *J. therm. anal. calorim.* **2007**, *89*, 619 – 624.

TRAJNOSTNA ORGANSKA KEMIJA

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Trajnostna organska kemija
Course title:	Sustainable Organic Chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik	1. semester, 2. semester	izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code: 0642774

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	30	15 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer: prof. dr. Jernej Iskra

Vrsta predmeta/Course type: izbirni/elective

Jeziki/Languages:

Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina
Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

V predmet se lahko vključijo študenti magistrskega študijskega programa Kemija, ki so vključeni v projekt "Ustvarjanje digitalnega študijskega okolja za trajnostno kemijo" (DigiChem). Lahko se vključijo tudi drugi študenti na magistrskem študijskem programu Kemija in tuji študenti na mednarodni izmenjavi na UL.

Pogoji za pristop k izpitu: prisotnost in udeležba na predavanjih (min. 75 %) ter seminarjih in v laboratoriju (100 %), pisna seminarska in laboratorijska poročila.

Prerequisites:

The course is available for students of the Master Study Program Chemistry who are part of the project "Creating a Digital Study Environment for Sustainable Chemistry" (DigiChem). It is available also to other students on the study programme Chemistry 2nd cycle and foreign international exchange students as well.

Conditions for taking the exam: attendance and participation on lectures (75% min) and seminars and lab (100%), written seminars and laboratory reports.

Vsebina:

Osnovni koncepti zelene in trajnostne kemije ter njen razvoj.

Pregled alternativnih virov aktivacije kemijske reakcije (mikrovalovi, ultrazvok, svetloba...), njihovo delovanje in uporaba v organski kemiji.

Principi uporabe fotokemije in fotokatalize v sintezi organskih molekul.

Content (Syllabus outline):

Basic concepts of green and sustainable chemistry and the evolution of the field.

Overview of alternative modes of activation of chemical reactions (microwaves, ultrasound, light...), their mode of action and use in organic chemistry.

Principles of photochemistry and photocatalysis for the synthesis of organic molecules.

<p>Uporaba mehanokemije za selektivne pretvorbe organskih molekul.</p> <p>Principi delovanja elektrokemije in njena uporaba v organski sintezi.</p> <p>Osnove pretočnih sistemov in njihov dizajn za aplikacijo v sintezi.</p> <p>Homogeni in heterogeni katalizatorji za razvoj zelenih/trajnostnih kemijskih procesov.</p> <p>Vrednotenje uporabe organskih topil in pregled razvoja alternativnih topil (nova topila iz biomase, ionske tekočine, evtektična topila, voda...).</p> <p>Biomasa kot vir industrijskih kemikalij in analiza trajnostnega vidika uporabe biomase v industriji.</p> <p>Biorafinerije in njihov koncept za valorizacijo biomase v uporabne kemikalije in materiale. Osnovne platforme kemikalij iz biomase.</p> <p>Primeri zelene kemije v farmacevtski industriji.</p> <p>Metrika zelene kemije za valorizacijo kemijskih reakcij in procesov.</p> <p>Kvantitativno in kvalitativno ovrednotenje okoljskega potenciala kemijskih procesov.</p> <p>Aplikacija znanja o zeleni kemiji za trajnostni dizajn procesov.</p>	<p>Application of mechanochemistry for selective transformation of organic molecules.</p> <p>Principles of electrochemistry and their application in organic synthesis.</p> <p>Design of flow systems for their application in synthesis.</p> <p>Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts for the development of green/sustainable chemical processes.</p> <p>Valorization of the use of organic solvents and an overview of the development of alternative solvents (new solvents from biomass resources, ionic liquids, deep eutectic salts, water...).</p> <p>Biomass as a source of industrial chemicals and an analysis of the sustainable use of biomass for industry.</p> <p>Biorefinery concept for valorization of biomass to useful chemicals and materials.</p> <p>Basic platform of chemicals from biomass.</p> <p>Examples of green chemistry in the pharmaceutical industry.</p> <p>Green chemistry metrics for valorization of chemical reactions and processes.</p> <p>Quantitative and qualitative evaluation of the environmental potential of chemical processes.</p> <p>Application of green chemistry principles to the design of sustainable chemical processes.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Gradivo za predmet, ki ga pripravi učitelj in je na voljo v spletni učilnici/Course materials prepared by the course teacher, available through the course website.
- *Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text*, 3rd Edition M. Lancaster, RSC Publishing, 2016.
- *Green Chemistry: Fundamentals and Applications*, S. C. Ameta, R. Ameta (Eds.), CRC Press, 2014.
- *Introduction to Chemicals from Biomass*, J. Clark, F. Deswarthe (Eds.), Wiley, 2008.
- *Green Chemistry Metrics: A Guide to Determining and Evaluating Process Greenness*, A. P. Dicks, A. Hent, Springer, 2015.

Cilji in kompetence:

Seznaniti študente s trajnostnimi vidiki organske kemije in razviti razumevanje povezanih izzivov in priložnosti.
Študent bo pridobil specifično teoretično znanje in praktične spretnosti, povezane s trajnostnimi načini izvajanja kemijskih reakcij, s poudarkom na alternativnih topilih, alternativnih načinih aktivacije in izvedbe (mikrovalovi, ultrazvok, fotokemija, elektrokemija, mehanokemija).
Študent bo spoznal orodja za kvantitativno in kvalitativno vrednotenje trajnostnega potenciala kemijskih procesov.

Objectives and competences:

To introduce students to sustainable organic chemistry, and to develop understanding of related challenges and opportunities.
To adopt specific theoretical knowledge and practical skills related to the sustainable chemical transformations with an emphasis on alternative solvents, alternative modes of activation and use (microwaves, ultrasound, photochemistry, electrochemistry, mechanochemistry).
To adopt tools for quantitative and qualitative evaluation of sustainable potential of chemical processes.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

- Povezati vire in razpoložljive tehnologije za dizajn trajnostnih kemijskih procesov.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

- Correlate sources and available technologies for designing sustainable chemical processes.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Razumevanje alternativnih načinov izvedbe kemijskih pretvorb. - Povezati kvantitativna in kvalitativna merila za ovrednotenje trajnostnega potenciala kemijskega procesa. - Opredeliti glavne vire iz biomase in njihovo valorizacijo za uporabne kemikalije in materiale. <p><i>Uporaba</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ugotavljanje in ocenjevanje okoljskih parametrov kemijskega procesa. - Dizajn trajnostnega kemijskega procesa. - Trajnostna izraba biomase za uporabne kemikalije in materiale. <p><i>Refleksija</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Razpravljanje o značilnostih različnih metod trajnostne izvedbe kemijske transformacije. - Analiza vpliva posameznih reakcijskih komponent in izolacijskih postopkov na trajnostne parametre kemijskega procesa. <p><i>Prenosljive spremnosti</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Razvoj kritične presoje in ocene postopkov ali procesov z vidika trajnostnih standardov. - Uporaba naprednih laboratorijskih postopkov za sintezo novih produktov in ustvarjanje trajnostnih procesov. - Uporabljati različne sintezne tehnike in postopke pri ustvarjalnem reševanju sinteznih izzivov in predlagati trajnostne rešitve. - Presoja vpliva industrijskega izkoriščanja biomase in razvoj trajnostnih procesov uporabe biomase. - Samostojno organizirati in načrtovati časovni razpored, uporabljati splošno metodologijo za načrtovanje in vodenje projektov v poslovнем okolju. - Izdelati kritično analizo, oceno in interpretacijo osebnih rezultatov ter jih primerjati z obstoječimi podatki v znanstveni in strokovni literaturi. - Jasno in skladno predstaviti rezultate samostojnega in skupinskega dela v pisni in ustni obliki nestrokovnjakom in strokovnjakom. - Komunicirati z znanstveno in strokovno skupnostjo ter družbo na splošno v lokalnem in mednarodnem okolju. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Comprehension of alternative modes of performing chemical transformations. - Correlate quantitative and qualitative measures to evaluate the sustainable potential of chemical processes. - Define major sources of biomass and their valorization for useful chemicals and materials. <p><i>Application</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identify and evaluate the environmental parameters of a chemical process. - Design a sustainable chemical process. - Sustainable utilisation of biomass for useful chemicals and materials. <p><i>Analysis</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Discuss the characteristics of different types of sustainable chemical transformation. - Analyse the influence of reaction components and isolation procedures on the sustainable parameters of a chemical process. <p><i>Skill-Transference Ability</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Develop critical judgement and evaluate processes in terms of sustainable standards. - Apply advanced laboratory techniques to synthesise new products and develop sustainable processes. - Apply various synthesis techniques and processes in creative problem solving of synthetic challenges to propose sustainable technological solutions. - Evaluate industrial uses of biomass and develop processes for their sustainable use. - Independently organise and plan schedules, applying a general methodology for project planning and management in a business environment. - Prepare a critical analysis, evaluation and interpretation of own results and compare them with existing data in scientific and professional literature. - Present the results of independent and team work clearly and coherently in written and oral form to lay and expert audiences. - Communicate with the scientific and professional community and society in local and international settings.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, seminarji in delavnice, vaje, delno e-učenje, samostojne naloge, multimedia in internet, laboratorij.

Izvajanje na daljavo: 40 ur (predavanja in seminar).

Izvajanje na UL: 35 ur (vaje, seminar in predavanja).

Za študente, ki se ne bodo mogli udeležiti predmeta v živo, bodo vse aktivnosti dostopne on-line.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, seminars and workshops, exercises, partial e-learning, independent assignments, multimedia and the internet, laboratory.

On-line: 40 hours (lectures, seminar).

In person: 35 hours (practical work, seminar, lectures). On-line material will be available to students that will not be able to attend the course in person.

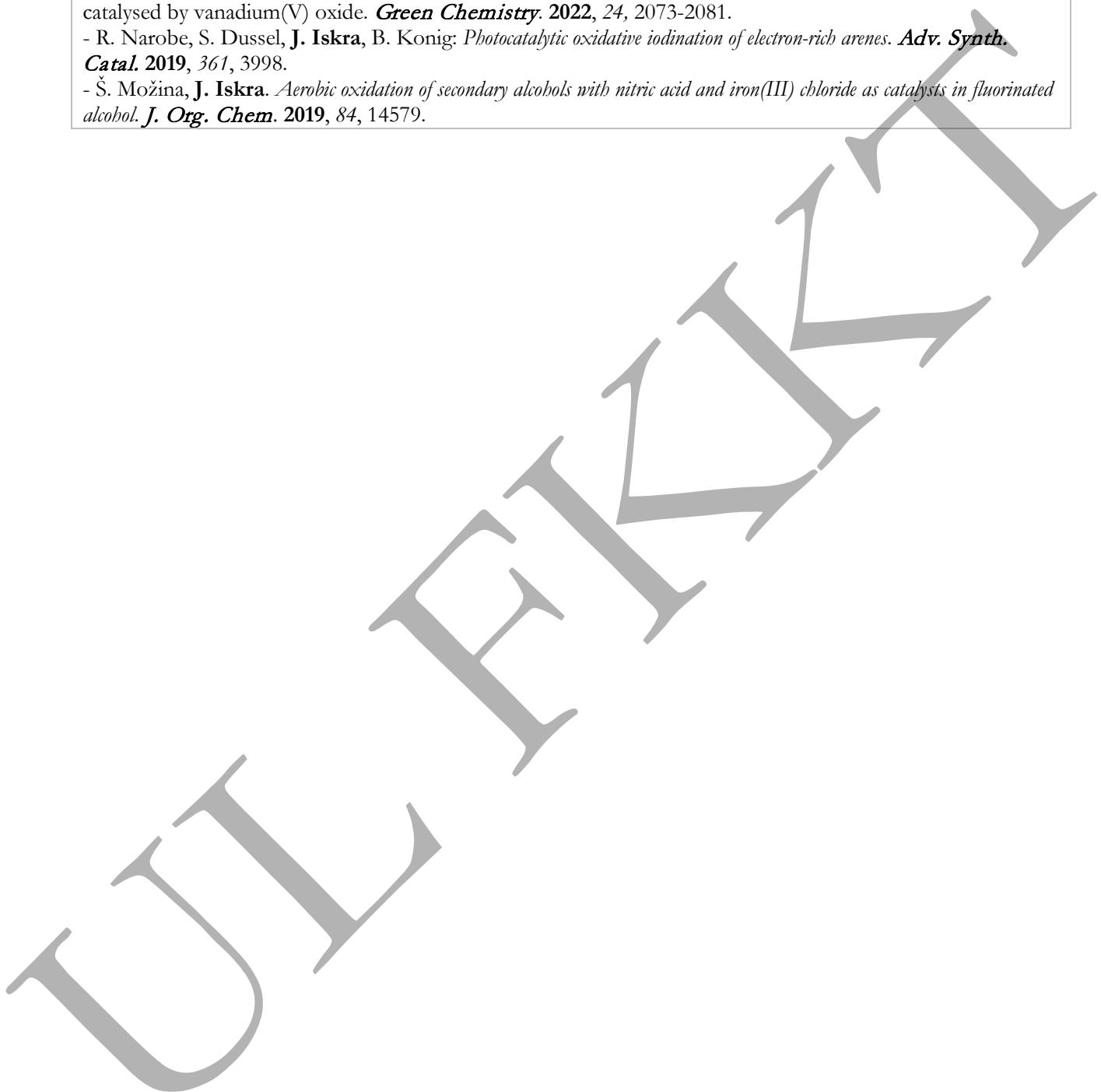
Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight Assessment:

Ustni izpit.	70,00 %	Oral examination.
Seminar, uspešno opravljene laboratorijske vaje.	30,00 %	Seminar, successful completion of laboratory exercises.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- M. Horvat, J. Iskra: Oxidative cleavage of C–C double bond in cinnamic acids with hydrogen peroxide catalysed by vanadium(V) oxide. *Green Chemistry*. 2022, 24, 2073-2081.
- R. Narobe, S. Dussel, J. Iskra, B. Konig: Photocatalytic oxidative iodination of electron-rich arenes. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* 2019, 361, 3998.
- Š. Možina, J. Iskra. Aerobic oxidation of secondary alcohols with nitric acid and iron(III) chloride as catalysts in fluorinated alcohol. *J. Org. Chem.* 2019, 84, 14579.



UPORABA NUMERIČNIH METOD V KEMIJI

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Uporaba numeričnih metod v kemiji
Course title:	Numerical methods in chemistry
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik	1. semester	obvezni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0072227
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	KE212S

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	prof. dr. Jurij Reščič
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	obvezni/Mandatory
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	Prerequisites: The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Vsebina: Ponovitev in obravnavanje matematičnih orodij na splošno s poudarkom na konkretnih numeričnih primerih s področja kemije. Uporaba nekaterih splošno uporabljenih programov (npr. Microsoft Excel) pri reševanju v nadaljevanju opisanih numeričnih problemov. Osnovne programiranja v enem izmed višenivojskih programskega jezikov, v katerih je napisana večina programske opreme, ki se uporablja v kemiji (Python, Fortran, C). Razčlenitev problema, prikaz poteka reševanja z blokovno shemo, opis in razlaga izbranega algoritma za dani problem ter konstruiranje računalniškega programa. Zaokrožitvene napake, statistični račun, regresijska analiza (korelačijski koeficienti), računanje s pomočjo	Content (Syllabus outline): Introduction into mathematical tools with applications to computational problems found mostly in chemistry. Demonstration of usage of common software (e.g. Microsoft Excel) for scientific data processing and interpretation. Basics of high -level programming language used in science (Python, Fortran and/or C). Decomposition of a given problem, block diagram flowchart, description of a chosen algorithm used to solve the problem, and designing appropriate computer code. Main topics: rounding errors, statistical analysis (mean value, standard deviation), linear regression analysis
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<p>rekurzivskih formul, reševanje sistemov linearnih enačb.</p> <p>Matrike, inverzija matrik, lastni vektorji in lastne vrednosti matrik, LU razcep, numerično reševanje nelinearnih enačb in sistema nelinearnih enačb, numerično integriranje (trapezna in Simpsonova formula, metoda Monte Carlo), numerično odvajanje, interpolacija, naključna števila, iskanje ekstremov funkcij ene in več spremenljivk (metoda zlatega reza, gradientna in simplex metoda).</p> <p>Numerično reševanje diferencialnih enačb 1. in 2. reda (metoda Runge-Kutta, metoda prediktor-korektor), numerično reševanje sistema diferencialnih enačb. Začetni in robni problemi. Parcialne diferencialne enačbe (difuzijska, valovna, Poissonova).</p> <p>Diskretna Fourierova transformacija in njena uporaba pri analizi signalov merilnih instrumentov.</p>	<p>and correlation coefficients, recursion formulae, interpolation, systems of linear equations, matrices, inversion of matrices, eigenvectors and eigenvalues, LU decomposition, solving nonlinear equations, numerical integration (Trapezoidal and Simpson's rule, Monte Carlo method), numerical differentiation, interpolation, random numbers, minimization of functions of a single and multiple variables (golden ratio search, gradient and Simplex method).</p> <p>Numerical solving of differential equations of 1st and 2nd order (Euler's method, Runge-Kutta method, predictor-corrector method), systems of differential equations.</p> <p>Initial and boundary value problems.</p> <p>Partial differential equations (diffusion, wave, and Poisson's equation).</p> <p>Discrete Fourier transform and its usage in signal analysis, autocorrelation.</p>
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Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- B. Plestenjak, Razširjen uvod v numerične metode, DMFA, Ljubljana, 2015, (15%).
- John H. Mathews, Kurtis D. Fink, Numerical methods using MATLAB 4th ed., Prentice Hall, 2004. (10%)
- W. H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling and B.P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C/Fortran, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994. (10%)
- E. Joseph Billlo, Excel for Chemists 2nded., Wiley, New York 2001. (10%)
- J. Reščič in T. Urbič, Numerične metode-praktikum, FKKT, Ljubljana, 2015.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Pri predmetu naj bi študent dobil teoretično podlago in praktične izkušnje za samostojno reševanje matematično-fizikalnih problemov z različnih področij znanosti in tehnike s posebnim poudarkom na kemiji, in to z uporabo računalnika.

Kompetence: Praktično naj bi se naučil osnov programiranja v enem izmed višenivojskih programskeh jezikov ter spoznal osnovne algoritme, ki se uporabljajo pri numeričnem reševanju raznih problemov. Seznanil pa naj bi se tudi s stanjem in problematiko numeričnega računanja na področjih, ki mejijo na kemijo.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Understanding of basic methods and algorithms used in solving computational problems encountered in various fields of chemistry.

Competences: To learn basics of one of higher-level programming languages used for data analysis and high-performance computing. Usage of common software to present and interpret experimental data.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje

Predmet je namenjen seznanjanju z osnovnimi metodami za reševanje numeričnih problemov v naravoslovju in tehniki s posebnim poudarkom na kemiji. Študent se nauči identificirati problem, ga razčleniti in potem rešiti s pomočjo računalniškega programa, ki ga skonstruira sam.

Uporaba

Uporabnost pridobljenega znanja je zelo široka in nikakor ni omejena samo na kemijo. Študent se je sposoben spoprijeti skoraj z vsakim numeričnim problemom, na katerega naleti med študijem ali pozneje, neodvisno od področja znanosti.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension

The subject is aimed toward basic numerical methods commonly used throughout various natural sciences and especially in chemistry. A student learns to identify the problem, dissect it, and solve it using a self-developer computer program or algorithm.

Application

The acquired knowledge is widely applicable and is not only chemistry-related. A student is able to solve problems encountered during the study and later, independent on the field of science.

Analysis

<p>Refleksija Študent pridobi občutek, da se je sposoben lotiti poljubnega numeričnega problema, za katerega še ni (ali pa ne pozna) napisanega računalniškega programa.</p> <p>Prenosljive spretnosti Spretnosti in znanje, ki si ga študent pridobi pri predmetu, so v največji meri splošne in prenosljive, uporabne na vseh področjih znanosti in tehnike, kjer so podatki in rezultati podani v numerični obliki.</p>	<p>A student becomes confident about her/his ability to solve a given numerical problem using a computer program developer on her/his own. Skill-transference Ability Acquired knowledge and skills are general and can therefore be used in other scientific or technical fields where numerical data are commonly used and processed.</p>
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja.
- Praktične vaje na računalniku.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures and computer lab course.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Pisni izpit. Ocene: 6-10 (pozitivno), 1-5 (negativno) ob upoštevanju Statuta UL in fakultetnih pravil.

Delež/Weight

Assessment:

Written exam.

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

1. REŠČIČ, J., LINSE, P. MOLSIM: A modular molecular simulation software. *Journal of Computational Chemistry*, 2015, vol. 36(16), str. 1259–1274.
2. REŠČIČ, J., LINSE, P. Potential of mean force between charged colloids: effect of dielectric discontinuities. *J. Chem. Phys.*, 2008, vol. 129(11), art. no. 114505.
3. KALYUZHNYI, Y.V., REŠČIČ, J., HOLOVKO, M., CUMMINGS, P.T. Primitive models of room temperature ionic liquids. Liquid-gas phase coexistence. *Journal of Molecular Liquids*, 2018, vol. 270, str. 7–13.
4. BOHINC, K., REŠČIČ, J., MASET, S., MAY, S. Debye-Hückel theory for mixtures of rigid rodlike ions and salt. *The Journal of chemical physics*, 2011, vol. 134(7), art. no. 074111.

VODE KOT HIDROGEOLOŠKI, EKOLOŠKI IN ANALIZNI SISTEM

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Vode kot hidrogeološki, ekološki in analizni sistem
Course title:	Water as a hydrogeological, ecological and analytical system
Članica nosilka/UL	UL FKKT
Member:	

Študijski programi in stopnja	Študijska smer	Letnik	Semestri	Izbirnost
Kemija, druga stopnja, magistrski	Ni členitve (študijski program)	1. letnik, 2. letnik		izbirni

Univerzitetna koda predmeta/University course code:	0072228
Koda učne enote na članici/UL Member course code:	K2I14

Predavanja /Lectures	Seminar /Seminar	Vaje /Tutorials	Klinične vaje /Clinical tutorials	Druge oblike študija /Other forms of study	Samostojno delo /Individual student work	ECTS
30	15	30 LV			75	5

Nosilec predmeta/Lecturer:	doc. dr. Nataša Gros
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Vrsta predmeta/Course type:	izbirni strokovni/Elective Professional
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Jeziki/Languages:	Predavanja/Lectures:	Angleščina, Slovenščina
	Vaje/Tutorial:	Angleščina, Slovenščina

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Študent oz. kandidat mora imeti predmet opredeljen kot študijsko obveznost.	The course has to be assigned to the student.
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Prerequisites:

Vsebina:	Content (Syllabus outline):
<p>KAKOVOST VOD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -karakterizacija vodnih virov -definicije povezane s kakovostjo vod -antropogeni vplivi na kakovost vod -polutacija - izvori in poti -prostorske in časovne spremembe -ekonomski razvoj in kakovost vod <p>STRATEGIJE OCENJEVANJA KAKOVOSTI VOD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -proces ocenjevanja kakovosti vod -značilni primeri programov spremljanja kakovosti vod -načrtovanje programov ocenjevanja -implementacija programov ocenjevanja kakovosti vod -vrednotenje rezultatov 	<p>WATER QUALITY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • characterisation of water bodies • definitions related to water quality • anthropogenic impacts on water quality • pollutant sources and pathways • spatial and temporal variations • economic development and water quality <p>STRATEGIES FOR WATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • water quality assessment process • typical water quality monitoring programmes • design of assessment programmes • implementation of water quality assessment programmes • data processing • data quality control

- nadzor nad kakovostjo podatkov
- interpretacija rezultatov

IZBIRA SPREMENLJIVK KAKOVOSTI VOD

- hidrološke spremenljivke
- splošne spremenljivke
- hranilne snovi
- organska snov
- prevladujoči ioni
- druge anorganske spremenljivke
- kovine
- organski kontaminanti
- mikrobiološki indikatorji
- izbira spremenljivk

PODTALNICA

- značilnosti vodonosnikov
- interakcije voda-prst-kamnina
- vidiki kakovosti podtalnice
- strategije ocenjevanja kakovosti
- primeri ocenjevanj kakovosti podtalnice

REKE

- hidrološke značilnosti
- kemijske značilnosti
- biološke značilnosti
- najpomembnejši vidiki kakovosti rek
- strategije ocenjevanja kakovosti rečnih sistemov
- pristopi k spremjanju in ocenjevanju kakovosti rečnih sistemov – študij primerov

JEZERA

- značilnosti in tipologija
- vidiki kakovosti
- strategije ocenjevanja kakovosti jezer
- pristopi k ocenjevanju jezer – študij primerov

ANALIZA IN INTERPRETACIJA PODATKOV O KAKOVOSTI VOD

- Preverjanje zanesljivosti podatkov (anionsko-kationska bilanca, različna preverjanja, relativni odnosi med ioni)
- Sklepanje na kamninski izvor
- Grafične metode (»Stiff« diagram, Piper diagram)
- Prepoznavanje reakcij v podtalnici

- interpretation

SELECTION OF WATER QUALITY VARIABLES

- hydrological variables
- general variables
- nutrients
- organic matter
- major ions
- other inorganic variables
- metals
- organic contaminants
- microbiological indicators
- selection of variables

GROUNDWATER

- characteristics of groundwater bodies
- watersoil-rock interactions
- ground water quality issues
- assessment strategies
- examples of ground water assessment

RIVERS

- hydrological characteristics
- chemical characteristics
- biological characteristics
- major water quality issues in rivers
- strategies for water quality assessment in river systems
- approaches to river monitoring and assessment: case studies

LAKES

- characteristics and typology
- water quality issues
- assessment strategies
- approaches to lake assessment: case studies

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF WATER QUALITY DATA

- reliability of data (anioncation balance, miscellaneous checks, relative amounts of ions reported)
- sourcerock deduction
- graphical methods – “Stiff” diagram, Piper diagram
- ground water reactions

Temeljna literatura in viri/Readings:

- Chapman, D. [Ed] 1996 *Water Quality Assessments – A Guide to Use of Biota, Sediments and Water in Environmental Monitoring – 2nd Edition*. UNESCO/WHO/UNEP, University press, Cambridge. 626 strani (Poglavlja: 1-3, 6-7, 9-10 – skupaj 289 strani)

Dodatna literatura:

- Hounslow, A. W. 1995 *Water Quality Data – Analysis and Interpretation*. Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, New York. (Poglavlja: 1-4)

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilji: Študent se pri predmetu usposobi za načrtovanje in implementacijo programov spremjanja in ocenjevanja kakovosti različnih vodnih virov.

Objectives and competences:

Objectives: Knowledge and understanding necessary for planning and implementing programmes for monitoring and evaluation of water quality.

Kompetence: Sposobnost vrednotenja tovrstnih rezultatov, suveren nadzor nad kakovostjo pridobljenih podatkov ter za interpretacijo rezultatov.	Competences: Ability to evaluate and interpret water quality data.
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Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje
Študent zna spremljati in ocenjevati kakovost različnih vodnih virov.
Uporaba
Uporaba pridobljenih rezultatov za suveren nadzor nad kakovostjo vodnih virov.
Refleksija
Študent ima kritičen odnos do kakovosti vodnih virov.
Prenosljive spremnosti
- sintetično analitično, ustvarjalno mišljenje in reševanje problemov
- fleksibilna uporaba znanja v praksi
- iniciativnost/ ambicioznost,
- osebna odgovornost in odgovornost do skupine,
- vrednota stalnega osebnega strokovnega napredovanja

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Comprehension
Student develops knowledge and comprehension necessary for monitoring and evaluation of water quality of different water bodies.
Application
Student develops ability of using analytical data for water quality evaluation.
Analysis
Student adopts critical attitude towards quality of different water bodies.
Skill-transference Ability
Student fosters:

- abilities of data analysis and synthesis, innovative thinking and problem solving
- abilities of using knowledge flexibly in practice situations
- initiative/ambition
- personal responsibility and responsibility towards a group of peers

skills of monitoring personal professional development.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja in seminar z aktivno udeležbo študentov (razlaga, voden razgovor, diskusija, študij primerov, reševanje problemov);
Seminar: skupinsko in individualno delo povezano s pripravo izhodišč, postavitevjo hipoteze in določitvijo strategije odvzema vzorcev za projektno delo in pisanje z njim povezane seminarske naloge »Ocena kakovosti reke/jezera X in pritokov«, ustna predstavitev izhodišč seminarske naloge.
Terenska vaja s prevzemanjem vlog, pri kateri se študentje praktično usposobijo za odvzem vzorcev vod in dejavnosti na mestu odvzema;
Individualni odvzem vzorcev vod v zvezi s seminarsko nalogo.
Laboratorijske vaje: analiza vzorcev vod, ki so jih študentje odvzeli individualno in so povezani z njihovimi seminarskimi nalogami (za doseganje višje analizne učinkovitosti in razvijanje osebne odgovornosti in odgovornosti do skupine študentje celotno skupino vzorcev vod analizirajo timsko z delitvijo posamezni zadolžitev).
Skupinsko in individualno vrednotenje analiznih rezultatov. Pisanje seminarske naloge, interpretacija rezultatov v povezavi spostavljenemu hipotezo in predhodno poznanimi podatki.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures and seminar with active participation of students: explanations, guided discussions, discussions, case studies and problem solving.
Seminar: students by individual and group work study the context and define the hypotheses of their project entitled "Evaluation of water quality of a selected water body - river/lake X". They design sampling strategies and suggest sampling points and prepare an oral presentation.
Development of skills necessary for water sampling and on-spot measurements.
Water sampling performed individually for the purpose of the project.
Laboratory practical: analyses of water samples which students sampled in the context of their project. For higher laboratory efficiency and developing responsibility towards a group of peers students analyse all water samples by sharing tasks. They evaluate data quality and interpret analytical results in relation to their expectations and hypotheses, and write a project report.

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež/Weight Assessment:

A)	Seminarska naloga	40 %	40,00 %	
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B) Izvedba projekta in predstavitev projektne zasnove	40 %	40,00 %	
C) Ustni izpit	20 %	Skupna ocena mora biti 6 ali več (uspešno).	20,00 %

Reference nosilca/Lecturer's references:

- GROS, Nataša, GORENC, Bogomil. Performance of ion chromatography in the determination of anions and cations in various natural waters with elevated mineralization. *J. chromatogr.*, 1997, vol. 770, str. 119-124.
- GROS, Nataša. The comparison between Slovene and Central European mineral and thermal waters *Acta chim. slov.*, 2003, letn. 50, št. 1, str. 57-66.
- GROS, Nataša, NEMARNIK, Andrej. Accurately determining hydrogen carbonate in water in the presence of or simultaneously with the anions of carboxylic acids. *Acta chim. slov.*, 2007, vol. 54, no. 1, str. 210-215.

